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Page 1 CS/HB 805

(AS PASSED BY THE 1984 LEGISLATURE)

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH & REHABILITATIVE SERVICES

CS/HB 805 House HRS Committee & Rep. Gordon OTHER COMMITTEE OF REFERENCE Appropriations

Relating to Domestic Violence (Passed as CS/SB 495)

SIMILAR/COMPANION BILL; SB 495 (S), HB 610 (S)

June 25, 1984

1 Summary

A. Present Situation

Sections 415.601-415.605, F.S., provide legislative intent, definitions, and describe the process by which spouse abuse centers are certified and funded. "Spouse abuse" is defined as "any assault, battery, or other physical abuse by a person upon his spouse," and the term "spouse" includes persons currently or previously married.

The law directs the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services (HRS) to certify spouse abuse centers to receive funds, to distribute funds to a certified center, and to allocate a uniform base amount to each certified center, in addition to funds allocated according to the number of marriage licenses sold in each center's catchment area. The law further provides that spouse buse centers may be established as private, local, state or federal funds are available and that any local agency or organization may apply for certification and funding

Section 741 30, F.S., authorizes a person to file a petition with the circuit court alleging spouse abuse and requesting a restraining order. A petition may be filed only if the petitioner has previously filed a complaint of spouse abuse with a law enforcement agency. The law requires that certain information be included in the petition and provides a petition form. A restraining order must be served within 24 hours of its issuance and may be issued without a hearing, provided one is held within 20 days if requested by the respondent. The person alleging spouse abuse is not required to have legal representation nor may the issuance of a restraining order be conditioned upon divorce proceedings.

Under the existing law, the violation of a restraining order, which is issued by a circuit court, is a second degree misdemeanor which is handled in county court.

Section 901.15, F.S., specifies conditions under which a law enforcement officer may issue an arrest without a warrant. Such an arrest may be made when the officer has probable cause to believe that a person has committed a battery upon his spouse and he finds evidence of bodily harm or he reasonably believes that there is danger of violence unless the person alleged to have committed the battery is arrested. According to statistics maintained by the Florida Department of Law Enforcement, spouse abuse is one of the most frequent and personally dangerous situations in which offices find themselves. The state's Basic Recruit Training Course contains no specific unit of instruction for handling such investigations.

Certain questions which arise frequently in situations of spouse abuse are not addressed in current law, including whether or not the court can exclude an allegedly abusive spouse from his house prior to a hearing and whether a law enforcement officer can arrest someone without a warrant for the violation of a restraining order in nineteen states, police may issue a warrantless arrest if they have probable cause to believe that an abuser has violated a restraining order. Laws in six states remove discretion and impose a duty to arrest where there is probable cause to believe that spouse abuse has occurred. Almost half the states impose some duties on law

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Page 2 CS/HB 805

enforcement officers responding to domestic disturbance calls, including transporting the victim to a shelter, informing her of her legal options, and staying until the danger has passed. Many of the laws prescribing such police duties or expanding arrest powers immunize law enforcement officers from suits for damages for any action taken in a good faith effort to enforce the law.

- 8 Probable Effect of Proposed Changes
- CS/HB 805 makes the following changes to ss. 415.601-415 608, F.S $^{\circ}$
 - It changes the designation from "spouse abuse" to "domestic violence" and modifies the definition to read "any assault, battery, or criminal sexual conduct against one's spouse
 - It provides for district-based funding, removes statutory restrictions on the allocation of funds, and separates the certification and funding of centers into distinct processes.
 - It reinstates a statutory requirement that an annual report on the incidence of domestic violence be prepared and submitted to the Legislature.
 - 4. It specifies that the basic skills course used for the initial training of law enforcement officers must include at least six hours in handling domestic violence cases and that the Florida Court Education Council must provide such instruction for appropriate circuit court judges.

The bill makes the following changes to s. 741 30,

F.S. .

- It changes the designation from "restraining order" to "injunction for protection"
- It removes the requirement that a person must have filed a complaint of spouse abuse with law enforcement before she can petition the court for relief.
- It specifies that a person may petition for an injunction whether or not she has left her house or there is another legal action pending, and it specifies that bond is not to be required.
- it shortens the prescribed petition form and lists the actions which may be sought by the petitioner
- It directs the clerk of the court to provide simplified forms and to assist a person in filing the petition, if she is not represented by counsel.
- It specifies that filing and service fees are to be waived when a petitioner signs an affidavit stating that she has insufficient funds.
- 7. It directs the court to hold a hearing at the earliest possible time, provides for personal service of the petition and hearing notice upon the respondent, and directs the clerk of the court to give the petitioner a copy of the injunction.

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- 8. It authorizes the court to grant an ex parte temporary order, pending a full hearing; authorizes certain relief which the court may provide in addition to any relief the court deems proper; authorizes the Court to take oral testimony to support the application for an ex parte temporary injunction and directs that oral testimony be recorded and made available, and provides limits
- 9. It specifies that the title to real estate is not affected by actions under this section
- 10. It authorizes the court to provide certain relief in an injunction and limits any relief granted to a fixed period not to exceed one year, unless extended by the court for a fixed period.
- It limits enforcement of the injunction to contempt of court and specifies that a finding of contempt may include a fine.
- It provides for an expeditious hearing for a person arrested for the violation of an injunction for protection.
- 13. When requested by the petitioner, it authorizes the court to require law enforcement to assist a petitioner gain custody of her dwelling or otherwise assist in carrying out the provisions of the court's injunction.
- 16 It directs the clerk of the court to forward an injunction to the appropriate law enforcement agency and directs law enforcement agencies to share information related to the injunction.

The bill makes the following changes to chapter 901, F.S.:

It expands the situations in which a law enforcement officer may arrest without a warrant to include those times when he has probable cause to believe that a person has violated a domestic violence injunction for protection.

- It provides immunity from liability for officers who exercise due care in arresting someone for domestic violence.
- It directs a law enforcement officer who investigates an allegation of domestic violence to file a report
- 4 It expands the current mandate that an officer advise a victim of the availability of a shelter by having him also provide a written statement of a victim's rights and remedies.

[] Fiscal Impact

A. State

The requirement that training in dealing with domestic violence be developed by the Department of Law Enforcement and the Office of the State Court Administrator could have a fiscal impact, although each agency has a source of funds for developing training resources. The Department of Law Enforcement is directed to prepare a

Page 4 CS/HB 805

written statement to distribute to local agencies which would have a small fiscal impact

A Local

Certain provisions in the bill would have a fiscal impact on local governments, although the exact costs have not been determined. These provisions include the requirement that law enforcement officers make a written report for each investigation of domestic violence; the mandate that a law enforcement officer assist in carrying out the provisions of an injunction, when requested; the provision that certain information be forwarded by the clerk to law enforcement and shared among law enforcement agencies; and the authorization of law enforcement officers to airest a person who violates the provisions of an injunction.

The provision in the bill which removes the misdemeanor penalty for the violation of a restraining order would eliminate the costs associated with prosecuting for such violation in criminal court

C. Private

CS/HB 805 eliminates the base allocation to spouse abuse centers and directs HRS to develop an allocation formula which will differ from the one currently in statute. This may result in a center receiving a different allocation than it now receives. However, due to the fact that the allocation of funds would be district-based under provisions of this bill, the decision to fund a center in one part of the state would no longer affect the allocations to centers in other parts of the state

III. Comments

- Lack of adequate data on the nature and scope
 of domestic violence has hindered improvement
 of law enforcement response to the problem.
 Twenty-eight states require law enforcement
 agencies either to keep internal records of
 each case handled or to file reports with
 another agency
- 2. A 1983 study conducted by the Police Foundation in Washington, D.C., indicates that arrest is a more effective police response to domestic violence than mediation by the police officers or separation of the parties. There was a recurrence of violence in 24 percent of the cases in which the parties were separated for eight hours, a 17 percent recurrence in cases that were mediated, and only a 10 percent reincidence of violence in cases in which arrests were made.

Prepared by: Beverly Whiddon

Staff Director: Kandace M Hill

Florida House of Representatives - 1984

805 HB

By Representative Gordon

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An act relating to domestic violence; amending s 415.601, F S.; providing legislative intent; amending s 415 602, F.S., providing definitions; amending s. 415 603, F.S.; setting forth duties and functions of the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services with respect to domestic violence; creating s. 415.604, F.S.; requiring an annual report by the department; amending s. 415.605, F.S; providing for certification, decertification, procedures for seeking services, and funding of domestic violence centers; providing rulemaking authority; amending s 415 606, F S , providing for referral of victims to centers and notice of rights: creating s 415.607, F.S.: requiring reports by law enforcement officers; amending s. 415.608, F.S.; providing for confidentiality of information; creating s. 415.609, F.S.; requiring that law enforcement officers and certain judges receive certain information and training; amending s. 741.30, F.S., providing for an injunction for protection and an ex parte temporary injunction for protection; providing penalties for violating such injunctions; creating s 741.31, F S.; prescribing relief available through an injunction for protection; creating s 741.32, P.S.: providing for law enforcement officers to assist in executing or serving such injunction; creating s. 741 33, F.S.; providing for the

A bill to be entitled

CODING Words in alread through type are deletions from existing law, words underlined are additions.

215-218A-2-4

1	modification of such injunction, creating s.	1.22
2	741.34, F S.; providing for sending copies of	
3	such injunctions to certain law enforcement	
4	agencies, amending s. 901.15, F.S., requiring	1,24
5	arrest with or without a warrant in specified	
6	circumstances; giving immunity from civil	1.25
7	liability to certain law enforcement officers;	
8	amending s 741.01, F.S.; changing "spouse	1.26
9	abuse" to "domestic violence" to conform to the	
10	purposes of this act; providing an effective	1.27
11	date.	
12		
13	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida;	1:enc
14		
15	Section 1. Section 415 601, Florida Statutes, is	1.27
16	amended to read	1.28
17	415.601 Domestic violence Spouse-abuse treatment and	1.29
18	rehabilitation; legislative intentThe Legislature	1.32
19	recognizes that certain persons who assault, batter, or	1.34
20	otherwise abuse their spouses and the persons subject to such	1.35
21	domestic violence abuse are in need of treatment and	1.36
22	rehabilitation. It is the intent of the Legislature to assist	1.38
23	in the development of domestic violence spouse-abuse centers	l los
24	for the victims of domestic violence spouse-abuse and to	1.42
25	provide a place where the parties involved may be separated	
26	until they can be properly assisted.	1 43
27	Section 2. Section 415.602, Florida Statutes, is	1.44
28	amended to read	
29	415.602 Definitions of-terms-used-in-ss-~415-601-	1.46
30	415-608As used in ss. 415 601-415 609 thrs-act:	1.47
31		

215-218A-2-4

1	(1) "Department" means the Department of Health and	1.48
2	Rehabilitative Services.	
3	(2) "District" means the county, or combination of	1:10
4	counties as defined in s 20 19.	1.50
5	(3) "Domestic violence" means physical harm, bodily	1.10
6	injury, sexual battery, or assault. between spouses or persons	1.53
7	who cohabit the same dwelling unit.	
8	(4) "Domestic violence center" means a facility which	1.55
9	provides services to victims of domestic violence.	1.56
LO	(5)(2) "Spouse" means a person to whom another person	1.58
1	is married or a person to whom another person has been married	
. 2	and from whom such other person is now separated or divorced	1 59
3	(3)"Spouse-abuse"-means-any-assault;-battery;-or	1.63
4	other-physical-abuse-by-a-person-upon-his-spouse:	
.5	(4) Spouse-abuse-center*-means-e-factitty-which	1:10
6	provides-services-to-victims-of-spouse-abuse-and-which-has	1.67
7	been-cert:fred-by-the-department-to-receive-state-funds-	1.68
8	(5)"Victim"-means-any-individual-suffering-assault;	1.70
9	batteryy-or-other-physical-abuse-inflicted-by-his-spouse-or	
0	former-apouse-	1 71
1	Section 3 Section 415.603, Florida Statutes, is	1.72
2	amended to read	
3	415.603 Duties and functions of the department with	1.73
4	respect to domestic violence spouse-abuse	1.75
5	(1) It shall be the duty of the department:	1.75
6	(a) To establish health, safety, and minimum program	1.76
7	requirement Standards for certifying domestic violence spouse	l:lu
в	abuse centers to-receive-state-funds.	1.80
9	(b) To receive and approve or reject applications for	1.81
이	state funding of domestic violence spouse-abuse centers.	1:10
1		

1	(c) To receive and approve or reject applications for	1.84
2	certification of domestic violence centers each-application	2.1
3	within-60-days-of-receipt-of-the-application.	2.2
4	(d)To-d:str:bute-funds-to-a-cert:f:ed-center-w:th:n	1:los
5	45-days-after-approvat-	2.4
6	(d) (e) To evaluate annually each certified domestic	2.6
7	violence spouse-abuse center for compliance with the minimum	2.7
8	standards. The department shall have the right to enter and	2.9
9	inspect the premises of certified domestic violence spouse	2.10
10	abuse centers at any reasonable hour in order to effectively	2.12
11	evaluate the state of compliance of such centers with the	
12	provisions of ss. 415.601-415.609 this-section and rules in	1:lus
13	force pursuant thereto.	2.14
14	(2) The department shall prescribe by rule the	2.15
15	procedures by which subsection (1) shall be implemented.	2.16
16	Without using designated district allocated center funds, the	2 17
17	department may:	2.18
18	(a) Formulate and conduct a research and evaluation	2.1
19	program on domestic violence spouse-abuse and cooperate with	l:lus
20	and assist and participate in programs of other properly	2.22
21	qualified agencies, including any agency of the Federal	
22	Government, schools of medicine, hospitals, and clinics, in	2.24
23	planning and conducting research on the prevention, care,	
24	treatment, and rehabilitation of persons engaged in or subject	2 26
25	to domestic violence spouse-abuse.	2.27
26	(b) Serve as a clearinghouse for information relating	2.28
27	to domestic violence spouse-abuse.	l·los
28	(c) Carry on educational programs on domestic violence	2.31
29	spouse-abuse for the benefit of the general public, persons	2.33
30	engaged in or subject to domestic violence apouse-abuse,	2.34
31	professional persons, or others who care for or may be engaged	2.3

in the care and treatment of persons engaged in or subject to	4.37
domestic violence spouse-abuse.	
(d) Enlist the assistance of public and voluntary	2.38
health, education, welfare, and rehabilitation agencies in a	2.39
concerted effort to prevent domestic violence spouse-abuse and	2.40
to treat persons engaged in or subject to domestic violence	2.42
apouse-abuse.	
Section 4. Section 415 604, Florida Statutes, is	2.43
created to read:	
415.604 Report to the Legislature On or before	1:lus
January 1 of each year, the Department of Health and	2.45
Rehabilitative Services shall furnish to the President of the	
Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a	2.46
report on the status of domestic violence in Florida, which	2.47
shall include, but not be limited to, the following:	
(1) Incidence of domestic violence in this state.	1:lus
(2) Identification of the areas of the state where	l:lus
domestic violence is of significant proportions, indicating	2.50
the number of cases officially reported, as well as an	
assessment of the degree of unreported cases of domestic	2.51
violence.	
(3) Identification and description of the types of	l:lus
programs in the state that assist victims of domestic violence	2.53
or persons committing domestic violence upon their family or	
bousehold members, including information on funding for the	2.55
programs	
(4) The number of persons treated by or assisted by	l·lus
local domestic violence programs receiving funding through the	2.57
department.	
(5) A statement on the effectiveness of such programs	l:lus
in preventing future domestic violence	2.59

in the care and treatment of persons engaged in or subject to | 2.37

1	(6) An inventory and evaluation of existing prevention	1:105
2	programs.	81
3	(7) A listing of potential prevention efforts	1:lus
4	identified by the department; the estimated annual cost of	2 62
5	providing such prevention services, both for a single client	
6	and for the anticipated target population as a whole;	2 63
7	identification of potential funding sources; and the projected	
8	benefits of providing such services	2.64
9	Section 5. Section 415 605, Florida Statutes, is	2.65
10	amended to read.	
11	415.605 Domestic violence Spense-abuse centers.	2.67
12	(1) In order to be certified and-funded under ss.	2.69
13	415.601-415.609 thrs-act, each domestic violence center shall.	1:lus
14	(a) Provide a facility which will serve as a center to	2.72
15	receive and house persons who are victims of domestic violence	2.73
16	spouse-abuse-victims For the purpose of ss. 415 601-415.609	2.75
17	th:s-act, minor children and other dependents of a victim,	2.77
18	when such dependents are partly or wholly dependent on the	2.7
19	victim for support or services, may be sheltered with the	
20	victim in a domestic violence spouse-abuse center	2.80
21	(b) Receive the annual periodic written endorsement of	2 81
22	local law enforcement agencies_;-and	2 82
23	{c}~-Receive-25-percent-of-its-funding-from-one-or-more	2 83
24	local;-municipal;-or-county-sources;-public-or-private-	
25	Contributions-in-kind;-whether-materials;-commodities;	2.84
26	transportation;-office-space;-other-types-of-facilities;-or	3 1
27	personal-services;-may-be-evaluated-and-counted-as-part-of-the	3.3
28	required-tocat-funding-	
29	(c)(d) Provide minimum services which shall include,	3.5
30	but not be limited to, information and referral services,	
31	counseling services, temporary emergency shelter for more than	

1	24 hours, and educational services for community awareness	3.8
2	relative to the incidence of domestic violence spouse-abuse,	l los
3	the prevention of such violence abuse, and the care,	3.11
4	treatment, and rehabilitation for persons engaged in or	3 13
5	subject to domestic violence spouse-abuse	
6	$\frac{(d)}{(e)}$ Participate in the provision of orientation and	l lus
7	training programs developed for law enforcement officers,	3 16
8	social workers, and other professionals and paraprofessionals	
9	who work with domestic violence spouse-obuse victims to better	1.lus
10	enable such persons to deal effectively with incidents of	3.19
11	domestic violence spouse-abuse.	
12	(e) Establish and maintain a board of directors	1 lus
13	composed of at least three citizens, one of whom shall be a	3 21
14	member of a local, municipal, or county law enforcement	
15	agency	3 22
16	(f) Comply with rules adopted pursuant to ss 415.601-	l·lus
17	<u>415 609.</u>	
18	(2) If the department finds that there is failure by a	3 24
19	center to comply with the requirements established under ss	3 25
20	415 601-415.609 or with rules adopted pursuant thereto, the	3 26
21	department may deny, suspend, or revoke the certification of	
22	the center Spouse-abuse-centers-may-be-established	l.los
23	throughout-the-state-as-private;-local;-state;-or-federal	3 30
24	funds-are-avatiableAny-local-agency-or-organization-may	3.32
25	apply-to-participate-in-certification-and-state-funding-	3.33
26	(3) The annual certificate shall expire on the	l:lus
27	termination date shown on the certificate.	3 35
28	(4)+3) The domestic violence spouse-abuse centers	1.lus
29	shall establish procedures pursuant to which persons subject	3 39
30	to domestic violence spouse-abuse may seek services from these	3.41
31	centers on a voluntary basis	

215-218A-2-4

1	(4)Bach-spouse-abuse-center-shall-have-a-board	1.10
2	composed-of-at-least-three-citizens,-one-of-whom-shall-be-a	3.44
3	member-of-a-local,-municipal,-or-county-law-enforcement	3.45
4	agency+ ²	
5	(5) Domestic violence centers may be established	1:1u
6	throughout the state as private, local, state, or federal	3.47
7	funds are available.	
8	(6) In order to receive state funds, a center shall:	1:lu
9	(a) Obtain certification pursuant to ss. 415,601-	1;lu
10	415.609. However, the issuance of a certificate shall not	3.50
11	obligate the department to provide funding.	3.51
12	(b) Receive at least 25 percent of its funding from	l:lu
13	one or more local, municipal, or county sources, public or	3.54
14	private. Contributions in kind, whether materials.	3.55
15	commodities, transportation, office space, other types of	
16	facilities, or personal services, may be evaluated and counted	3.56
17	as part of the required local funding	3.57
18	(7)(5)(a) All fees collected and appropriated to the	1 lu:
19	domestic violence program under-s741-01(2)-for-spouse-abuse	3.60
20	centers shall be distributed annually by the department to	3.61
21	each district according to an allocation formula determined by	3.62
22	the department. The formula shall include a rural and	3.63
23	geographical area factor in addition to population and other	
24	factors set by the department. certified-center:The	3.66
25	department-shail-allocote-a-uniform-base-amount-to-each	
26	certified-center:The-remainder-of-the-appropriated-funds	3.67
27	shall-be-distributed-in-the-same-proportion-as-the-number-of	3 68
28	marrrage-licenses-sold-in-the-center's-catchment-area-bears-to	
29	the-total-number-of-marringe-lacenses-sold-statewideThe	3.70
30	number-of-marrrage-lirenses-shall-be-that-number-sold-in-each	
31		

215-218A-2-4

1	center's-catchment-area-for-the-most-recent-year-for-which	3.7
2	such-figures-are-availeble-	
3	(b) A contract between a district and a certified	3.7.
4	domestic violence center shall contain provisions assuring the	3.7
5	availability and geographic accessibility of services	
6	throughout the district. For this purpose, centers may	3.79
7	distribute funds through subcontracts or to center satellites,	
8	provided that such arrangements and any subcontracts are	3.76
9	approved by the district. Por-the-purposes-of-this-section;-a	3.78
10	*catchment-area*-means-that-port+on-of-a-county,-the-county,	
11	the-countres;-or-the-district-served-by-a-certified-spouse	3.79
12	abuse-center-as-specified-in-its-application-to-be-certified	3.80
13	and-approved-by-the-department-	
14	(8) The department shall prescribe by rule the	1.10
15	procedures by which subsection (7) shall be implemented and	3.82
16	may adopt such other rules as are necessary for the proper	
17	administration of ss. 415.601, 415 602, 415.603, 415.604,	3.83
18	415.605, 415.608, and 415.609	
19	Section 6. Section 415.606, Florida Statutes, is	3.84
20	amended to read:	4.1
21	(Substantial rewording of section. See	4.2
22	s. 415 606, F.S., for present text	1. lu
23	415.606 Referral to centers and notice of rights Any	4.3
24	law enforcement officer who investigates an alleged incident	4.4
25	of domestic violence shall advise the victim of such violence	
26	that there is a domestic violence center from which he or she	4.5
27	may receive services The law enforcement officer shall give	4.6
28	the victim immediate notice of the legal rights and remedies	
29	available The notice shall include:	4.8
30		
31		

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(1) The resource listing, including telephone number,	4.9
for the area domestic violence center designated by the	4.3
Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services; and	
(2) A copy of the following statement "IF YOU ARE	1:0
THE VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, you may ask the state	
attorney to file a criminal complaint. You also have the	4.1
right to go to court and file a petition requesting an	
injunction for protection from domestic violence which may	4.1
include, but need not be limited to, provisions which restrain	
the abuser from further acts of abuse, direct the abuser to	4.1
leave your household; prevent the abuser from entering your	4 1
residence, school, business, or place of employment; award you	4.]
custody of your minor child or children; and direct the abuser	4.2
to pay support to you and the minor children if the abuser has	
a legal obligation to do so."	4.2
Section 7. Section 415 607, Florida Statutes, is	4.2
created to read:	
415.607 Report reguired When a law enforcement	1:1
officer investigates an allegation that an incident of	4.2
domestic violence has occurred, whether or not an arrest is	
made, the officer shall make a written police report of the	4.2
alleged incident. The officer shall submit the report to his	4.2
supervisor or other person to whom the employer's rules or	4 2
policies require reports of similar allegations of criminal	
activity to be made.	
Section 8 Section 415.608, Florida Statutes, is	4.2
amended to read	
415.608 Confidentiality of information received by	4.2
department or domestic violence spouse-abuse centers	4.3
Information received by the department or by authorized	4 3
persons employed by or volunteering services to a domestic	4 3
	for the area domestic violence center designated by the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services; and (2) A copy of the following statement: "IF YOU ARE THE VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, you may ask the state attorney to file a criminal complaint. You also have the right to go to court and file a petition requesting an injunction for protection from domestic violence which may include, but need not be limited to, provisions which restrain the abuser from further acts of abuse, direct the abuser to leave your household; prevent the abuser from entering your residence, school, business, or place of employment; award you custody of your minor child or children; and direct the abuser to pay support to you and the minor children if the abuser has a legal obligation to do so." Section 7. Section 415 607, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 415.607 Report required.—When a law enforcement officer investigates an allegation that an incident of domestic violence has occurred, whether or not an arrest is made, the officer shall make a written police report of the alleged incident. The officer shall submit the report to his supervisor or other person to whom the employer's rules or policies require reports of similar allegations of criminal activity to be made. Section 8 Section 415.608, Florida Statutes, is amended to read 415.608 Confidentiality of information received by department or domestic violence spouse-abuse centers.— Information received by the department or by authorized

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1	individuals or facilities. This information is exempt from	4.40
2	the provisions of s. 119 07	
3	Section 9. Section 415 609, Florida Statutes, is	4.41
4	created to read:	
5	415.609 Training	1:lu
6	(1) The Department of Law Enforcement shall provide a	4.44
7	copy of ss. 415.606 and 415.607 to every law enforcement	
8	agency in this state on or before January 1, 1985	4.45
9	(2) The Criminal Justice Standards and Training	1:10
10	Commission shall establish standards for instruction of law	4.48
11	enforcement officers in the subject matter of domestic	
12	violence. Every basic skills course required in order to	4.49
13	obtain initial certification for law enforcement officers	4.50
14	shall, after January 1, 1986, include training of a minimum of	
15	6 hours in handling domestic violence cases.	4.52
16	(3) The Office of the State Courts Administrator shall	l:lu
17	establish standards for instruction of circuit court judges	4 54
18	who have responsibility for domestic violence cases and shall	
19	provide such instruction on a periodic and timely basis.	4.55
20	Section 10. Section 741.30, Florida Statutes, is	4.55
21	amended to read.	
22	741.30 Petition for <u>injunction for protection</u> order-to	4.56
23	restroin-abusive-spouse; hearing, penalty for violation of	4.58
24	injunction order There shall exist an action known as a	4.60
25	petition for an injunction for protection in cases of domestic	4.61
26	violence	4.62
27	(1) A petition for relief under this section may be	4.63
28	made by any person who is a victim of domestic violence as	4.64
29	defined in s 415 602(3) on behalf of himself or herself. The	4.65
30		
31		

11

1	petition shall allege the existence of domestic violence and	1:lus
2	shall be accompanied by an affidavit made under oath stating	4.70
3	the specific facts and circumstances from which relief is	
4	sought. Any-spouse-es-defined-in-s415-692(2)-who-has-filed	4.73
5	a-complaint-of-spouse-abuse-with-a-law-enforcement-agency-or	4.7
6	the-clerk-of-the-circuit-court-and-who-files-a-verified	4.75
7	petition-alleging-spouse-abuse-with-the-clerk-of-the-circuit	4.76
8	court-of-the-county-where:n-the-person-filing-the-verified	4.77
9	petition-resides-may-be-entitled-to-have-the-court-issue-a	4.79
10	restreining-order-with-such-terms-and-conditions-as-the-court	4.80
11	deems-adv:sable-with-respect-to-the-facts-wileged-in-the	4.81
12	verified-petitionHoweverupon-application-for-such	4.83
13	restraining-order;-the-pet:troner-shall-be-g:ven-an-exped:ted	4.84
14	hearingThe-verified-petition-shall-contain-the-date-time-	5.1
15	and-place-of-the-alleged-spouse-abuse;-the-law-enforcement	5.2
16	agency-which-investigated-the-complaint;-and-the-circumstances	5.3
17	of-the-spouse-abuse-which-occurred-	6
18	(2)(a) A person's right to petition for an injunction	1:1
19	for protection shall not be affected by his or her leaving a	5.5
20	residence or household to avoid abuse.	5 6
21	(b) A petition for an injunction for protection may be	1 lus
22	made whether or not there is a pending complaint, petition, or	5 8
23	other legal action between the parties.	5.9
24	(c) The court shall not require security or bond of	1:lus
25	any party to a petition for an injunction for protection	5.10
26	unless it deems that such security or bond is necessary	
27	because the case is exceptional.	5.11
28	(3)(2) The verified petition shall be in the following	5.12
29	form	
30		
31		

1	PETITION FOR AN INJUNCTION FOR PROTECTION	2
2	ORDER-90-RESTRAIN-AN-ABUSIVE-SPOUSE	8/
3		
- 4	Before me, the undersigned authority, personally appeared	
5	Petitioner(Name), who was sworn and says that the	1 8
6	following statement is true	
7		
8	The petitioner <u>alleges</u> has-filed-a-complaint-with-z{law	5
9	enforcement-agency)alleging that petitioner was the victim	5
10	of domestic violence caused abused by respondent person spouse	1
11	at(place) on . (date), . at(time). in the	5
12	following manner:(circumstances)	
13		33
14		
15	A-copy-of-the-complaint-filed-with-the-law-enforcement-agency	1
16	19-attached-to-th19-petitton:	5
17	(a) The physical injuries petitioner has suffered as a	5
18	result of the violent actions of respondent person spouse	5
19	ınclude:	
20	Ebu mar or comment	
21	(b) (Mark appropriate section.)	5
22	Petitioner and respondent now live together and	1
23	respondent refuses to leave	5
24	Respondent lives at (address)	
25	(c) <u>Petitioner seeks</u> (Mark appropriate section <u>or</u>	5
26	sections.)	5.
27	An injunction restraining any party from committing	1
28	acts of domestic violence.	5
29	An injunction excluding the respondent from the	1:
30	dwelling which the parties share or from the residence of the	5
31	<u>petitioner</u>	

1	An injunction on the same basis as is provided in	5.4
2	chapter 61, awarding temporary custody or establishing	
3	temporary visitation with regard to minor children of the	5 48
4	parties	
5	An injunction provided as in chapter 61	5.50
6	establishing temporary support for minor children or a spouse.	5,51
7	An injunction directing the respondent to	1.10
8	participate in treatment or counseling services.	5 52
9	An injunction providing counseling where available	5.54
10	or other social services for the parties, if married, or if	
11	there are minor children.	5.55
12	An injunction providing any terms the court deems	l:lu
13	necessary for the protection of a victim of domestic violence,	5 58
14	including injunctions or directives to the law enforcement	5.59
15	agencies.	5.60
16	Petitioner-and-respondent-have-the-following	1:10
17	actions-pending-with-this-court^	5.62
18	:legal-separation	5.64
19	eustody-or-juvenile-matter	5.65
20	rdissoiution-{divorce}	5.66
21	null:	5.67
22	Other(describe)	
23	**-*Pet:ttomer-and-respondent-have-no-settoms-pending	1:10
24	with-this-court:	5 70
25	{d}{Mark-appropriate-sections-}	1:10
26	Pet:ttomer-has-the-follow:ng-ch:ldren-in	1 10
27	petitioneris-custody-who-are-the-children-of-respondent:	5.73
28	fnamey-ageynand-birth-daterof-edch-child	
29	Petrtroner-has-the-following-children-in	1 10:
30	petationeris-sustady-who-are-rotathe-shildren-of-respondent*	5 77
31		l·ui

1	t3-related-to-each-child}	
2	fe}{Mark-±f-appropr±ate-}	5.
3	Pet:troner-genurnely-fears-vrolence-from-respondent	1
4	upon-the-children-for-the-following-reasons	
5	**************************************	
6		
7	Petitioner-seeks-an-order-restraining-the-respondent-spouse	5.
•	from-abusing-the-petitioner-and-providing-for-any-other-terms	
9	and-cond:t:ons-that-the-court-deems-adv:sable-w:th-respect-to	6
10	the-facts-alleged-:n-the-pet:t:on-	
11	(Signature of Petitioner)	
12	Sworn to and subscribed on . , 19	6
13	(Notary Public).	
14	My Commission Expires'	
15	(4) The clerk shall provide simplified forms and	1:
16	clerical assistance to help with the writing and filing of a	6.
17	petition under this section by any person not represented by	
18	counsel. The clerk shall advise the petitioner that filing	6
19	fees will be waived if the petitioner signs an affidavit	6.
20	stating that the petitioner is indigent and unable to pay such	
21	fees.	
22	(5)(3) The injunction for protection restraining-order	1.
23	shall be served upon the person spouse complained against	6.
24	within 24 hours after of its issuance. When a petition for an	6
25	injunction for protection alleges an immediate and present	
26	danger of domestic violence, the court may issue, tastes-the	6
27	restraining-order without a hearing, an ex parte temporary	6.
28	injunction for protection, which order shall be effective for	6.
29	a fixed period not to exceed 14 days, and shall grant relief	
30	as the court deems proper, including an injunction	6.
31		

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1	(a) Restraining any party from committing acts of	6.20
2	domestic violence:	
3	(b) Excluding any party from the dwelling that the	1:lus
4	parties share or from the residence of the other party except	6.21
5	by further order of the court; or	6.22
6	(c) Granting the remedies provided in both paragraph	1:lus
7	(a) and paragraph (b).	6,23
8	(6) The court;-:f-requested-by-the-spouse-complained	6.25
9	against, shall provide a hearing as soon as reasonably	
10	possible but not later than 14 20 days after the date of the	6 28
11	petition or, if a temporary injunction is issued, within 14	
12	days after the date of the issuance of the injunction order.	6.29
13	Personal service shall be made upon the respondent not less	1:lus
14	than 5 days prior to the hearing If service cannot be made	6.32
15	upon the respondent, the court may set a new date. Any	6.33
16	testimony offered by a respondent in a hearing on an	6.34
17	injunction for protection is inadmissible in a criminal	3
18	proceeding	6.35
19	(7) The issuance of an injunction for protection such	l:los
20	an-order shall not require that the party alleging domestic	l:lus
21	violence spouse-abuse be represented by an attorney, nor shall	6.40
22	such <u>injunction</u> a-restraining-order be conditioned upon any	6.41
23	dissolution of marriage proceedings or other complaint,	l:lus
24	petition, or legal action between the petitioner and the	
25	respondent	6 44
26	(8)(4) Any person who has been served with an	1 lus
27	injunction for protection a-restraining-order issued by a	
28	judge of the cricuit court pursuant to this section subsection	6.47
29	t3) and who knowingly violates or refuses to comply with the	6.50
30	provisions of such <u>injunction</u> order is guilty of a misdemeanor	
31	of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.	6 52

16

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1	775.083, or s. 775.084. A violation of an injunction for	1:1
2	protection shall also constitute contempt of court and be	
3	subject to the penalties therefor When a person prosecuted	6.5
4	for violation of <u>an injunction</u> a-restraining-order issued	1:1
5	pursuant to this section is ordered to pay a fine, revenues	6 5
6	from the fine shall be collected and disbursed through the	6.5
7	trust fund established in s. 741 01. The Department of Health	6.5
8	and Rehabilitative Services may also use revenues collected	
9	through fines to fund counseling services for the purpose of	6 6
10	rehabilitating the abusive <u>orrson</u> spouse	6.6
11	Section 11. Section 741 31, Florida Statutes, is	6.6
12	created to read.	6 6
13	741 31 Relief by the court	1.11
14	(1) Upon notice and hearing, the court, in the	1:11
15	injunction for protection, may provide for one or more types	6 6
16	of injunctive relief, conditions of bond, or other relief as	
17	<u>follows</u> _	
18	(a) The restraint of any party from committing acts of	6.58
19	domestic violence.	6 64
20	(b) The exclusion of the respondent from the dwelling	1 11
21	which the parties share or from the residence of the	6.7.
22	petitioner.	
23	(c) On the same basis as is provided in chapter 61,	1.11
24	the awarding of temporary custody or establishment of	6.74
25	temporary visitation with regard to minor children of the	6 75
26	<u>parties</u>	
27	(d) On the same basis as is provided in chapter 61.	1.10
26	the establishment of temporary support for minor children or a	6.78
29	<u>spouse</u> _	
30		
31		

]	(e) The provision of counseling or other social	1:1u
ě	services for the parties, if married, or if there are minor	6.81
3	Children.	
4	(f) The requirement that the respondent participate in	1 · 1 u
5	treatment or counseling services.	6.83
6	(q) Other relief as it deems necessary for the	l:lus
7	protection of a victim of domestic violence, including	6 84
8	injunctions or directives to the law enforcement agencies, as	
9	provided in this section.	7.2
10	(2) Any relief granted by the injunction for relief	1:lus
11	may be granted in addition to other civil or criminal	7.4
12	remedies_	
13	Section 12 Section 741 32, Florida Statutes, is	7.5
14	created to read·	7.6
15	741 32 Assistance of law enforcement agencies in	l:lus
16	service or execution When an injunction for protection is	7.7
17	issued, if the petitioner requests the assistance of a law	7.9
18	enforcement agency, the court shall order that an officer from	
19	the appropriate law enforcement agency accompany the	7.10
20	petitioner and assist in placing the petitioner in possession	
21	of the dwelling or residence, or otherwise assist in execution	7.11
22	or service of the injunction for protection.	7.12
23	Section 13. Section 741 33, Florida Statutes, is	7 13
24	created to read:	
25	241 33 Modification of injunction Upon application,	l,lus
26	notice to all parties, and hearing, the court may modify the	7.16
27	terms of an existing injunction for protection.	
28	Section 14. Section 741.34, Florida Statutes, is	7.17
29	created to read:	
30	741.34 Copy to law enforcement agency Upon the	l.Ius
31	request of the petitioner, an injunction for protection shall	7 20

1	be forwarded by the clerk of court within 24 hours to the	ı					
2	local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the						
3	residence of the applicant Each appropriate law enforcement						
4	agency shall make available to other law enforcement officers,						
5	through a system for verification, information as to the						
6	existence and status of any such injunction for protection.						
7	Section 15. Section 901 15, Florida Statutes, is						
8	amended to read						
9	901.15 When arrest by officer without warrant is	7.					
10	lawful						
11	(1) A law enforcement officer may arrest a person						
12	Without a warrant when						
13	<pre>(a)(1) The person has committed a felony or</pre>						
14	$\ensuremath{misdemeanor}$ or violated a municipal or county ordinance in the						
15	presence of the officer. Arrest for the commission of a	7					
16	misdemeanor or violation of a municipal or county ordinance						
17	shall be made immediately or in fresh pursuit						
18	(b)(2) A felony has been committed and he reasonably						
19	believes that the person committed it.						
20	$\underline{(c)}(\theta)$ He reasonably believes that a felony has been						
21	or is being committed and reasonably believes that the person						
22	to be arrested has committed or is committing it.						
23	(d) (4) A warrant for the arrest has been issued and is						
24	held by another peace officer for execution.						
25	(e) (5) A violation of chapter 316 has been committed						
26	in the presence of the officer. Such arrest may be made						
27	immediately or on fresh pursuit						
28	(2)(6)(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a	7					
29	law enforcement officer shall arrest a person anywhere,						
30	including at his blace of residence, whether or not the						
31	officer has a varrant, if the officer has probable cause to						

1	believe that the person has committed domestic violence as	/.5
2	defined in s 415 602(3), although the assault or battery did	7.5
3	not take place in the presence of a-battery-upon-the-person's	7.5
4	spouse-and the officer_r	7.5
5	{a}Finds-evidence-of-bodily-harm;-or	7.5
6	(b)~-The-officer-reasonably-believes-that-there-is	7.6
7	danger-of-violence-unless-the-person-alleged-to-have-committed	
8	the-battery-:s-arrested-without-delay:	7.6
9	(b) A law enforcement officer who acts in good faith	1:1
١	and exercises due care in making an arrest pursuant to	7.6
	paragraph (a) shall be immune from civil liability that	
1	otherwise might result by reason of his action.	7.6
2	Section 16. Subsection (2) of section 741 01, Florida	7.6
3	Statutes, is amended to read:	
4	741.01 County court judge or clerk of the circuit	7 6
5	court to issue marriage license; fee	7.68
6	(2) The fee charged for each marriage license issued	7.69
7	in the state shall be increased by the sum of \$10. This fee	7.7
8	shall be collected upon receipt of the application for the	
9	issuance of a marriage license - The Executive Office of the	7.72
١٥	Governor shall establish a trust fund for the purpose of	7.73
1	collecting and disbursing funds generated from the increase in	7.74
2	marriage license fees. Such funds generated shall be directed	7.75
3	to the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services for	
4	the specific purpose of funding domestic violence spense-abuse	7.77
5	centers, and the funds shall be appropriated in a "grants-in-	7.78
6	aid" category to the Department of Health and Rehabilitative	7.80
7	Services for the purpose of funding domestic violence spouse	1:10
8	abuse centers	7.83
9	Section 17. This act shall take effect October 1,	7.84
0	1984.	

1	*******************************	1
2	HOUSE SUMMARY	20
3	Expands the scope of provisions relating to spouse abuse to cover domestic violence. Defines terms. Prescribes	8
-4	duties of, and requires a report from, the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services Provides for	۱,
5	certification, services, and funding of domestic violence centers. Requires law enforcement officers to give	8
6	victims notice of their rights, to refer victims to centers, and to submit a written report of domestic	8
7	violence. Provides for certain information to be confidential Requires training of law enforcement	8
8	officers. Provides for an injunction for protection, and provides penalties for violating such injunction. Sets	8
9	forth types of relief available through such injunctions and requires officers on request to help enforce the	8
10	injunctions. Requires arrest, even without a warrant, in certain circumstances, and gives arresting officers	8
11	immunity from civil liability.	8
12		1
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This 23 By Representative Figg

A bill to be entitled An act relating to domestic violence; amending ss. 415.601, 415.602, 415.603, 415.605, 415.606, and 415.608, F.S., expanding the applicability of provisions relating to spouse abuse treatment and rehabilitation to cover domestic violence, as defined, amending s. 741.30, F.S., expanding the applicability of procedures for restraining spouse abuse to encompass domestic violence; providing definitions; specifying forms of relief and providing additional remedies and protections; amending s. 901.15, F.S., expanding warrantless arrest powers of law enforcement officers in cases of domestic violence; providing for certain notice to the victim; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 415.601, Florida Statutes, is 22, amended to read.

415 601 Domestic violence Spouse-abuse treatment and rehabilitation; legislative intent. -- The Legislature recognizes that certain persons who assault, batter, or otherwise abuse their family and household members speases and the persons subject to such violence abuse are in need of treatment and cehabilitation. It is the intent of the n Legislature to assist in the development of domestic violence spowse-abuse centers for the victims of domestic violence

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R A. GRAY BUILDING Tallahassee, FL 32399-0250

156-77A-2-4

31

1	spouse-abuse and to provide a place where the parties involved	1.20
2	may be separated until they can be properly assisted.	1.27
3	Section 2. Section 415.602, Florida Statutes, is	1.28
4	amended to read:	
5	415.602 Definitions of terms used in ss. 415.601-	1.29
6	415.608As used in this act:	
7	(1) "Department" means the Department of Health and	1.30
1	Rehabilitative Services.	No.
•	(2) "Spouse" means a person to whom another person is	1.32
10	married or a person to whom another person has been married	
13	and from whom such other person is now separated or divorced.	1.33
12	(3) *Domestic violence Spouse-abuse* means any	1.36
13	assault, battery, or-other physical abuse, or criminal sexual	1:10
14	conduct against a family or household member by another family	1.38
15	or household member by-s-person-upon-his-spouse.	1.39
 16	(4) "Domestic violence Spouse-abuse center" means a	1.4
17	facility which provides services to victims of domagtic	1.4
18	violence spouse-abuse and which has been certified by the	
19	department to receive state funds.	1.4
20	(5) "Family or household members" means spouses,	1:1
21	Parents, children, persons related by consanguinity, or	1.4
22	persons jointly residing in the same dwelling unit.	1.4
23	(6) (5) "Victim" means any family or household member	1.5
24	individual suffering domestic violence assaulty-batteryy-or	1.5
25	other-physical-abuse-inflicted-by-his-spouse-or-former-spouse.	1.5
ĸ	Section 3. Section 415.603, Plorida Statutes, is	1.5
2/	amended to read:	ě
72	415.603 Duties and functions of the department with	1.5
77	respect to domestic violence speuse-abuse	1.5
13	(1) It shall be the duty of the department:	1.5

l	5	6	۰.	7	7	A	-2	-

1	(a) To establish health, safety and minimum program	1.59
2	requirement standards for certifying domestic violence spouse	1·1u
3	abuse centers to receive state funds.	1.61
4	(b) To receive applications for state funding of	1.62
5	domestic violence spouse-abuse centers.	1.10
6	(c) To approve or reject each application within 60	1.64
7	days of receipt of the application.	Î
	(d) To distribute funds to a certified center within	1 65
7	45 days after approval.	
10	(e) To evaluate annually each domestic violence spouse	1.66
п	abuse center for compliance with the minimum standards. The	1 71
12	department shall have the right to enter and inspect the	
13	premises of domestic violence spouse-abuse centers at any	1 73
14	reasonable hour in order to effectively evaluate the state of	1.74
15	compliance of such centers with the provisions of this section	1.75
16	and rules in force pursuant thereto.	1.76
17	(2) The department shall prescribe by rule the	1 77
18	procedures by which subsection (1) shall be implemented.	1 78
19 [Without using designated center funds, the department may	1 79
20 İ	(a) Formulate and conduct a research and evaluation	1.80
21	program on domestic violence spouse-abuse and cooperate with	1·lus
22 [and assist and participate in programs of other properly	1.82
23	qualified agencies, including any agency of the Federal	
24	Government, schools of medicine, hospitals, and clinics, in	1.84
25	planning and conducting research on the prevention, care,	
76	treatment, and rehabilitation of persons engaged in or subject	2.2
27	to domestic violence spease-abase.	
78	(b) Serve as a clearinghouse for information relating	2.3
??	to domestic violence spouse-abuse	l los
30	(c) Carry on educational programs on domestic violence	,2.5
11 /	spouse-abuse for the benefit of the general public, persons	2.7

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1	engaged in or subject to domestic violence spease-abase,	2.0
2	professional persons, or others who care for or may be engaged	2.10
3	in the care and treatment of persons engaged in or subject to	2.12
4	domestic violence spouse-abuse.	
5	(d) Enlist the assistance of public and voluntary	2.13
6	health, education, welfare, and rehabilitation agencies in a	2.14
7	concerted effort to prevent domestic violence spouse-abuse and	2.15
8	to treat persons engaged in or subject to domestic violence	2,17
9	spouse-abuse.	2 18
10	Section 4 Section 415.605, Florida Statutes, is	2.19
11	amended to read.	
12	415.605 <u>Domestic violence</u> Spouse-abuse centers	2.20
13	(1) In order to be certified and funded under this	2.21
14	act, each center shall:	2.22
15	(a) Provide a facility which will serve as a center to	2.22
16	receive and house persons who are domestic violence spouse	2.23
17	abuse victims. For the purpose of this act, family or	2.25
18	household members minor-children-and-other-dependents of a	2.27
19	$\verb victim_{T} = \verb when-such-dependents-are-partity-or-wholing-dependent-on $	2.28
20	the-victim-for-support-or-services, may be sheltered with the	2.29
71 !	victim in a domestic violence spease-abase center.	2.30
22	(b) Receive the periodic written endorsement of local	2.30
23	law enforcement agencies; and	
24 ,	(c) Receive 25 percent of its funding from one or more	2.31
25	local, municipal, or county sources, public or private.	
24	Contributions in kind, whether materials, commodities,	2.32
27	transportation, office space, other types of facilities, or	
28	personal services, may be evaluated and counted as part of the	2.34
29	required local funding.	
30	(d) Provide minimum services which shall include, but	2.35
31	not be limited to, information and referral services,	1

4

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1	counseling services, temporary emergency shelter for more than	2.37
2	24 hours, and educational services for community awareness	2.38
3	relative to the incidence of domestic violence spewse-abuse,	2.39
4	the prevention of such abuse, and the care, treatment, and	2.41
5	rehabilitation for persons engaged in or subject to domestic	2.42
•	violence spouse-abuse.	1
7	(e) Participate in the provision of orientation and	2.43
•	training programs developed for law enforcement officers,	2.44
9	social workers, and other professionals and paraprofessionals	
10	who work with domestic violence spense-abuse victims to better	1:1u
11	enable such persons to deal effectively with incidents of	2.46
12	domestic violence spouse-abuse.	2.47
13	(2) <u>Domestic violence</u> Spouse-abuse centers may be	2.49
14	established throughout the state as private, local, state, or	2.52
15	federal funds are available. Any local agency or organization	2,54
16	may apply to participate in certification and state funding.	
17	(3) The domestic violence spouse-abuse centers shall	1:1u
18	establish procedures pursuant to which persons subject to	2.56
19	domestic violence spouse-abuse may seek services from these	2.58
20	Centers on a voluntary basis.	
21	(4) Each domestic violence spowse-abuse center shall	2.59
55 T	have a board composed of at least three citizens, one of whom	2.61
23	shall be a member of a local, municipal, or county law	2.62
24	enforcement agency.	1
25	(5)(a) All fees collected and appropriated under s.	2.63
26	741.01(2) for domestic violence speuse-abuse centers shall be	2.65
27	distributed annually by the department to each certified	
21	center. The department shall allocate a uniform base amount	2.66
29	to each certified center. The remainder of the appropriated	2.67
30	funds shall be distributed in the same proportion as the	
31 ,	number of marriage licenses sold in the center's catchment	2.68

5

1	area bears to the total number of marriage licenses sold	2.69
2	statewide. The number of marriage licenses shall be that	2.70
3	number sold in each center's catchment area for the most	2.71
4	recent year for which such figures are available.	
5	(b) For the purposes of this section, a "catchment	2.73
6	area" means that portion of a county, the county, the	
7	counties, or the district served by a certified domestic	2,74
•	<u>violence</u> spouse-abuse center as specified in its application	2.75
, [to be certified and approved by the department.	2.76
	Section 5. Section 415.606, Florida Statutes, is	2.77
1	∍mended to read:	1
2 1	415.606 Referral to domestic violence spouse-abuse	2.78
3;	centers Where centers are available, any law enforcement	2.80
i	officer who investigates an alleged incident of domestic	2.82
ş	<u>violence</u> speuse-abuse may advise the person subject to the	2.83
	abuse of the availability of a domestic violence spouse-abuse	2,84
ř	center from which he or she may receive services.	3.1
¥.	G-11 - C - G - 11 - 12 - CO - D1 - 12 - CO - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A -	3.2
,	amended to read:	
)	415.608 Confidentiality of information received by	3.3
ı	department or domestic violence speuse-abuse centers	3.5
?	Information received by the department or by authorized	3.6
:	persons employed by or volunteering services to a center,	3.8
ı	through files, reports, inspection, or otherwise, shall be	
	deemed confidential information and shall not be disclosed	3.12
	publicly in such a manner as to identify individuals or	ì
	facilities. This information is exempt from the provisions of	3.13
	9. 119.07	
)	Section 7. Section 741 30, Florida Statutes, is	3.14
,	amended to read	3.15
	(Substantial rewording of section. Sec	3.17

1	s. 741.30, F.S., for present text)	7.70
2	741.30 Petition for restraining order	3.1
3	(1) As used in this act:	3.1
4	(a) "Domestic violence" means any assualt, battery,	3.1
5	physical abuse, or criminal sexual conduct committed against a	3.2
•	family or household member by any other family or household	
7	member.	
	(b) "Family or household members" means spouses,	3.2
0	parents, children, persons related by consanguinity, or	3.2
١٥	persons jointly residing in the same dwelling	3.2
	(c) "Victim" means any family or household member	3.2
2	suffering domestic violence	
3	(d) "Spouse" means a person to whom another person is	3.24
4	married or a person to whom another person has been married	
s	and from whom such other person is now separated or divorced.	3.26
5	(2) There is hereby created a cause of action for a	3.2
7	domestic violence restraining order.	
ŧ	(a) Any family or household member, on behalf of	3.28
9;	himself or herself or on behalf of another family or household	
o ļ	member, who is the victim of any act of domestic violence	3.2
, ,	shall have standing in the circuit court to file a sworn	3 30
7 ;	petition for a domestic violence restraining order.	
3	(b) The sworn petition shall allege the existence of	3.31
1	domestic violence and shall include the specific facts and	
5	circumstances upon which relief is sought.	3.32
5	(c) The cause of action may be sought whether or not	3.34
1	there is currently pending any other petition, complaint, or	ŀ
3	cause of action between the parties	3 35
,	(d) The clerk of the court shall provide simplified	3.35
)	forms and clerical assistance for the preparation and filing	3.37
1.	of a petition by any victim not represented by counsel.	1

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1	(e) In the event the victim shall not have sufficient	3.39
2	funds with which to pay filing fees to the clerk of the court	3.40
3	or service fees to the sheriff, said fees shall be waived by	
4	the clerk of the court or the sheriff to the extent necessary	3.41
5	to process the petition and serve the restraining order,	3.42
6	subject to an order of the court relative to the payment of	
1	said fees.	3.43
	(f) No bond shall be required by the court for the	3.43
,	entry of a restraining order.	
10	(3) The @worn petition shall be in substantially the	3.44
11	following form:	
12	PETITION FOR RESTRAINING ORDER	3.45
13		
14	Before me, the undersigned authority, personally appeared	3 46
15	Petitioner(Name), who was sworn and says that the	3.48
16	following statement is true.	
17	(a) Petitioner resides at:(address)	3.49
18	(b) Respondent resides at:(address)	3.50
19 !	(c) Respondent is a family or household member because	3.52
20 '	***************************************	
21	(d) Petitioner has suffered domestic violence because	3.52/2
77	respondent has	
23	(e) Petitioner genuinely fears domestic violence by	3.55
24	respondent.	3.56
25		
26	Petitioner seeks a restraining order against the respondent to	3.56
27	Prevent domestic violence upon such terms as the court deems	3.57
28	proper and just.	3.58
29	(Signature of Petitioner)	
30	Sworn to and subscribed on, 19	3.59
31		ł.

8

CODING Words in assuck shoose type are deletions from existing law, words underlined are additions

156-77A-2-4

1	(Notary Public).,,	
2	My Commission Expires:	
3		
	(4) Petitioner may apply to the court after the filing	з.
5	of the petition for entry of a temporary or permanent	3,
6	restraining order under such procedure as provided for in the	
7	Rules of Civil Procedure.	3,
8	(5) The court may grant the following relief:	3.
9	(a) Restrain the respondent from committing acts of	3.
10 [domestic violence.	
11	(b) Exclude the respondent from the appropriate	3.
12	dwelling which the parties share or from the dwelling of the	
13	petitioner.	
14	(c) On the same basis as is provided in chapter 61,	3.
15	establish temporary support for minor children or a spouse.	3.
16	(d) Order the abusing party to participate in	3.
17	treatment or counseling services.	
18	(e) Order, in its discretion, other relief as it deems	3
19	necessary for the protection of a family or household member,	3.
20	including orders or directives to the sheriff or any other	3
21:	appropriate law enforcement agency, as provided by this	
22 (section.	
73		
24	Any permanent relief granted shall be for a fixed period not	3.
25	to exceed 1 year	3.
26	(6)(a) Upon filing of the petition, the court shall	3.
27	set a hearing which shall be held at the earliest possible	1
78	time. Personal service of the petition and notice of hearing	3.
27	shall be made upon the respondent prior to the hearing.	3.
30	(b) Where a petition under this section alleges an	3.
וונ ו	immediate and present danger of domestic violence, the court	3.1

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	may grant an ex parce temporary order, pending a ruit hearing,	1
2	and grant relief as the court deems proper. Any ex parte	3.84
3	temporary order shall be effective for a fixed period not to	4.1
4	exceed 10 days. A full hearing, as provided by this section,	
5	shall be set no later than the day when the temporary order	4.2
6	shall cease to be effective.	
7	(7) Any order issued under this section shall be	4.3
8	personally served upon the respondent.	4.4
9	(8) When an order is issued under this section upon	4.4
מו	request of the petitioner, the court may order the sheriff or	4.5
1	other law enforcement officer to accompany the petitioner and	4.6
2	assist in placing the petitioner in possession of the	
3	dwelling, or otherwise assist in execution or service of the	4.7
4	restraining order.	
5	(9) Nothing in this section shall affect the title to	4.9
0	real estate.	ķ.
î	(10) Upon the request of the petitioner, any	4.9
1	restraining order entered pursuant to this section shall be	4.10
? :	forwarded by the clerk of the court within 24 hours to the	4.12
)	appropriate sheriff. Each appropriate law enforcement agency	4.13
1	shall make available to other law enforcement agencies,	4.14
?	through a system for verification, information as to the	
2	existence and status of any restraining order entered pursuant	4.15
ı	to this section.	
	(11) Any proceeding under this section shall be in	4.16
	addition to other civil or criminal remedies.	4.17
	(12)(a) The court shall enforce compliance by the	4 17
	respondent to the restraining order through contempt	4.18
	proceedings which may include the imposition of a fine. Any	
	such fine imposed shall be collected and disbursed to the	4.19
	trust fund established in s. 741 01	

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2- -

1	(b) In the event the respondent is arrested by a peace	4.2
2	officer under authority of s. 901.15(6)(b), he shall be held	4.2
3	in custody and brought before the court as expeditiously as	
4	possible for the purpose of enforcing the restraining order.	4.2
5	(13) The clerk of the court shall provide the	4.2
4	petitioner with a certified copy of any restraining order	4.2
7	entered by the court.	4.2
	Section 8. Subsection (6) of section 901.15, Florida	4.2
9	Statutes, is amended to read:	4.2
10	901.15 When arrest by officer without warrant is	4.2
11	lawfulA law enforcement officer may arrest a person without	4.2
12	a warrant when:	
13	(6) The officer has probable cause to believe that the	4.3
14	person has:	4.3
15	[a] Committed a battery upon the person's spouse and	1:1
16	the officer funds evidence of bodily harm or the officer.	4.3
17	reasonably believes that there is danger of violence unless.	4.3
18	the person alleged to have committed the battery is arrested	
19	without delay; or	4.3
20	(b) Knowingly violated or refused to comply with a	1:1
211	domestic violence restraining order entered pursuant to s.	4.3
22	741.30.	
23		
24	Whether or not an arrest is made pursuant to this subsection.	1.1
25	the officer shall advise the victim of the availability of a	4.3
26	shelter or other services in the community and give the victim.	
27	immediate notice of the legal rights and remedies available.	4.3
? \$	The notice shall include furnishing the victim a copy of the	4.3
29	following statement:	4.4
30		1
31 1		1

31

1	"IF YOU ARE THE VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, You can	1:lus
2	ask the state attorney to file a criminal complaint. You also	4.44
3	have the right to go to court and file a petition requesting a	
4	restraining order for domestic violence which could include	4.45
5	the following: an order restraining the abuser from further	4.46
6	acts of violence, an order directing the abuser to leave your	
7	household; an order directing the abuser to pay support to you	4.47
Я	and the minor children if the abuser has a legal obligation to	4.48
9	do so; an order directing the abuser to participate in	4.49
0	treatment or counseling services; or any other appropriate	
1	order deemed necessary by the court for your protection."	4.50
2		
3	The notice shall include the name and telephone number of any	4.53
4	available spouse or domestic violence referral service.	4.54
5	conmitted-a-battery-upon-the-personis-spouse-and-the-officer-	4.56
- 1		- 1
6	(a)Finds-evidence-of-bodily-harm;-or	4.57
	(a)Finds-evidence-of-bodily-harm;-or (b)The-officer-reasonably-believes-that-there-is	4.57
1	•	
1 8'	(b)The-officer-reasonably-believes-that-there-is danger-of-violence-unless-the-person-alleged-to-have-committed the-battery-is-arrested-without-delay-	
7 8'	(b)The-officer-reasonably-believes-that-there-is danger-of-violence-unless-the-person-alleged-to-have-committed the-battery-is-arrested-without-delay-	4.58
8' 9	(b)The-officer-reasonably-believes-that-there-is danger-of-violence-unless-the-person-alleged-to-have-committed the-battery-is-arrested-without-delay-	4.58
9 10	(b)The-officer-reasonably-believes-that-there-is danger-of-violence-unless-the-person-alleged-to-have-committed the-battery-is-arrested-without-delay- Section 9. This act shall take effect October 1, 1984.	4.58
7 8 ' 9 L O 1 1 2	(b)The-officer-reasonably-believes-that-there-is danger-of-violence-unless-the-person-alleged-to-have-committed the-battery-is-arrested-without-delay- Section 9. This act shall take effect October 1, 1984. ***********************************	4.58
7 8 7 9 1 0 0 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 5 6 5 6	(b)The-officer-reasonably-believes-that-there-is danger-of-violence-unless-the-person-alleged-to-have-committed the-battery-is-arrested-without-delay- Section 9. This act shall take effect October 1, 1984. ***********************************	4.58
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Page 1

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH & REHABILITATIVE SERVICES

HB 610 Rep Figg OTHER COMMITTEE OF REFERENCE-Appropriations

Relating to Domestic Violence

SIMILAR/COMPANION BILL: SE 495 (S), HB 805 (S)

April 1, 1984

I. Summary

A Present Situation

Sections 415.601-415 605, F.S., provide legislative intent, definitions, and describe the process by which spouse abuse centers are certified and funded. "Spouse abuse" is defined as "any assault, battery, or other physical abuse by a person upon his spouse," and the term "spouse" includes persons currently or previously married. Current law does not address persons who live together as husband and wife who are not legally married, although the state's spouse abuse centers often provide shelter for battered women who are not legally married and pay for such services with funds other than state appropriated funds.

Section 741.30, F.S., authorizes a person to file a petition with the circuit court alleging spouse abuse and requesting a restraining order. A petition may be filed only if the petitioner has previously filed a complaint of spouse abuse with a law enforcement agency. The law requires that certain information be included in the petition and provides a petition form. A restraining order must be served within 24 hours of its issuance and may be issued without a hearing, provided one is held within 20 days if requested by the respondent. The person alleging spouse abuse is not required to have legal representation nor may the issuance of a restraining order be conditioned upon divorce proceedings.

Under the existing law, the violation of a restraining order, which is issued by a circuit court, is a second degree misdemeanor which is handled in county court.

Section 901.15, F.S., specifies conditions under which a law enforcement officer may issue an arrest without a warrant. Such an arrest may be made when the officer has probable cause to believe that a person has committed a battery upon his spouse and he finds evidence of bodily harm or he reasonably believes that there is danger of violence unless the person alleged to have committed the battery is arrested. According to Statistics maintained by the Florida Department of Law Enforcement, spouse abuse is one of the most frequent and personally dangerous situations in which officers find themselves. The state's Wasic Recruit Training Course contains no specific unit of instruction for handling such investigations.

Certain questions which arise frequently in situations of spouse abuse are not addressed in current law, including whether or not the court can exclude an allegedly abusive spouse from his house prior to a hearing and whether a law enforcement officer can arrest someone without a warrant for the violation of a restraining order. In nineteen states, police may issue a warrantless arrest if they have probable cause to believe that an abuser has violated a restraining order. Laws in six states remove discretion and impose a duty to arrest where there is probable cause to believe that spouse abuse has occurred. Almost half the states impose some duties on law enforcement officers responding to domestic disturbance calls, including transporting the victim to a shelter, informing her of her legal options, and staying until the danger has passed. Hany of the laws prescribing such police duties or expanding arrest powers

Page 2

immunize law enforcement officers from suits for damages for any action taken in a good faith effort to enforce the law.

B. Probable Effect of Proposed Changes

HB 610 amends as 415 601-415 608, F.S., changing the designation from "spouse abuse" to "domestic violence" and providing definitions. "Domestic violence" is defined as "any assault, battery, physical abuse, or criminal sexual conduct against a family or household member by another family or household member," and the term "family or household members" includes "spouses, parents, children, persons related by consanguinty, or persons jointly residing in the same dwelling unit." The existing network of small shelters, designed to shelter spouse abuse victims and their children or other dependents, would also become responsible for the victims of most forms of child abuse and violence between adult roommates and boarders of the same residence, among others.

The bill also makes the following major changes in s. 741.30,

F.S :

G () [] [].

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[t provides definitions for "domestic violence," "family or household members," "victim," and "spouse."

It grants any family or household member standing in the circuit court to file a petition for a restraining order on behalf of himself or another victim of domestic violence.

it directs the clerk of the court to provide simplified forms and to assist a petitioner not represented by counsel.

It provides for filing fees and service fees to be vaived for persons with insufficient funds.

It removes the requirement that a person must have filed a complaint of spouse abuse with law enforcement before she can petition the court for relief.

- It shortens the prescribed form for the petition,
- It authorizes a person to apply for entry of a temporary or permanent restraining order.
- It authorizes the court to provide certain forms of rellef, in addition to any relief deemed necessary by the court for the protection of family or household members, and it limits any permanent relief granted to a fixed period not to exceed one year.
- It directs the court to set a hearing for the earliest possible time and provides for personal service of the hearing notice, petition, and any order issued upon the respondent.
- It authorizes the court to grant am ex parte temporary order when a petitioner alleges an immediate and present danger of domestic violence
- It authorizes the court to order the sheriff or other law enforcement officer to assist in

Page 3 HB 610

putting the petitioner in possession of the dwelling or provide other assistance in executing the restraining order.

- It specifies that the title to real estate is not affected by actions under this section.
- 13 It directs the clerk of the court to forward the restraining order to the appropriate sheriff and directs law enforcement agencies to share information on the existence and status of a restraining order.
- 14 It limits the enforcement of a restraining order to contempt proceedings.
- 15. It provides for a person arrested for the violation of a restraining order to be held in custody and brought before the court as expeditiously as possible.
- 16 It directs the clerk of the court to give the petitioner a certified copy of any restraining order.

The bill also makes the following major changes in s. 901.15, F.S. $^{\circ}$

- It authorizes a law enforcement officer to arrest without a warrant when he has probable cause to believe that the person has knowingly violated or refused to comply with a domestic violence restraining order.
- It directs an officer to advise domestic violence victims of the availability of a shelter or other services and of their legal rights and sva: lable remedies in the form of a written statement prescribed in the bill.

II. Fiscal Impact

A. State

None.

B. Local

Certain provisions in the bill would have a fiscal impact on local governments, although the exact costs have not been determined. These provisions include the opportunity for a wider population of family and household members to seek the court's protection from domestic violence, the waiver of service fees to the sheriff, the authorization of the court to order the sheriff or other officer to assist the petitioner in executing the petition, the requirement that the clerk forward restraining orders to the sheriff and that information be shared among law enforcement agencies, the requirement that a written notice of a victim's rights and remedies be developed and distributed by law enforcement, and the authorization of law enforcement officers to arrest a person who violates the provisions of a restraining order.

The provision in the bill which removes the misdemeanor penalty for the violation of a restraining order would eliminate the costs associated with prosecuting for such violation in criminal court

C. Private Sector

Page 4 RW 610

The provision which allows for the valver of a service fee to the sheriff in certain instances would save the victim such costs. The potential great expansion of the population seeking shelter under the broad definition of domestic violence and under the provisions that other family and household members could be housed with a victim could have a large impact on the financial ability of the shelters to provide needed services. The bill appropriates no additional funds

111. Comments

None.

Prepared by: Beverly Whiddon

Staff Director: Kandace M. Hill

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH & REHABILITATIVE SERVICES

HB 805 Rep. Gordon OTHER COMMITTEE OF REFERENCE: Judiciary, Appropriations

Relating to Domestic Violence

SIMILAR/COMPANION BILL: SB 495 (1), RB 610 (S)

April 1, 1984

I. Summary

A. Present Situation

Sections 415.601-415.605, F.S., provide legislative intent, definitions, and describe the process by which spouse abuse centers are certified and funded. "Spouse abuse" is defined as "any assault, battery, or other physical abuse by a person upon his spouse," and the term "spouse" includes persons currently or previously married. Current law does not address persons who live together as husband and wife who are not legally married, although the state's spouse abuse centers often provide shelter for battered women who are not legally married and pay for such services with funds other than state appropriated funds.

The law directs the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services (HRS) to certify spouse abuse centers to receive funds, to distribute funds to a certified center, and to allocate a uniform base amount to each certified center, in addition to funds allocated according to the number of marriage licenses sold in each center's catchment area. The law further provides that spouse abuse centers may be established as private, local, state or federal funds are available and that any local agency or organization may apply for certification and funding.

Saction 741.30, F.S., authorizes a person to file a petition with the circuit court alleging spouse abuse and requesting a restraining order. A petition may be filed only if the petitioner has previously filed a complaint of spouse abuse with a law enforcement agency. The law requires that certain information be included in the petition and provides a petition form. A restraining order must be served within 24 hours of its issuance and may be issued without a hearing, provided one is held within 20 days if requested by the respondent. The person alleging spouse abuse is not required to have legal representation nor may the issuance of a restraining order be conditioned upon divorce proceedings.

Under the existing law, the violation of a restraining order, which is assued by a circuit court, is a second degree misdemeanor which is handled in county court.

Section 901.15, F.S., specifies conditions under which a law enforcement officer may issue an arrest without a warrant. Such an arrest may be made when the officer has probable cause to believe that a person has committed a battery upon his spouse and he finds evidence of bodily harm or he reasonably believes that there is danger of violence unless the person alleged to have committed the battery is arrested. According to statistics maintained by the Florida Department of Law Enforcement, spouse abuse is one of the most frequent and personally dangerous situations in which officers find themselves. The state's Basic Recruit Training Course contains no specific unit of instruction for handling such investigations.

Certain questions which arise frequently in situations of spouse abuse are not addressed in current law, including whether or not the court can exclude an allegedly abusive spouse from his house prior to a hearing and whether a law enforcement officer can arrest someone without a warrant for the violation of a restraining order.

In nineteen states, police may issue a varrantless arrest if they have probable cause to believe that an abuser has violated a restraining order. Laws in six states remove discretion and impose a duty to arrest where there is probable cause to believe that spouse abuse has occurred. Almost half the states impose some duties on law enforcement officers responding to domestic disturbance calls, including transporting the victim to a shelter, informing her of her legal options, and staying until the danger has passed. Many of the laws prescribing such police duties or expanding arrest powers immunize law enforcement officers from sults for damages for any action taken in a good faith effort to enforce the law.

B. Probable Effect of Proposed Changes

HB 805 amends ss. 415.601-415.608, F.S., changing the designation from "spouse abuse" to "domestic violence" and modifying the limits on the term to include not only persons who are or have been married but also persons who cohabit, that is those who live together as husband and wife. It also provides for district-based funding, removes statutory restrictions on the allocation of funds. and separates the certification and funding of centers into distinct processes. It reinstates a statutory requirement that an annual report on the incidence of domestic violence be prepared and submitted to the Legislature. It expands the current direction to law enforcement officers by requiring that they notify a victim of her legal rights, in the form of a written statement prescribed in the bill, and by directing officers who investigate allegations of domestic violence to file a report. The bill specifies that the basic skills course used for the initial training of officers must include at least six hours in handling domestic violence cases and that the Office of the State Court Administrator must provide such instruction for appropriate circuit court judges.

The bill amends chapter 761, F.S., and makes the following major changes:

- It changes the designation from "restraining order" to "injunction for protection."
- it removes the requirement that a person must have fited a complaint of spouse abuse with law enforcement before she can petition the court for relief.

It specifies that a person may petition for an injunction whether or not she has left her house or there is another legal action pending, and it specifies that bond is not generally required.

It shortens the prescribed petition form and lists the actions which may be sought by the petitioner.

It directs the clerk of the court to provide simplified forms, to assist a person in filing the petition, and to advise the petitioner that filing fees can be waived if she is indigent and unable to pay.

- 6. It authorizes the court to issue an exparte injunction of up to 14 days when a petition alleges an immediate and present danger and specifies that such an injunction would grant whatever relief the court deemed proper, including restraint against acts of domestic violence and exclusion from the dwelling.
- It changes the timeframe for a hearing from not later than 20 days to not later than 14

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CS/HD 805

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COMMITTEE ON HEALTH & REHABILITATIVE SERVICES

OTHER COMMITTEE OF REFERENCE: Appropriations

Relating to Domestic Violenca

House HRS Committee &

SIMILAR/COMPANION BILL: SB 495 (S), HR 610 (S)

April 5, 1984

Summary

Present Situation

Sections \$15.601-415.605, F.S., provide legislative intent, definitions, and describe the process by which spouse abuse centers are certified and funded. "Spouse abuse" is defined as "any assault, battery, or other physical abuse by a person upon his spouse," and the term "spouse" includes persons currently or previously married.

The law directs the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services (HRS) to certify spouse abuse centers to receive funds, to distribute funds to a certified center, and to allocate a uniform base amount to each certified center, in addition to funds allocated according to the number of merriage licenses sold in each center's catchment area. The law further provides that spouse abuse centers may be established as private, local, state or federal funds are available and that any local agency or organization may apply for certification and funding.

Section 741.30, F.S., authorizes a person to file a petition with the circuit court alleging spouse abuse and requesting a restraining order. A petition may be filled only if the petitioner has previously filed a complaint of spouse abuse with a law enforcement agency. The law requires that certain information be included in the petition and provides a petition form. A restraining order must be served within 24 hours of its issuance and may be issued without a hearing, provided one is held within 20 days if requested by the respondent. The person alleging spouse abuse is not required to have legal representation nor may the issuance of a restraining order be conditioned upon divorce proceedings.

Under the existing law, the violation of a restraining order, which is issued by a circuit court, is a second degree misdemeanor which is handled in county court.

Section 901.15, F.S., specifies conditions under which a law enforcement officer may issue an arrest vithout a varrant. Such an arrest may be made when the officer has probable cause to believe that a person has committed a battery upon his spouse and he finds evidence of bodily harm or he reasonably believes that there is danger of violence unless the person alleged to have committed the battery is arrested. According to statistics maintained by the Florida Department of Law Enforcement, spouse abuse is one of the most frequent and personally dangerous situations in which officers find themselves. The state's Basic Recruit Training Course contains no specific unit of instruction for handling such investigations.

Certain questions which arise frequently in situations of spouse abuse are not addressed in current law, including whether or not the court can exclude an allegedly abusive spouse from his house prior to a hearing and whether a law enforcement officer can arrest someone vithout a varrent for the violation of a restraining order. In mineteen states, police may issue a varrantless errest if they have probable cause to believe that an abuser has violated a restraining order. Laws in six states remove discretion and impose a duty to arrest where there is probable cause to believe that spouse abuse has

Tallahassee, FL 32399-0250 pecurred. Almost haif the states impose some duties on law series 2 Carton / 35 including transporting the victim to a shalter, informing her of her legal options, and staying until the danger has passed. Hany of the laws prescribing such police duties or expanding arrest powers immunize law enforcement officers from sults for damages for any action taken in a good faith effort to enforce the law.

Probable Effect of Proposed Changes

CS/HR 805 makes the following changes to ss. 415.601-415.608,

F.S.:

- It changes the designation from "spouse abuse" to "domestic violence" and modifies the definition to reed "any assault, battery, or criminal sexual conduct against one's spouse."
- It provides for district-based funding, removes statutory restrictions on the allocation of funds, and separates the certification and funding of centers into distinct processes.
- It reinstates a statutory requirement that an annual report on the incidence of domestic violence be prepared and submitted to the Legislature.
- It specifies that the basic skills course used for the initial training of law enforcement officers must include at least six hours in handling domestic violence cases and that the Florida Court Education Council must provide such instruction for appropriate circuit court

The bill makes the following changes to s. 741.30,

F.S. t

- It changes the designation from "restraining order" to "injunction for protection."
- It removes the requirement that a person must have filed a complaint of spouse abuse with lav enforcement before she can patition the court for relief.
- It specifies that a person may petition for an injunction whether or not she has left her house or there is unother legal action pending, and it specifies that bond is not to be required.
- It shortens the prescribed petition form and lists the actions which may be sought by the petitioner.
- It directs the clerk of the court to provide simplified forms and to assist a person in filing the petition, if she is not represented by counsel.
- It specifies that filing and service fees are to be waived when a petitioner signs an effidavit stating that she has insufficient funds.
- It directs the court to hold a hearing at the earliest possible time, provides for personal

service of the petition and hearing notice upon the respondent, and directs the Clerk of the court to give the petitioner a copy of the injunction.

- 8. It authorizes the court to grant an ex parte temporary order, pending a full hearing; authorizes certain relief which the court may provide in addition to any relief the court deems proper; authorizes the court to take oral testimony to support the application for an ex parts temporary injunction; and provides limits.
- It specifies that the title to real estate is not affected by actions under this section.
- It authorizes the court to provide certain relief in an injunction and limits any relief granted to a fixed period not to exceed one year, unless extended by the court for a fixed period.
- It limits enforcement of the injunction to contempt of court and specifies that a finding of contempt may include a fine.
- 12 It provides for an expeditious hearing for a person arrested for the violation of an injunction for protection.
- 13. When requested by the petitioner, it directs the court to require law enforcement to assist a petitioner gain custody of her dwelling or otherwise assist in carrying out the provisions of the court's injunction.
- 14. It directs the clerk of the court to forward an injunction to the appropriate law enforcement agency and directs law enforcement agencies to share information related to the injunction.

The bill makes the following changes to chapter 901,

- It expands the situations in which a law enforcement officer may arrest without a warrant to include those times when he has probable cause to believe that a person has violated a domestic violence injunction for protection.
- It directs an officer to arrest when he has probable cause to believe that a person has committed an assault, battery, or criminal sexual conduct as an act of domestic violence.
- It provides immunity from liability for officers who exercise due care in arresting someone for domestic violence.
- ft directs a law enforcement officer who investigates an allegation of domestic violence to file a report.
- It expands the current mandate that an officer advise a victim of the availability of a shelter by having him also provide a written statement of a victim's rights and remedies.

Page 4 CS/HB 805

II. Fiscal Impact

A. State

The requirement that training in dealing with domestic violence be developed by the Department of Law Enforcement and the Office of the State Court Administrator could have a fiscal impact, although each agency has a source of funds for developing training resources. The Department of Law Enforcement is directed to prepare a written statement to distribute to local agencies which would have a small fiscal impact.

1. Local

Certain provisions in the bill would have a fiscal impact on local governments, although the exact costs have not been determined. These provisions include the requirement that law enforcement officers make a written report for each investigation of domestic violence; the mandate that a law enforcement officer assist in carrying out the provisions of an injunction, when requested; the provision that certain information be forwarded by the clerk to law enforcement and shared among law enforcement agencies; the mandate that an officer arrest upon a finding of probable cause that domestic violence has occurred; and the authorization of law enforcement officers to arrest a person who violates the provisions of an injunction.

The provision in the bill which removes the misdemesnor penalty for the violation of a restraining order would eliminate the costs associated with prosecuting for such violation in criminal court.

C. Private

CS/H8 805 eliminates the base allocation to spouse abuse centers and directs HRS to develop an allocation formula which will differ from the one currently in statute. This may result in a center receiving a different allocation than it now receives. However, due to the fact that the allocation of funds would be district-based under provisions of this bill, the decision to fund a center in one part of the state would no longer affect the allocations to centers in other parts of the state.

III. Comments

- Lack of adequate data on the nature and scope of domestic violence has hindered improvement of lew enforcement response to the problem. Twenty-eight states require law enforcement agencies either to keep internal records of each case handled or to file reports with another agency.
- 2. A 1983 study conducted by the Police Foundation in Washington, D.C., Indicates that arrest is a more effective police response to domestic violence than mediation by the police officers or separation of the parties. There was a recurrence of violence in 24 percent of the cases in which the parties were separated for eight hours, a 17 percent recurrence in cases that were mediated, and only a 10 percent reincidence of violence in cases in which arrests were made.

Prepared by: Beverly Whiddon

Staff Director: Kandace M. Hill

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH & REHABILITATIVE SERVICES

HB 610 Rep. Figg OTHER COMMITTEE OF REFERENCE: Appropriations

Relating to Domestic Violence

SIMILAR/COMPANION BILL: SB 495 (S), HB 805 (S)

April 27, 1984

I. Summary

A. Present Situation

Sections 415.601-415.605, F.S., provide legislative intent, definitions, and describe the process by which spouse abuse centers are certified and funded. "Spouse abuse" is defined as "any assault, battery, or other physical abuse by a person upon his spouse," and the term "spouse" includes persons currently or previously married. Current law does not address persons who live together as husband and wife who are not legally married, although the state's spouse abuse centers often provide shelter for battered women who are not legally married and pay for such services with funds other than state appropriated funds.

Section 741.30, F.S., authorizes a person to file a petition with the circuit court alleging spouse abuse and requesting a restraining order. A petition may be filed only if the petitioner has previously filed a complaint of spouse abuse with a law enforcement agency. The law requires that certain information be included in the petition and provides a petition form. A restraining order must be served within 24 hours of its issuance and may be issued without a hearing, provided one is held within 20 days if requested by the respondent. The person alleging spouse abuse is not required to have legal representation nor may the issuance of a restraining order be conditioned upon divorce proceedings.

Under the existing law, the violation of a restraining order, which is issued by a circuit court, is a second degree misdemeanor which is handled in county court.

Section 901.15, F.S., specifies conditions under which a law enforcement officer may issue an arrest without a warrant. Such an arrest may be made when the officer has probable cause to believe that a person has committed a battery upon his spouse and he finds evidence of bodily harm or he reasonably believes that there is danger of violence unless the person alleged to have committed the battery is arrested. According to statistics maintained by the Florida Department of Law Enforcement, spouse abuse is one of the most frequent and personally dangerous situations in which officers find themselves. The state's Basic Recruit Training Course contains no specific unit of instruction for handling such investigations.

Certain questions which arise frequently in situations of spouse abuse are not addressed in current law, including whether or not the court can exclude an allegedly abusive spouse from his house prior to a hearing and whether a law enforcement officer can arrest someone without a warrant for the violation of a restraining order. In nineteen states, police may issue a warrantless arrest if they have probable cause to believe that an abuser has violated a restraining order. Laws in six states remove discretion and impose a duty to arrest where there is probable cause to believe that spouse abuse has occurred. Almost half the states impose some duties on law enforcement officers responding to domestic disturbance calls, including transporting the victim to a shelter, informing her of her legal options, and staying until the danger has passed. Many of the laws prescribing such police duties or expanding arrest powers

immunize law enforcement officers from suits for damages for any action taken in a good faith effort to enforce the law

B. Probable Effect of Proposed Changes

HB 610 amends ss. 415.601-415.608, F.S., changing the designation from "spouse abuse" to "domestic violence" and providing definitions. "Domestic violence" is defined as "any assault, battery, physical abuse, or criminal sexual conduct against a family or household member by another family or household member," and the term "family or household members" includes "spouses, parents, children, persons related by consanguinity, or persons jointly residing in the same dwelling unit." The existing network of small shelters, designed to shelter spouse abuse victims and their children or other dependents, would also become responsible for the victims of most forms of child abuse and violence between adult roommates and boarders of the same residence, among others.

The bill also makes the following major changes in s. 741.30, $\pmb{F}.\pmb{S}$

It provides definitions for "domestic
violence," "family or household members,"
7 "victim," and "spouse."

It grants any family or household member standing in the circuit court to file a petition for a restraining order on behalf of himself or another victim of domestic violence.

It directs the clerk of the court to provide simplified forms and to assist a petitioner not represented by counsel.

It provides for filing fees and service fees to be waived for persons with insufficient funds.

It removes the requirement that a person must have filed a complaint of spouse abuse with law enforcement before she can petition the court for relief.

- It shortens the prescribed form for the petition.
- It authorizes a person to apply for entry of a temporary or permanent restraining order.
- 8. It authorizes the court to provide certain forms of relief, in addition to any relief deemed necessary by the court for the protection of family or household members, and it limits any permanent relief granted to a fixed period not to exceed one year.
- It directs the court to set a hearing for the earliest possible time and provides for personal service of the hearing notice, petition, and any order issued upon the respondent.
- 10. It authorizes the court to grant an ex parte temporary order when a petitioner alleges an immediate and present danger of domestic violence.
- It authorizes the court to order the sheriff or other law enforcement officer to assist in

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Page 3 HB 610

putting the petitioner in possession of the dwelling or provide other assistance in executing the restraining order.

- 12. It specifies that the title to real estate is not affected by actions under this section.
- 13. It directs the clerk of the court to forward the restraining order to the appropriate sheriff and directs law enforcement agencies to share information on the existence and status of a restraining order.
- 14. It limits the enforcement of a restraining order to contempt proceedings.
- 15. It provides for a person arrested for the violation of a restraining order to be held in custody and brought before the court as expeditiously as possible.
- It directs the clerk of the court to give the petitioner a certified copy of any restraining order.

The bill also makes the following major changes in s. 901.15,

F.S.:

- It authorizes a law enforcement officer to arrest without a warrant when he has probable cause to believe that the person has knowingly violated or refused to comply with a domestic violence restraining order.
- It directs an officer to advise domestic violence victims of the availability of a shelter or other services and of their legal rights and available remedies in the form of a written statement prescribed in the bill.
- II. Fiscal Impact
 - A. State

None.

B. Local

Certain provisions in the bill would have a fiscal impact on local governments, although the exact costs have not been determined. These provisions include the opportunity for a wider population of family and household members to seek the court's protection from domestic violence, the waiver of service fees to the sheriff, the authorization of the court to order the sheriff or other officer to assist the petitioner in executing the petition, the requirement that the clerk forward restraining orders to the sheriff and that information be shared among law enforcement agencies, the requirement that a written notice of a victim's rights and remedies be developed and distributed by law enforcement, and the authorization of law enforcement officers to arrest a person who violates the provisions of a restraining order.

The provision in the bill which removes the misdemeanor penalty for the violation of a restraining order would eliminate the costs associated with prosecuting for such violation in criminal court.

C. Private Sector

Page 4 HB 610

The provision which allows for the waiver of a service fee the sheriff in certain instances would save the victim such costs. The potential great expansion of the population seeking shelter under the broad definition of domestic violence and under the provisions that other family and household members could be housed with a victim could have a large impact on the financial ability of the shelters to provide needed services. The bill appropriates no additional funds.

III. Comments

Through amendment, the definition of "domestic violence" in Chapter 415, P.S., has been narrowed in its scope, but the definition remains broad in the bill's changes to s. 741.30, P.S., and includes violence between any persons related by blood and any persons who live in the same dwelling.

IV. Amendments

- The definition of "domestic violence" in s. 415.602,
 F.S., was changed to read "any assault, battery, or criminal Sexual conduct against one's spouse."
- 3., & 4. The definition of "family or household members" was deleted from this section of the bill, as were other references, in this section, to that term.

Prepared by Beverly Whiddon

Staff Director: Kandace M. Hill



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BILL NO. CS/SB 0495

Page 1

SENATE STAFF ANALYSIS AND ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

31.16.2 ----- 31.7

ANALYST STAFF DIRECTOR 1. Roberts Carnes C 2. JCI 3. AP SUBJECT: BILL NO. AND SPONSOR:

Domestic Violence

BILL NO. AND SPONSOR:

CS for SB 0495 by HRS Committee and Senators Castor and Frank

I. SUMMARY:

REVISED:

DATE:

A. Present Situation:

Section 415.601-415.605 directs the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services to certify spouse abuse centers to receive funds, to distribute funds to a certified center and to allocate a uniform base amount to each certified center, in addition to funds allocated according to the number of marriage licenses sold in each center's catchment area. The law further provides that spouse abuse centers may be established as private, local, state or federal funds are available and that any local agency or organization may apply for certification and funding. Law enforcement officers who investigate an alleged incident of spouse abuse may advise the victim of the availability of a spouse abuse center's services.

Section 741.30, Florida Statutes, authorizes a person who has previously filed a complaint of spouse abuse with a law enforcement agency to file a petition with the circuit court alleging spouse abuse and requesting a restraining order. A petition form is provided. The person alleging spouse abuse is not required to have legal representation nor may the issuance of a restraining order be conditioned upon divorce proceedings. Violation of a restraining order which is issued by a circuit court, is a second degree misdemeanor which is handled in county court.

Pursuant to section 901.15, Florida Statutes, an arrest can be made without a warrent if a domestic violence act is committed in presence of officer or when there is bodily harm or danger of violence.

B. Effect of Proposed Changes:

This bill amends ss. 415.601-415.608, Florida Statutes, changing the designation from "spouse abuse" to "domestic violence". Domestic violence means any assault, battery, or criminal sexual conduct against one's spouse. Funding is changed from a center based allocation to a district based allocation, which allows funding decisions to be made within a district without impacting on the level of funding statewide. An annual report on the incidence of domestic violence is to be submitted to the Legislature. Investigating officers are required to advise victims of the availability of services at domestic violence centers. Officers must advise as to legal rights and remedies available and also must file written reports. Officer training is required on the subject of domestic violence.

April 27, 1984

Page 2

Chapter 741, Florida Statutes, is amended to provide for an "injunction for protection" instead of a "restraining order".

Any person who is a victim of domestic violence may petition for injunctive protection. Neither filing a complaint or leaving a residence is a prerequisite to filing a petition. Bond or security is not required to petition. A modified petition form is provided. Filing and service fees may be waived. Under some circumstances the court may issue an exparte temporary injunction. Violation of an injunction constitutes contempt of court instead of a second degree misdemeanor. Other relief that the court can grant is set out. Upon request, an officer may assist petitioner in carrying out the provisions of the injunction.

If there is probable cause, an officer may arrest without a warrant even if the domestic violence did not occur in the officer's presence. Officers are also directed to arrest for violation of an injunction and are given immunity from civil liability for good faith arrests.

II. ECONOMIC IMPACT AND FISCAL NOTE:

A. Public:

The base allocation is eliminated and the department is directed to develop an allocation formula. This may result in a center receiving a different allocation than it now receives. However, because the allocation of funds will be district based under the provisions of this bill, the decision to fund a center in one part of the state would no longer affect the allocation to centers in other parts of the state.

B. Government:

The training and instruction of law enforcement officers and circuit judges on the subject of domestic violence can be incorporated in existing training programs at no additional cost to the departments.

The requirements of written reports, written notices of victim's rights and remedies, assistance in carrying out provisions of an injunction, among other things may impact local agencies.

III. COMMENTS:

<u>None</u>

IV. AMENDMENTS:



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REVISED: May 11, 1984

May 10, 1984

DATE:

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BILL NO. CS/SB 495

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SENATE STAFF ANALYSIS AND ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

REFERENCE ACTION ANALYST STAFF DIRECTOR 1. HRS Fav/CS Roberts Carnes Alberdi XV Fav/3 amend 2. Slaymaker7 2. <u>JCI</u> $3. \overline{AP}$ SUBJECT: BILL NO. AND SPONSOR: Domestic Violence CS/SB 495 by HRS Committee, Senators Castor

I. SUMMARY:

A. Present Situation:

Sections 415.601-415.608, Florida Statutes, are Florida's Spouse Abuse Treatment and Rehabilitation Act and it is the intent of the Legislature to assist in the development of spouse abuse centers for the victims of spouse abuse and to provide a place where the parties involved may be separated until they can be properly assisted. Spouse abuse is defined to mean any assault, battery, or other physical abuse by a person upon his spouse.

and Frank

The Act directs the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Service (DHRS) to certify spouse abuse centers, to receive applications for state funding of spouse abuse centers, and to evaluate annually each spouse abuse center for compliance with certain minimum standards. The Act also provides that the DHRS may conduct research and evaluation on spouse abuse so as to serve as a clearinghouse for information relating to spouse abuse.

Marriage license fees collected pursuant to s. 741 which are directed for the purpose of funding spouse abuse centers shall be distributed annually by the DHRS to each certified center according to a specified formula.

Section 415.605 provides requirements which must be complied with before a facility can be certified and funded as a spouse abuse center. The main requirements being that the spouse abuse center serve as a center to receive and house persons who are victims of spouse abuse and that certain minimum services be provided to said victims.

Any law enforcement officer who investigates an alleged incident of spouse abuse may advise the victim of the abuse of the availability of spouse abuse centers from which the victim may receive services.

Section 741.01 provides for the issuance of a marriage license and also provides that a portion of the fee shall be directed to the DHRS for the purpose of funding spouse abuse centers.

Section 741.30 authorizes a person who has previously filed a complaint of spouse abuse with a law enforcement agency to file a petition with the circuit court alleging spouse abuse and requesting a restraining order. A petition form is provided. The person alleging spouse abuse is not required to have legal representation nor may the issuance of the restraining order be conditioned upon dissolution of marriage proceedings.

REVISED: May 11, 1984 BILL NO. CS/SB 495

DATE: May 10, 1984 Page 2

Violation of a restraining order which is issued by a circuit court, is a second degree misdemeanor.

Section 905.15(6) provides that a law enforcement officer may arrest a person without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has committed a battery upon the person's spouse and the officer finds evidence of bodily harm or the officer reasonably believes that there is danger of violence unless the person alleged to have committed the battery is arrested without delay.

B. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill amends Florida's Spouse Abuse Treatment and Rehabilitation Act by changing the term "spouse abuse" to "domestic violence." "Domestic violence" is defined as any assault, battery, or criminal sexual conduct against one's spouse.

The funding of the domestic violence centers is changed from a center based allocation to an allocation made to the 11 DHRS service districts thereby permitting funding decisions to be made within a district without impacting on the level of funding statewide.

A law enforcement officer who investigates an alleged incident of domestic violence shall advise the victim of such violence of the availability of domestic violence centers from which the victim may receive services. The officer shall also give the victim notice of rights available in the provisions of s. 901.155.

The bill provides that the DHRS shall furnish to the Legislature an annual report on the status of domestic violence in Florida.

New training requirements are also created to provide for the instruction of law enforcement officers in the subject of domestic violence and for the establishment of standards for instruction of circuit court judges having responsibility for domestic violence cases.

Section 741.01 is amended to change the term "spouse abuse" to "domestic violence." Section 741.30 is substantially reworded to provide for an injunction for protection. Any person who is a victim of domestic violence may petition the circuit court for a domestic violence injunction for protection. A person's right to petition for such an injunction shall not be affected whether or not there is currently pending any other petition, complaint, or cause of action between the parties or because the petitioner has left a residence or household to avoid domestic violence. A petition for injunction for protection form is provided.

Upon the filing of the petition, the court shall set a hearing. If the court finds an immediate danger of domestic violence exists, it may grant an exparte temporary injunction. The issuance of an injunction shall not require that the petitioner be represented by an attorney, nor shall it be conditioned upon any dissolution of marriage proceedings or other legal action between the petitioner and the respondent. The court shall enforce compliance of the injunctive relief granted through contempt proceedings which may include the imposition of a fine.

The bill expands the application of s. 901.15 to permit a law enforcement officer to arrest a person without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has

REVISED: May 11, 1984 BILL NO. CS/SB 495

DATE: May 10, 1984 Page 3

knowingly violated or refused to comply with a domestic violence injunction for protection entered pursuant to s. 741.30.

An officer may arrest a person anywhere, whether or not the officer has a warrant, if the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has committed an act of domestic violence as defined in s. 741.30(1)(a), although such act did not take place in the presence of the officer.

An officer who acts in good faith and exercises due care in making the arrest shall be immune from civil liability that otherwise might result by reason of his action.

The bill creates a new section which imposes certain duties on law enforcement officers investigating alleged incidents of domestic violence.

II. ECONOMIC IMPACT AND FISCAL NOTE:

A. Public:

The bill eliminates the existing base allocation and directs the DHRS to develop a district wide allocation formula. This may result in a center receiving a different allocation than it now receives.

B. Government:

The training and instruction of law enforcement officers and circuit judges on the subject of domestic violence can be incorporated in existing training programs at minimal cost.

The requirements of written reports, written notices of victim's rights and remedies, and the providing of assistance in carrying out provisions of injunction for protection, may produce additional expenses for local agencies.

III. COMMENTS:

It should be noted that in section 8 of the bill the Florida Court Education Council is directed to establish standards for instruction of circuit court judges and to provide such instruction on a periodic and timely basis. This may be viewed as a legislative attempt to dictate administration of the judiciary, thus raising a separation of powers problem.

IV. AMENDMENTS:

#1 and #2 by Judiciary-Civil:
Change the words "criminal sexual conduct" to "sexual battery."

#3 by Judiciary-Civil:

Changes language in the committee substitute to that which currently exists in s. 901.15 to provide that a law enforcement officer may arrest a person without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has committed a battery upon the person's spouse and finds evidence of bodily harm or the officer reasonably believes that there is danger of violence unless the person alleged to have committed the battery is arrested without delay. Also, a law enforcement officer who acts in good faith and exercises due care in making an arrest pursuant to subsection (7) shall be immune from civil liablity that otherwise might result by reason of his action.

R O P Y

FLOPIDA STATE ARCHIVES
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BILL NO. CS/SB 495

Page <u>l</u>

DATE:

May 10, 1984

REVISED: June 4, 1984

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SENATE STAFF ANALYSIS AND ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

ANALYST STAFF DIRECTOR	<u>REFERENCE</u> <u>ACTION</u>
1. Roberts Carnes C	1. HRS Fav/CS 2. JCI 3. AP
SUBJECT:	BILL NO. AND SPONSOR:
Domestic Violence	CS/S8 495 by HRS Committee, Senators Castor and Frank

I. SUMMARY:

A. Present Situation:

Sections 415.601-415.608, Florida Statutes, are Florida's Spouse Abuse Treatment and Rehabilitation Act and it is the intent of the Legislature to assist in the development of spouse abuse centers for the victims of spouse abuse and to provide a place where the parties involved may be separated until they can be properly assisted. Spouse abuse is defined to mean any assault, battery, or other physical abuse by a person upon his spouse.

The Act directs the Department of Health and Renabilitative Service (DHRS) to certify spouse abuse centers, to receive applications for state funding of spouse abuse centers, and to evaluate annually each spouse abuse center for compliance with certain minimum standards. The act also provides that the DHRS may conduct research and evaluation on spouse abuse so as to serve as a clearinghouse for information relating to spouse abuse.

Marriage license fees collected pursuant to s. 741 which are directed for the purpose of funding spouse abuse centers shall be distributed annually by the DHRS to each certified center according to a specified formula.

Section 415.605 provides requirements which must be complied with before a facility can be certified and funded as a spouse abuse center. The main requirements being that the spouse abuse center serve as a center to receive and house persons who are victims of spouse abuse and that certain minimum services be provided to said victims.

Any law enforcement officer who investigates an alleged incident of spouse abuse may advise the victim of the abuse of the availability of spouse abuse centers from which the victim may receive services.

Section 741.01 provides for the issuance of a marriage license and also provides that a portion of the fee shall be directed to the DHRS for the purpose of funding spouse abuse centers.

Section 741.30 authorizes a person who has previously filed a complaint of spouse abuse with a law enforcement agency to file a petition with the circuit court alleging spouse abuse and requesting a restraining order. A petition form is provided. The person alleging spouse abuse is not required to have legal representation nor may the issuance of the restraining order be conditioned upon dissolution of marriage proceedings.

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Violation of a restraining order which is issued by a circuit court, is a second degree misdemeanor.

Section 905.15(6) provides that a law enforcement officer may arrest a person without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has committed a battery upon the person's spouse and the officer finds evidence of bodily harm or the officer reasonably believes that there is danger of violence unless the person alleged to have committed the battery is arrested without delay.

B. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill amends Florida's Spouse Abuse Treatment and Rehabilitation Act by changing the term "spouse abuse" to "domestic violence." "Domestic violence" is defined as any assault, battery, or criminal sexual conduct against one's spouse.

The funding of the domestic violence centers is changed from a center based allocation to an allocation made to the 11 DHRS service districts thereby permitting funding decisions to be made within a district without impacting on the level of funding statewide.

A law enforcement officer wno investigates an alleged incident of domestic violence shall advise the victim of such violence of the availability of domestic violence centers from which the victim may receive services. The officer shall also give the victim notice of rights available in the provisions of s. 901.155.

The bill provides that the DHRS shall furnish to the Legislature an annual report on the status of domestic violence in Florida.

New training requirements are also created to provide for the instruction of law enforcement officers in the subject of domestic violence and for the establishment of standards for instruction of circuit court judges having responsibility for domestic violence cases.

Section 741.01 is amended to change the term "spouse abuse" to "domestic violence." Section 741.30 is substantially reworded to provide for an injunction for protection. Any person who is a victim of domestic violence may petition the circuit court for a domestic violence injunction for protection. A person's right to petition for such an injunction shall not be affected whether or not there is currently pending any other petition, complaint, or cause of action between the parties or because the petitioner has left a residence or household to avoid domestic violence. A petition for injunction for protection form is provided.

Upon the filing of the petition, the court shall set a hearing. If the court finds an immediate danger of domestic violence exists, it may grant an exparte temporary injunction. The issuance of an injunction shall not require that the petitioner be represented by an attorney, nor shall it be conditioned upon any dissolution of marriage proceedings or other legal action between the petitioner and the respondent. The court shall enforce compliance of the injunctive relief granted through contempt proceedings which may include the imposition of a fine.

The bill expands the application of s. 901.15 to permit a law enforcement officer to arrest a person without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has

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knowingly violated or refused to comply with a domestic violence injunction for protection entered pursuant to s. 741.30.

An officer may arrest a person anywhere, whether or not the officer has a warrant, if the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has committed an act of domestic violence as defined in s. 741.30(1)(a), although such act did not take place in the presence of the officer.

An officer who acts in good faith and exercises due care in making the arrest shall be immune from civil liability that otherwise might result by reason of his action.

The bill creates a new section which imposes certain duties on law enforcement officers investigating alleged incidents of domestic violence.

II. ECONOMIC IMPACT AND FISCAL NOTE:

A. Public:

The bill eliminates the existing base allocation and directs the DHRS to develop a district wide allocation formula. This may result in a center receiving a different allocation than it now receives.

B. Government:

The training and instruction of law enforcement officers and circuit judges on the subject of domestic violence can be incorporated in existing training programs at minimal cost.

The requirements of written reports, written notices of victim's rights and remedies, and the providing of assistance in carrying out provisions of injunction for protection, may produce additional expenses for local agencies.

III. COMMENTS:

It should be noted that in section 8 of the bill the Florida Court Education Council is directed to establish standards for instruction of circuit court judges and to provide such instruction on a periodic and timely basis. This may be viewed as a legislative attempt to dictate administration of the judiciary, thus raising a separation of powers problem.

IV. AMENDMENTS:

STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL _0495

- Law enforcement agency may order an officer to assist petitioner in execution or service of an injunction for protection.
- 2. Law enforcement officer may arrest a person without a warrant if there's probable cause to believe the person committed an act of domestic violence, whether or not the violent act took place in the officer's presence.

Committee on Health and Rehabilitative Services

Chairman or Staff Director

SB 445 Senaturs Castor

21-359A-84 See HB 805

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to domestic violence; amending s 415 601, F S; providing legislative intent; amending s 415 602, FS, providing definitions; amending s. 415.603, F.S., setting forth duties and functions of the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services with respect to domestic violence, creating s. 415.604, F.S , requiring an annual report by the department, amending s 415 605, F.S; providing for certification, decertification, procedures for seeking services, and funding of domestic violence centers; providing rulemaking authority, amending s 415.606, F.S.; providing for referral of victims to centers and notice of rights; creating s. 415.607, F.S.; requiring reports by law enforcement officers, amending s 415 608, F.S., providing for confidentiality of information, creating s 415 609, F.S., requiring that law enforcement officers and certain judges receive certain information and training; amending s. 741.30, F.S , providing for an injunction for protection and an ex parte temporary injunction for protection, providing penalties for violating such injunctions; creating s. 741.31, F S prescribing relief available through an injunction for protection, creating s 741.32, F.S; providing for law enforcement officers to assist in executing or serving such injunction, creating s. 741 33, F S; providing for the

modification of such injunction, creating s.

741.34, F.S; providing for sending copies of such injunctions to certain law enforcement agencies, amending s. 901.15, F.S., requiring arrest with or without a warrant in specified circumstances, giving immunity from civil liability to certain law enforcement officers; amending s. 741 01, F.S; changing "spouse abuse" to "domestic violence" to conform to the purposes of this act, providing an effective date

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida

Section 1 Section 415 601, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

rehabilitation; legislative intent.—The Legislature recognizes that certain persons who assault, batter, or otherwise abuse their spouses and the persons subject to such domestic violence abuse are in need of treatment and rehabilitation. It is the intent of the Legislature to assist in the development of domestic violence spouse abuse centers for the victims of domestic violence spouse abuse and to provide a place where the parties involved may be separated until they can be properly assisted.

Section 2. Section 415.602, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

415.602 Definitions of terms used in ss. 415-601-415-608.--As used in ss. 415.601-415.609 this set:

(1) "Department" means the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services 2 (2) "District" means the county, or combination of 3 counties, as defined in s 20 19. 4 (3) "Domestic violence" means physical harm, bodily 5 injury, sexual battery, or assault, between spouses 6 7 (4) "Domestic violence center" means a facility which provides services to victims of domestic violence. 8 (5) (2) "Spouse" means a person to whom another person 9 is married or a person to whom another person has been married 10 11 and from whom such other person is now separated or divorced (3) "Spouse abuse" means any assault; battery; or 12 1.3 other physical abuse by a person upon his spouse-(4) "Spouse abuse center" means a facility which 14 15 provides services to Victims of spouse abuse and which has been certified by the department to receive state funds. 16 17 (5) "Victim" means any individual suffering assault; 18 battery, or other physical abuse inflicted by his speuse or 19 former spouse-Section 3. Section 415.603, Florida Statutes, is 20 amended to read. 21 22 415.603 Duties and functions of the department with 23 respect to domestic violence spease abuse --24 (1) It shall be the duty of the department. 25 (a) To establish health, safety, and minimum program 26 requirement standards for certifying domestic violence spease 27 abuse centers to receive state funds. 28 (b) To receive and approve or reject applications for 29 state funding of domestic violence spouse abuse centers. 30 31

See HB 805 21-359A-84

(c) To receive and approve or reject applications for 1 certification of domestic violence centers each application within 60 days of receipt of the application.

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- (d) To distribute funds to a certified center within 45 days after approval-
- (d) {e} To evaluate annually each certified domestic violence spease abuse center for compliance with the minimum standards. The department shall have the right to enter and inspect the premises of certified domestic violence spease abuse centers at any reasonable hour in order to effectively evaluate the state of compliance of such centers with the provisions of ss. 415.601-415 609 this section and rules in force pursuant thereto.
- (2) The department shall prescribe by rule the procedures by which subsection (1) shall be implemented Without using designated district allocated center funds, the department may:
- (a) Formulate and conduct a research and evaluation program on domestic violence spease abuse and cooperate with and assist and participate in programs of other properly qualified agencies, including any agency of the Federal Government, schools of medicine, hospitals, and clinics, in planning and conducting research on the prevention, care, treatment, and rehabilitation of persons engaged in or subject to domestic violence spouse abuse
- (b) Serve as a clearinghouse for information relating to domestic violence spouse abuse
- (c) Carry on educational programs on domestic violence spouse abuse for the benefit of the general public, persons engaged in or subject to domestic violence spouse abuse, professional persons, or others who care for or may be engaged

in the care and treatment of persons engaged in or subject to domestic violence spease abuse.

(d) Enlist the assistance of public and voluntary health, education, welfare, and rehabilitation agencies in a concerted effort to prevent domestic violence speuse abuse and to treat persons engaged in or subject to domestic violence speuse abuse

Section 4. Section 415 604, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

415 604 Report to the Legislature --On or before

January 1 of each year, the Department of Health and

Rehabilitative Services shall furnish to the President of the

Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a

report on the status of domestic violence in Florida, which

shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (1) Incidence of domestic violence in this state
- (2) Identification of the areas of the state where domestic violence is of significant proportions, indicating the number of cases officially reported, as well as an assessment of the degree of unreported cases of domestic violence.
- (3) Identification and description of the types of programs in the state that assist victims of domestic violence or persons committing domestic violence upon their family or household members, including information on funding for the programs
- (4) The number of persons treated by or assisted by local domestic violence programs receiving funding through the department.
- (5) A statement on the effectiveness of such programs in preventing future domestic violence

(6) An inventory and evaluation of existing prevention programs.

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(7) A listing of potential prevention efforts identified by the department, the estimated annual cost of providing such prevention services, both for a single client and for the anticipated target population as a whole; identification of potential funding sources; and the projected benefits of providing such services

Section 5 Section 415 605, Florida Statutes, is amended to read.

415 605 Domestic violence Spouse abuse centers --

- (1) In order to be certified and funded under ss.
 415.601-415 609 this act, each domestic violence center shall
- (a) Provide a facility which will serve as a center to receive and house persons who are <u>victims of domestic violence</u>

 spease abase victims For the purpose of <u>ss. 415 601-415 609</u>

 this act, minor children and other dependents of a victim, when such dependents are partly or wholly dependent on the victim for support or services, may be sheltered with the victim in a <u>domestic violence</u> spease abase center.
- (b) Receive the <u>annual perhedie</u> written endorsement of local law enforcement agencies.; and
- (c) Receive 25 percent of its funding from one or more local; municipal; or county sources; public or private—
 Contributions in kind; whether materials; commodities; transportation; office space; other types of facilities; or personal services; may be evaluated and sounted as part of the required local funding.
- (c)(d) Provide minimum services which shall include, but not be limited to, information and referral services, counseling services, temporary emergency shelter for more than

24 hours, and educational services for community awareness relative to the incidence of <u>domestic violence</u> spease abase, the prevention of such <u>violence</u> abase, and the care, treatment, and rehabilitation for persons engaged in or subject to <u>domestic violence</u> spease abase.

- (d)(e) Participate in the provision of orientation and training programs developed for law enforcement officers, social workers, and other professionals and paraprofessionals who work with domestic violence spouse abuse victims to better enable such persons to deal effectively with incidents of domestic violence spouse abuse.
- (e) Establish and maintain a board of directors

 composed of at least three citizens, one of whom shall be a

 member of a local, municipal, or county law enforcement

 agency
- (f) Comply with rules adopted pursuant to ss. 415.601-415 609.
- (2) If the department finds that there is failure by a center to comply with the requirements established under ss.

 415 601-415 609 or with rules adopted pursuant thereto, the department may deny, suspend, or revoke the certification of the center. Spouse abuse centers may be established throughout the state as private; local; state; or federal funds are available. Any local agency or organization may apply to participate in certification and state funding.
- (3) The annual certificate shall expire on the termination date shown on the certificate
- (4)(3) The domestic violence spease abase centers shall establish procedures pursuant to which persons subject to domestic violence spease abase may seek services from these centers on a voluntary basis

(4) Each spouse abuse center shall have a board composed of at least three citizens; one of whom shall be a member of a local; municipal; or county law enforcement agency.

- (5) Domestic violence centers may be established throughout the state as private, local, state, or federal funds are available
 - (6) In order to receive state funds, a center shall.
- (a) Obtain certification pursuant to ss. 415.601415 609 However, the issuance of a certificate shall not obligate the department to provide funding
- (b) Receive at least 25 percent of its funding from one or more local, municipal, or county sources, public or private Contributions in kind, whether materials, commodities, transportation, office space, other types of facilities, or personal services, may be evaluated and counted as part of the required local funding

(7)(5)(a) All fees collected and appropriated to the domestic violence program under s. 741-91(2) for spouse abuse centers shall be distributed annually by the department to each district according to an allocation formula determined by the department. In developing the formula, the department shall take into consideration population, a rural and geographical area factor, and the incidence of domestic violence, certified center. The department shall allocate a uniform base amount to each certified center. The remainder of the appropriated funds shall be distributed in the same proportion as the number of marriage licenses sold in the center's catchment area bears to the total number of marriage licenses.

shall be that number sold in each center's catchment area for the most recent year for which such figures are available.

domestic violence center shall contain provisions assuring the availability and geographic accessibility of services throughout the district. For this purpose, centers may distribute funds through subcontracts or to center satellites, provided that such arrangements and any subcontracts are approved by the district. For the purposes of this section, a "eatchment area" means that portion of a county, the county, the county, the county, or the district served by a certified spouse abuse center as specified in its application to be certified and approved by the department.

(8) The department shall prescribe by rule the procedures by which subsection (7) shall be implemented and may adopt such other rules as are necessary for the proper administration of ss 415.601, 415 602, 415 603, 415.604, 415 605, 415 608, and 415.609

Section 6 Section 415.606, Florida Statutes, is amended to read.

(Substantial rewording of section. See s. 415.606, F.S., for present text)

415 606 Referral to centers and notice of rights --Any law enforcement officer who investigates an alleged incident of domestic violence shall advise the victim of such violence that there is a domestic violence center from which he or she may receive services. The law enforcement officer shall give the victim immediate notice of the legal rights and remedies available. The notice shall include.

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(1) The resource listing, including telephone number, for the area domestic violence center designated by the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services; and

(2) A copy of the following statement "IF YOU ARE THE VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, you may ask the state attorney to file a criminal complaint. You also have the right to go to court and file a petition requesting an injunction for protection from domestic violence which may include, but need not be limited to, provisions which restrain the abuser from further acts of abuse, direct the abuser to leave your household, prevent the abuser from entering your residence, school, business, or place of employment, award you custody of your minor child or children; and direct the abuser to pay support to you and the minor children if the abuser has a legal obligation to do so."

Section 7. Section 415.607, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

415 607 Report required. --When a law enforcement officer investigates an allegation that an incident of domestic violence has occurred, whether or not an arrest is made, the officer shall make a written police report of the alleged incident. The officer shall submit the report to his supervisor or other person to whom the employer's rules or policies require reports of similar allegations of criminal activity to be made.

Section 8. Section 415.608, Florida Statutes, is amended to read.

415 608 Confidentiality of information received by department or <u>domestic violence</u> spouse abuse centers.—

Information received by the department or by authorized persons employed by or volunteering services to a <u>domestic</u>

violence center, through files, reports, inspection, or otherwise, shall be deemed confidential information and shall not be disclosed publicly in such a manner as to identify individuals or facilities. This information is exempt from the provisions of s 119 07.

Section 9 Section 415.609, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

415 609 Training --

- (1) The Department of Law Enforcement shall provide a copy of ss. 415 606 and 415 607 to every law enforcement agency in this state on or before January 1, 1985
- (2) The Criminal Justice Standards and Training
 Commission shall establish standards for instruction of law
 enforcement officers in the subject matter of domestic
 violence. Every basic skills course required in order to
 obtain initial certification for law enforcement officers
 shall, after January 1, 1986, include training of a minimum of
 6 hours in handling domestic violence cases
- (3) The Office of the State Courts Administrator shall establish standards for instruction of circuit court judges who have responsibility for domestic violence cases and shall provide such instruction on a periodic and timely basis.
- Section 10 Section 741 30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 741.30 Petition for <u>injunction for protection</u> erder to restrain abusive speuse; <u>hearing</u>, penalty for violation of <u>injunction</u> erder --There shall exist an action known as a <u>petition for an injunction for protection in cases of domestic violence</u>
- made by any person who is a victim of domestic violence as

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1 defined in s 415.602(3) on behalf of himself or herself. The petition shall allege the existence of domestic violence and shall be accompanied by an affidavit made under oath stating the specific facts and circumstances from which relief is sought Any spouse as defined in s- 415-602(2) who has fried a complaint of spouse abuse with a law enforcement agency or the elerk of the erreurt court and who files a verified petition alleging spouse abuse with the elerk of the circuit court of the county wherein the person filing the verified petition resides may be entitled to have the court issue a restraining order with such terms and conditions as the court deems advisable with respect to the facts alleged in the verified petition. However, upon application for such restraining order, the petitioner shall be given an expedited hearing- The verified petition shall contain the date; time; and place of the alleged spouse abuse; the law enforcement agency which investigated the complaint; and the circumstances of the spouse abuse which occurred:

- (2)(a) A person's right to petition for an injunction for protection shall not be affected by his or her leaving a residence or household to avoid abuse.
- (b) A petition for an injunction for protection may be made whether or not there is a pending complaint, petition, or other legal action between the parties_
- (c) The court shall not require security or bond of any party to a petition for an injunction for protection unless it deems that such security or bond is necessary because the case is exceptional_
- (3) (2) The verified petition shall be in the following form.

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1 PETITION FOR AN INJUNCTION FOR PROTECTION 2 3 ORDER TO RESTRAIN AN ABUSIVE SPOUSE 4 Before me, the undersigned authority, personally appeared 5 Petitioner .(Name) , who was sworn and says that the 6 7 following statement is true 8 9 The petitioner alleges has filed a complaint with --- (law 10 enforcement agency) --- alleging that petitioner was the victim 11 of domestic violence caused abused by respondent person spease (place). . on . (date) at . (time). . in the 12 13 following manner (circumstances). 14 15 A copy of the complaint filed with the law enforcement agency 16 is attached to this potition-17 (a) The physical injuries petitioner has suffered as a 18 result of the violent actions of respondent person spease 19 20 include ... ARREST FRE THE TREET COMMENTS IN 21 22 (b) (Mark appropriate section) 23 Petitioner and respondent now live together and 24 respondent refuses to leave. 25 Respondent lives at: .. (address) 26 (c) Petitioner seeks: (Mark appropriate section or 27 sections) 28 An injunction restraining any party from committing 29 acts of domestic violence. 30 31

. An injunction excluding the respondent from the 1 2 dwelling which the parties share or from the residence of the 3 petitioner. 4 An injunction on the same basis as is provided in chapter 61, awarding temporary custody or establishing 5 temporary visitation with regard to minor children of the 6 7 parties. 8 An injunction provided as in chapter 61 9 establishing temporary support for minor children or a spouse.An injunction directing the respondent to 10 participate in assessment and treatment. 111 12 An injunction providing any terms the court deems 13 necessary for the protection of a victim of domestic violence, 14 including injunctions or directives to the law enforcement 15 agencies. 16 ----Petitioner and respondent have the following 17 actions pending with this court-18 ---- legal separation 19 ---- eustody or juvenile matter 20 ----dissolution (divorce) ----nullity 21 -:-- other --- {describe}------22 23 ----Petitioner and respondent have no actions pending 24 with this court: 25 (d) (Mark appropriate sections:) 26 ----Petitioner has the following children in 27 petitioner's sustody who are the children of respondent-28 --- (name, age, and birth date of cash shild) ------29 ----Petitioner has the following children in 30 petitioner's sustedy who are not the children of respondent; --- (name, age, and birth date of each child and how petitioner

is related to each child}-----2 (e) (Mark if appropriate-) 3 ----Petitioner genuincly fears violence from respondent upon the children for the following reasons: ------4 5 6 7 Petitioner seeks an order restraining the respondent spouse 8 from abusing the petitioner and providing for any other terms and conditions that the court deems advisable with respect to q 10 the facts alleged in the petition-11 ... (Signature of Petitioner) Sworn to and subscribed on ..., 19 ... 12 13 .. (Notary Public) .. 14 My Commission Expires: ... (4) The clerk shall provide simplified forms and 15 16 clerical assistance to help with the writing and filing of a petition under this section by any person not represented by 17 18 counsel. The clerk shall advise the petitioner that filing 19 fees will be waived if the petitioner signs an affidavit 20 stating that the petitioner is indigent or unable to pay such 21 fees 22 (5)(3) The injunction for protection restraining order 23 shall be served upon the person opeuse complained against 24 within 24 hours after of its issuance When a petition for an 25 injunction for protection alleges an immediate and present 26 danger of domestic violence, the court may issue, issues the 27 restraining order without a hearing, an ex parte temporary 28 injunction for protection, which order shall be effective for 29 a fixed period not to exceed 14 days, and shall grant relief 30 as the court deems proper, including an injunction: 31

1 (a) Restraining any party from committing acts of
2 domestic violence,
3 (b) Excluding any party from the dwelling that the

- (b) Excluding any party from the dwelling that the parties share or from the residence of the other party except by further order of the court, or
- (c) Granting the remedies provided in both paragraph(a) and paragraph (b).
- (6) The court, if requested by the spouse complained against, shall provide a hearing as soon as reasonably possible but not later than 14 20 days after the date of the petition or, if a temporary injunction is issued, within 14 days after the date of the issuance of the injunction order. Personal service shall be made upon the respondent not less than 5 days prior to the hearing. If service cannot be made upon the respondent, the court may set a new date. Any testimony offered by a respondent in a hearing on an injunction for protection is inadmissible in a criminal proceeding.
- (7) The issuance of an injunction for protection such an order shall not require that the party alleging domestic violence spouse abuse be represented by an attorney, nor shall such injunction a restraining order be conditioned upon any dissolution of marriage proceedings or other complaint, petition, or legal action between the petitioner and the respondent.
- (8)(4) Any person who has been served with an injunction for protection a restraining order issued by a judge of the circuit court pursuant to this section subsection (3) and who knowingly violates or refuses to comply with the provisions of such injunction order is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775 082, s.

775.083, or s 775 084 A violation of an injunction for protection shall also constitute contempt of court and be subject to the penalties therefor. When a person prosecuted for violation of an injunction a restraining order issued pursuant to this section is ordered to pay a fine, revenues from the fine shall be collected and disbursed through the trust fund established in s 741.01. The Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services may also use revenues collected through fines to fund counseling services for the purpose of rehabilitating the abusive person species.

Section 11 Section 741.31, Florida Statutes, is created to read.

741 31 Relief by the court --

- (1) Upon notice and hearing, the court, in the injunction for protection, may provide for one or more types of injunctive relief, conditions of bond, or other relief as follows
- (a) The restraint of any party from committing acts of domestic violence
- (b) The exclusion of the respondent from the dwelling which the parties share or from the residence of the petitioner
- (c) On the same basis as is provided in chapter 61, the awarding of temporary custody or establishment of temporary visitation with regard to minor children of the parties.
- (d) On the same basis as is provided in chapter 61, the establishment of temporary support for minor children or a spouse

(e) The provision of counseling or other social services for the parties, if married, or if there are minor children

- (f) The requirement that the respondent participate in treatment or counseling services.
- (g) Other relief as it deems necessary for the protection of a victim of domestic violence, including injunctions or directives to the law enforcement agencies, as provided in this section.
- (2) Any relief granted by the injunction for protection shall be for a fixed period not to exceed 1 year, unless upon petition of the victim, the court shall extend the injunction for successive fixed periods not to exceed 1 year. Such relief may be granted in addition to other civil or criminal remedies.

Section 12 Section 741 32, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

741 32 Assistance of law enforcement agencies in service or execution --When an injunction for protection is issued, if the petitioner requests the assistance of a law enforcement agency, the court shall order that an officer from the appropriate law enforcement agency accompany the petitioner and assist in placing the petitioner in possession of the dwelling or residence, or otherwise assist in execution or service of the injunction for protection

Section 13. Section 741 33, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

741 33 Modification of injunction.--Upon application, notice to all parties, and hearing, the court may modify the terms of an existing injunction for protection.

Section 14 Section 741 34, Florida Statutes, is created to read.

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741 34 Copy to law enforcement agency --Upon the request of the petitioner, an injunction for protection shall be forwarded by the clerk of court within 24 hours to the local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the residence of the applicant. Each appropriate law enforcement agency shall make available to other law enforcement officers, through a system for verification, information as to the existence and status of any such injunction for protection

Section 15 Section 901.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read

901.15 When arrest by officer without warrant is lawful.--

 $\underline{(1)}$ A law enforcement officer may arrest a person without a warrant when:

(a)(1) The person has committed a felony or misdemeanor or violated a municipal or county ordinance in the presence of the officer. Arrest for the commission of a misdemeanor or violation of a municipal or county ordinance shall be made immediately or in fresh pursuit.

(b) (2) A felony has been committed and he reasonably believes that the person committed it.

(c) (3) He reasonably believes that a felony has been or is being committed and reasonably believes that the person to be arrested has committed or is committing it.

(d)(4) A warrant for the arrest has been issued and is held by another peace officer for execution.

(e) (5) A violation of chapter 316 has been committed in the presence of the officer. Such arrest may be made immediately or on fresh pursuit

(2) (6) (a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a law enforcement officer shall arrest a person anywhere, including at his place of residence, whether or not the officer has a warrant, if the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has committed domestic violence as defined in s 415 602(3), although the assault or battery did not take place in the presence of a battery upon the person's speuse and the officer_-

tat Finds evidence of bodily harm; or

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- (b) The officer reasonably believes that there is danger of violence unless the person alleged to have committed the battery is arrested without delay-
- (b) A law enforcement officer who acts in good faith

 and exercises due care in making an arrest pursuant to

 paragraph (a) shall be immune from civil liability that

 otherwise might result by reason of his action

Section 16. Subsection (2) of section 741.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read.

741 01 County court judge or clerk of the circuit court to issue marriage license; fee

(2) The fee charged for each marriage license issued in the state shall be increased by the sum of \$10. This fee shall be collected upon receipt of the application for the issuance of a marriage license. The Executive Office of the Governor shall establish a trust fund for the purpose of collecting and disbursing funds generated from the increase in marriage license fees. Such funds generated shall be directed to the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services for the specific purpose of funding domestic violence epouse abuse centers, and the funds shall be appropriated in a "grants-in-aid" category to the Department of Health and Rehabilitative

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1 | Services for the purpose of funding domestic violence spease
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    abuse centers
           Section 17. This act shall take effect October 1,
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    1984.
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LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

Provides for assisting victims of domestic violence Defines terms Prescribes duties of, and requires a report from, the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services Provides for certification, services, and funding of domestic violence centers. Requires law enforcement officers to give victims notice of their rights, to refer victims to centers, and to submit a written report of domestic violence Provides for certain information to be confidential. Requires training of law enforcement officers and certain judges. Provides for an injunction for protection, and provides penalties for violating such injunction Sets forth types of relief available through such injunctions and requires officers on request to help enforce the injunctions. Requires arrest, even without a warrant, in certain circumstances, and gives arresting officers immunity from civil liability.

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An act relating to domestic violence, amending
s. 415 601, F S , providing legislative intent;
amending s 415.602, F S , providing
definitions, amending s 415 603, F S , setting
forth duties and functions of the Department of
Health and Rehabilitative Services with respect
to domestic violence, creating s 415 604,
F S , requiring an annual report by the
department, amending s 415 605, F S;
providing for certification, decertification,
procedures for seeking services, and funding of
domestic violence centers, providing rulemaking
authority, amending s 415 606, F S; providing
for referral of victims to centers and notice
of rights, amending s 415 608, F S , providing
for confidentiality of information, creating s
415 609, F S , requiring that law enforcement
officers and certain judges receive certain
information and training, amending s. 741 01,
F S , conforming provisions; amending s.
741 30, F S., providing for an injunction for
protection and an ex parte temporary injunction
for protection, providing penalties for
violating such injunctions, prescribing relief
available through an injunction for protection,
providing for law enforcement officers to
assist in executing or serving such injunction;
providing for sending copies of such
injunctions to certain law enforcement
agencies, amending s 901 15, F S , requiring

A bill to be entitled

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1 arrest with or without a warrant in specified 2 circumstances, giving immunity from civil liability to certain law enforcement officers, 3 creating s 901 155, F S , providing duties of 4 5 law enforcement officers in domestic violence investigations, providing an effective date. 6 7 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida 8 9 10 Section 1 Section 415 601, Florida Statutes, is amended to read 11 415.601 Domestic violence Spease abuse treatment and 12 13 rehabilitation, legislative intent -- The Legislature recognizes that certain persons who assault, batter, or 14 otherwise abuse their spouses and the persons subject to such 15 domestic violence abuse are in need of treatment and 16 rehabilitation It is the intent of the Legislature to assist 17 in the development of domestic violence spouse abuse centers 18 19 for the victims of domestic violence speuse abuse and to 20 provide a place where the parties involved may be separated 21 until they can be properly assisted. Section 2 Section 415 602, Florida Statutes, is 22 23 amended to read 415 602 Definitions of terms used in ss- 415-601-24 25 415-608 -- As used in ss 415.601-415 609 this act 25 (1) "Department" means the Department of Health and 27 Rehabilitative Services 28 (2) "District" means the county, or combination of 29 counties, as defined in s 20 19 30 (3) "Domestic violence" means any assault, battery, or 31 | criminal sexual conduct against one's spouse

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(4) "Domestic violence center" means a facility which

2 provides services to victims of domestic violence (5) (2) "Spouse" means a person to whom another person is married or a person to whom another person has been married and from whom such other person is now separated or divorced. 5 (3) "Spouse abuse" means any assault; battery; or 5 ether physical abuse by a person upon his spouse-7 (4) "Spouse abuse center" means a facility which R provides services to victims of spouse abuse and which has 10 been sertified by the department to reserve state funds-45) "Vt ' == means any andavadual suffering assault; 11 12 battery, or other physical abuse inflicted by his spouse or former speuse-13 Section 3 Section 415 603, Florida Statutes, is 14 15 amended to read 16 415 603 Duties and functions of the department with respect to domestic violence spease abuse --17 (1) It shall be the duty of the department 18 (a) To establish health, safety, and minimum program 19 20 requirement standards for certifying domestic violence spouse abuse centers to receive state funds 211 22 (b) To receive and approve or reject applications for state funding of domestic violence spouse abuse centers. 23 24 (c) To receive and approve or reject applications for 25 certification of domestic violence centers each application within 60 days of receipt of the application 26 27 (d) To distribute funds to a certified center within 28 45 days after approval-29 (d) (e) To evaluate annually each certified domestic 30 violence spease abase center for compliance with the minimum 31 standards. The department shall have the right to enter and

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inspect the premises of certified domestic violence spense abuse centers at any reasonable hour in order to effectively evaluate the state of compliance of such centers with the provisions of ss 415 601-415 609 this section and rules in force pursuant thereto.

- (2) The department shall prescribe by rule the procedures by which subsection (1) shall be implemented Without using designated <u>district allocated</u> senter funds, the department may
- (a) Formulate and conduct a research and evaluation program on domestic violence spease abase and cooperate with and assist and participate in programs of other properly qualified agencies, including any agency of the Federal Government, schools of medicine, hospitals, and clinics, in planning and conducting research on the prevention, care, treatment, and rehabilitation of persons engaged in or subject to domestic violence spease abase
- (b) Serve as a clearinghouse for information relating to domestic violence spease abuse
- (c) Carry on educational programs on domestic violence speuse abuse for the benefit of the general public, persons engaged in or subject to domestic violence speuse abuse, professional persons, or others who care for or may be engaged in the care and treatment of persons engaged in or subject to domestic violence speuse abuse.
- (d) Enlist the assistance of public and voluntary health, education, welfare, and rehabilitation agencies in a concerted effort to prevent domestic violence speaks abuse and to treat persons engaged in or subject to acmestic violence speaks abuse

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Section 4 Section 415.604, Florida Statutes, is created to read

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415 604 Report to the Legislature -- On or before January 1 of each year, the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services shall furnish to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report on the status of domestic violence in Florida, which shall include, but not be limited to, the following

- (1) Incidence of domestic violence in this state
- (2) Identification of the areas of the state where domestic violence is of significant proportions, indicating the number of cases officially reported, as well as an assessment of the degree of unreported cases of domestic violence
- (3) Identification and description of the types of programs in the state that assist victims of domestic violence or persons committing domestic violence, including information on funding for the programs
- (4) The number of persons treated by or assisted by local domestic violence programs receiving funding through the department
- (5) A statement on the effectiveness of such programs in preventing future domestic violence
- (6) An inventory and evaluation of existing prevention programs
- (7) A listing of potential prevention efforts identified by the department, the estimated annual cost of providing such prevention services, both for a single client and for the anticipated target population as a whole, identification of potential funding sources, and the projected 31 benefits of providing such services

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Section 5 Section 415 605, Florida Statutes, is amended to read.

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415 605 Domestic violence Speuse abuse centers --

- (1) In order to be certified and funded under ss 415 b01-415 b09 this met, each domestic violence center shall.
- (a) Provide a facility which will serve as a center to receive and house persons who are victims of domestic violence *spease abuse vietims For the purpose of ss 415 601-415 609 this act, minor children and other dependents of a victim, when such dependents are partly or wholly dependent on the victim for support or services, may be sheltered with the victim in a domestic violence spouse abuse center.
- (b) Receive the annual persedse written endorsement of local law enforcement agencies ; and
- (e) Receive 25 percent of its funding from one or more local, municipal, or county sources, public or private. Contributions in kind, whether materials, commodities, transportation; office space; other types of facilities; or personal services, may be evaluated and counted as part of the required local funding-
- (c) (d) Provide minimum services which shall include, 22 but not be limited to, information and referral services, counseling services, temporary emergency shelter for more than 24 hours, and educational services for community awareness relative to the incidence of domestic violence spease abase, the prevention of such violence abuse, and the care, treatment, and rehabilitation for persons engaged in or subject to domestic violence spease abase.
- (d) (e) Participate in the provision of orientation and training programs developed for law enforcement officers, 31 social workers, and other professionals and paraprofessionals

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who work with domestic violence spense abuse victims to better erble such persons to deal effectively with incidents of domestic violence spense abuse.

- (e) Establish and maintain a board of directors

 composed of at least three citizens, one of whom shall be a

 member of a local, municipal, or county law enforcement

 agency
- (f) Comply with rules adopted pursuant to ss 415 601-415 609
- (2) If the department finds that there is failure by a center to comply with the requirements established under as 415 601-415 609 or with rules adopted pursuant thereto, the department may deny, suspend, or revoke the certification of the center. Speuse abuse centers may be established throughout the state as private, local, state, or federal funds are available. Any local agency or organization may apply to participate in certification and state funding-
- (3) The annual certificate shall automatically expire on the termination date shown on the certificate
- (4)(3) The <u>domestic violence</u> spease abuse centers shall establish procedures pursuant to which persons subject to <u>domestic violence</u> spease abuse may seek services from these centers on a voluntary basis
- (4) Each spouse abuse center shall have a board composed of at least three citizens, one of whom shall be a member of a local, municipal, or county law enforcement agency.
- (5) Domestic violence centers may be established throughout the state as private, local, state, or federal funds are available
 - (6) In order to receive state funds, a center shall

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(a) Obtain certification pursuant to ss 415 601-415 609 However, the issuance of a certificate shall not obligate the department to provide funding

(b) Receive at least 25 percent of its funding from one or more local, municipal, or county sources, public or private Contributions in kind, whether materials, commodities, transportation, office space, other types of facilities, or personal services, may be evaluated and counted as part of the required local funding

(7)(5)(a) All fees collected and appropriated to the domestic violence program under s- 741-81(2) for spouse abuse centers shall be distributed annually by the department to each district according to an allocation formula determined by the department. In developing the formula, the department shall consider population, a rural and geographical area factor, and the incidence of domestic violence certified center. The department shall allocate a uniform base amount to each certified center. The remainder of the appropriated funds shall be distributed in the same proportion as the number of marriage licenses sold in the center's catchment area bears to the total number of marriage licenses sold statewide. The number of marriage licenses shall be that number sold in each center's catchment area for the most recent year for which such figures are available.

(b) A contract between a district and a certified domestic violence center shall contain provisions assuring the availability and geographic accessibility of services throughout the district. For this purpose, centers tay distribute funds through subcontracts or to center satellites, provided that such arrangements and any subcontracts are approved by the district. For the purposes of this section, a

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1 "catchment area" means that portion of a county, the county, the counties, or the district served by a scrtified spouse abuse center as specified in its application to be certified and approved by the department-

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(8) The department shall prescribe by rule the procedures by which subsection (7) shall be implemented and may adopt such other rules as are necessary for the proper administration of ss 415 601, 415.602, 415 603, 415 604, 415 605, 415 608, and 415 609.

Section 6 Section 415 606, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(Substantial rewording of section See s 415 606. F S for present text.)

415 606 Referral to centers and notice of rights.--Any law enforcement officer who investigates an alleged incident of domestic violence shall advise the victim of such violence that there is a domestic violence center from which he or she may receive services The law enforcement officer shall give the victim immediate notice of the legal rights and remedies available in accordance with the provisions of s 901 155

Section 7 Section 415 608, Florida Statutes, is amended to read.

415 608 Confidentiality of information received by department or domestic violence spouse asuse centers --Information received by the department or by authorized persons employed by or "olunteering services to a domestic violence center, through files, reports, inspection, or otherwise, shall be deemed confidential information and shall not be disclosed publicly in such a manner as to identify individuals or facilities This information is exempt from the provisions of s 119.07

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Section 8 Section 415 609, Florida Statutes, is created to read

415 609 Training --

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- (1) The Department of Law Enforcement shall provide a copy of as 415.606 and 901 155 to every law enforcement agency in this state on or before January 1, 1985
- (2) The Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission shall establish standards for instruction of law enforcement officers in the subject matter of domestic violence. Every basic skills course required in order to 11 obtain initial certification for law enforcement officers shall, after January 1, 1986, include training of a minimum of 6 hours in handling domestic violence cases
 - (3) The Florida Court Education Council shall establish standards for instruction of circuit court judges who have respensibility for domestic violence cases and shall provide such instruction on a periodic and timely basis
 - Section 9. Subsection (2) of section 741 01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read
- 741 01 County court judge or clerk of the circuit 21 court to issue marriage license; fee. --
- (2) The fee charged for each marriage license issued in the state shall be increased by the sum of \$10. This fee shall be collected upon receipt of the application for the issuance of a marriage license - The Executive Office of the Governor shall establish a trust fund for the purpose of collecting and disbursing funds generated from the increase in marriage license fees. Such funds generated shall be directed to the Department of Health and Rehapilitative Services for 30 the specific purpose of funding domestic violence spease asuse 31 centers, and the funds shall be appropriated in a "grants-in-

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aid" category to the Department of Health and Rehabilitative

Services for the purpose of funding domestic violence spease

abuse centers

Section 10 Section 741 30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read.

(Substantial rewording of section See

s 741 30, F S., for present text)

741 30 Petition for injuction for protection --

(1) As used in this section

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- (a) "Domestic violence" means any assault, battery, or criminal sexual conduct against one's spouse
- (b) "Spouse" means a person to whom another person is married or a person to whom another person has been married and from whom such person is now separated or divorced
- (2) There is hereby created a cause of action for an injunction for protection in cases of domestic violence
- (a) Any person, on behalf of himself or herself, who is the victim of any act of domestic violence shall have standing in the circuit court to file a sworn petition for a domestic violence injunction for protection.
- (a) The sworn petition shall allege the existence of domestic violence and shall include the specific facts and circumstances upon which relief is sought
- (c) The cause of action may be sought whether or not there is currently pending any other petition, complaint, or cause of action between the parties
- (d) The clerk of the court shall provide a copy of this section, simplified forms, and clerical assistance for the preparation and filing of a petition by any victim not represented by counsel

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(e) In the event the victim shall not have sufficient funds with which to pay filing fees to the clerk of the court 2 3 or service fees to the sheriff and signs an affidavit so stating, said fees shall be waived by the clerk of the court or the sheriff to the extent necessary to process the petition 5 and serve the injunction for protection, subject to an order б of the court relative to the payment of said fees (f) No bond shall be required by the court for the 8 9 entry of an injunction for protection (g) A person's right to petition for an injunction for 10 protection shall not be affected by his or her leaving a 11 residence or household to avoid domestic violence 12 13 (3) The sworn petition shall be in substantially the following form. 14 15 PETITION FOR 16 17 INJUNCTION FOR PROTECTION 18 Before me, the undersigned authority, personally appeared 19 Petitioner (Name) , who was sworn and says that the 20 following statement is true 21 22 (a) Petitioner resides at (address) 🥫 23 (b) Respondent resides at (address). 🖟 24 (c) Respondent is a family or household member because 25 26 (d) Petitioner has suffered domestic violence pecause 27 respondent has: 28 (e) Petitioner genuinely fears domestic violence by 29 respondent. 30 (f) Petitioner seeks (Mark appropriate section or 31 sections)

An injunction restraining any party from committing acts of domestic violence

An injunction excluding the respondent from the dwelling which the parties share or from the residence of the petitioner

An injunction on the same basis as is provided in chapter 61, awarding temporary custody or establishing temporary visitation with regard to minor children of the parties

- . An injunction provided as in chapter 61 establishing temporary support for minor children or a spouse.
- An injunction directing the respondent to participate in assessment and treatment

An injunction providing any terms the court deems necessary for the protection of a victim of domestic violence, including injunctions or directives to the law enforcement agencies.

- (4)(a) Upon the filing of the petition, the court shall set a hearing which shall be held at the earliest possible time and shall take precedence over all matters except older matters of the same character. Personal service of the petition and notice of hearing shall be made upon the respondent prior to the hearing.
- (b) When it appears to the court that an immediate and present danger of domestic violence exists, the court may grant an ex parte temporary injunction, pending a full hearing, and may grant relief as the court deems proper, including an injunction
- 1 Restraining any party from committing acts of gomestic violence.

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Excluding any party from the dwelling that the parties share or from the residence of the other party except by further order of the court

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- 3 Granting temporary custody of a minor child of the party seeking the ex parte temporary injunction, to that party
- (c) In an ex parte hearing for the purpose of obtaining an ex parte temporary injunction, the court may take oral testimony to support the application for the ex parte temporary injunction A record shall be made of all oral testimony and the record shall be made available to any party upon request
- (d) Any ex parte temporary injunction shall be effective for a fixed period not to exceed 10 days A full hearing, as provided by this section, shall be set no later than the day when the temporary injunction shall cease to be effective.
- (5) The sheriff shall serve the injunction for protection upon the person complained against within 24 hours after its issuance
- (6) The clerk of the court shall provide the petitioner with a certified copy of any injunction for protection entered by the court
- (7) The issuance of an injunction for protection shall not require that the party alleging domestic violence be represented by an attorney, nor shall such injunction be conditioned upon any dissolution of marriage proceedings or other complaint, petition, or legal action between the petitioner and the respondent.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall affect the title to 31 real estate

(9)(a) Upon notice and hearing, the court, in the injunction for protection, may provide for one or more types of injunctive relief, conditions of bond, or other relief as follows

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- 1 The restraint of any party from committing acts of domestic violence
- 2 The exclusion of the respondent from the dwelling which the parties share or from the residence of the petitioner
- 3 On the same basis as is provided in chapter 61, the awarding of temporary custody or establishment of temporary visitation with regard to minor children of the parties
- 4 On the same basis as is provided in chapter 61, the establishment of temporary support for minor children or a spouse
- 5 The requirement that the respondent participate in treatment or counseling services
- 6 Other relief as it deems necessary for the protection of a victim of domestic violence, including injunctions or directives to the law enforcement agencies, as provided in this section
- (b) Any relief granted by the injunction for protection shall be for a fixed period not to exceed 1 year, unless upon petition of the victim the court shall extend the injunction for successive fixed periods not to exceed 1 year. Such relief may be granted in addition to other civil or criminal remedies.
- (c) The court shall enforce compliance by the respondent to the injunction for protection through contempt proceedings which may include the imposition of a fine. Any

such fine shall be collected and disbursed to the trust fund established in s. 741.01

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(d) In the event the respondent is arrested by a peace officer under authority of s 901 15(1)(f), he shall be held in custody and brought before the court as expeditiously as possible for the purpose of enforcing the injunction for protection

- (10) When an injunction for protection is issued, if the petitioner requests the assistance of a law enforcement agency, the court may order that an officer from the appropriate law enforcement agency accompany the petitioner and assist in placing the petitioner in possession of the dwelling or residence, or otherwise assist in execution or service of the injunction for protection
- (11) An injunction for protection shall be forwarded by the clerk of court within 24 hours to the local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the residence of the applicant. Each appropriate law enforcement agency shall make available to other law enforcement officers, through a system for verification, information as to the existence and status of any such injunction for protection.

Section 11 Section 901 15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read

- 901 15 When arrest by officer without warrant is lawful --
- (a) t i + j The person has committed a felony or misdemeanor or violated a municipal or county ordinance in the presence of the officer. Arrest for the commission of a

1 | misdemeanor or violation of a municipal or county ordinance

shall be made immediately or in fresh pursuit 2 (b) (2) A felony has been committed and he reasonably 3 believes that the person committed it 4 (c) (3) He reasonably believes that a felony has been 5 or is being committed and reasonably believes that the person ñ to be arrested has committed or is committing it. 7 (d) (4) A warrant for the arrest has been issued and is 8 held by another peace officer for execution 9 10 (e) (5) A violation of chapter 316 has been committed in the presence of the officer Such arrest may be made 11 immediately or on fresh pursuit 12 (f) The officer has probable cause to believe that the 13 14 person has knowingly violated or refused to comply with a domestic violence injunction for protection entered pursuant 15 16 to a 741 30 17 (2) (6) (a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a 18 law enforcement officer may arrest a person anywhere, including at his place of residence, whether or not the 19 20 l officer has a warrant, if the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has committed an assault, battery, or 21 criminal sexual conduct as an act of domestic violence as 22 23 defined in s 741.30(1)(a), although the assault, battery, or 24 criminal sexual conduct did not take place in the presence of 25 a battery upon the person's spouse and the officer_-

ta) Finds evidence of bodily harm; or

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- (a) The efficer reasonably persons that there is danger of wholence unless the person alleged to have committed the battery is arrested without delay-
- (b) A law enforcement officer who acts in good faith and exercises due care in making an arrest pursuant to

paragraph (a) shall be ammune from civil liability that otherwise might result by reason of his action

Section 12 Section 901 155, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

901 155 Investigations of domestic violence, duties of officers --

- alleged incident of domestic violence shall advise the victim of such violence that there is a domestic violence center from which he or she may receive services. The law enforcement officer shall give the victim immediate notice of the legal rights and remedies available on a standard form developed and distributed by the Florida Department of Law Enforcement. The notice shall include
- (a) The resource listing, including telephone number, for the area domestic violence center designated by the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services;
- (b) A copy of the following statement "IF YOU ARE THE VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, you may ask the state attorney to file a criminal complaint. You also have the right to go to court and file a petition requesting an injunction for protection from domestic violence which may include, but need not be limited to, provisions which restrain the abuser from further acts of abuse; direct the abuser to leave your household, prevent the abuser from entering your residence, school, business, or place of employment, award you custody of your minor child or children, and direct the abuser to pay support to you and the minor children if the abuser has a legal obligation to do so", and
 - (c) A copy of s 741 30

(2) When a law enforcement officer investigates an allegation that an incident of domestic violence has occurred, whether or not an arrest is made, the officer shall make a written police report of the alleged incident. The officer shall submit the report to his supervisor or other person to 6 whom the employer's rules or policies require reports of similar allegations of criminal activity to be made. Section 13 This act shall take effect October 1,

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	ıĺ	A bill to be entitled	1:btc
	2	An act relating to domestic violence; amending	1.1
	3	s. 415.601, F.S.; providing legislative intent;	1.3
	4	amending s. 415.602, F.S.; providing	1.4
	5	definitions; amending s. 415.603, F.S.; setting	İ
	6	forth duties and functions of the Department of	1.5
	_ 7	Health and Rehabilitative Services with respect	1
(G (A) P Y	7 a	to domestic violence; creating s. 415.604,	1.6
reproduced by	او	F.S.; requiring an annual report by the	
FLORIDA STATE ARCHIVES DEPARTMENT OF STATE	10	department; amending s. 415.605, F.S.;	1.7
" A. GRAY BUILDING	11	providing for certification, decertification,	
Tallahassea, FL 32399-0250	9 12	procedures for seeking services, and funding of	1.8
HB 610	13	domestic violence centers; providing rulemaking	
	14	authority; amending s. 415.606, F.S.; providing	1.10
	15	for referral of victims to centers and notice	
	16	of rights; amending s. 415.608, F.S.; providing	1.11
	17	for confidentiality of information; creating s.	1.12
	18	415.609, F.S.; requiring that law enforcement	
	19	officers and certain judges receive certain.	1.13
	20	information and training; amending s. 741.01,	
	21	F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s.	1.14
	22	741.30, F.S.; providing for an injunction for	1.15
	23	protection and an ex parte temporary injunction	1.16
	24	for protection; providing penalties for	
	25	violating such injunctions; prescribing relief	1.18
	26	available through an injunction for protection;	1.19
	27	providing for law enforcement officers to	1.20
	28	assist in executing or serving such injunction;	1.21
	29	providing for sending copies of such	ł
	30	injunctions to certain law enforcement	\$
	31	agencies; amending s. 901.15, F.S.; requiring	1.23

1	arrest with or without a warrant in specified	ŧ
2	circumstances; giving immunity from civil	1.24
3	liability to certain law enforcement officers;	ĺ
4	creating s. 901.155, F.S.; providing duties of	1.25
5	law enforcement officers in domestic violence	ĺ
6	investigations; providing an effective date.	1.26
7		
8	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:	l:enc
9		
10	Section 1. Section 415.601, Florida Statutes, is	1.26
11	amended to read:	1.27
12	415.601 <u>Domestic violence</u> Spouse-abuse treatment and	1.28
13	rehabilitation; legislative intentThe Legislature	1.31
14	recognizes that certain persons who assault, batter, or	1.33
15	otherwise abuse their spouses and the persons subject to such	1.34
16	domestic violence abuse are in need of treatment and	1.35
17	rehabilitation. It is the intent of the Legislature to assist	1.37
18	in the development of domestic violence spouse-abuse centers	1:1os
19	for the victims of domestic violence spouse-abuse and to	1.41
20	provide a place where the parties involved may be separated	
21	until they can be properly assisted.	1.42
22	Section 2. Section 415.602, Florida Statutes, is	1.43
23	amended to read:	
24	415.602 Definitions of-terms-used-tn-ss415:601-	1.45
25	415-608As used in ss. 415.601-415.609 this-act:	1.46
26	(1) "Department" means the Department of Health and	1.47
27	Rehabilitative Services.	
28	(2) "District" means the county, or combination of	1:lus
29	counties, as defined in s. 20.19.	1.49
30	(3) "Domestic violence" means any assault, battery, or	l:lus
31	criminal sexual conduct against one's spouse.	1.51

1	(4) "Domestic violence center" means a facility which	1.54
2	provides services to victims of domestic violence.	1.55
3	(5)(2) "Spouse" means a person to whom another person	1.57
4	is married or a person to whom another person has been married	
5	and from whom such other person is now separated or divorced.	1.58
6	(3) Spouse-abuse means-any-assault,-battery,-or	1.62
7	other-physical-abuse-by-a-person-upon-his-spouse.	
8	(4)"Spouse-abuse-center"-means-a-factlity-which	1:los
9	provides-services-to-victims-of-spouse-abuse-and-which-has	1.66
10	been-cert:fied-by-the-department-to-receive-state-funds-	1.67
11	(5)"Victim"-means-any-individual-suffering-assault;	1.69
12	battery,-or-other-physical-abuse-inflicted-by-his-spouse-or	
13	former-spouse:	1.70
14	Section 3. Section 415.603, Florida Statutes, is	1.71
15	amended to read:	
16	415.603 Duties and functions of the department with	1.72
17	respect to domestic violence spouse-abuse	1.74
18	(1) It shall be the duty of the department:	1.74
19	(a) To establish health, safety, and minimum program	1.75
20	requirement standards for certifying domestic violence spouse	l:lus
21	abuse centers to-receive-state-funds.	1.79
22	(b) To receive and approve or reject applications for	1.80
23	state funding of domestic violence spouse-abuse centers.	1:los
24	(c) To <u>receive and</u> approve or reject <u>applications for</u>	1.83
25	certification of domestic violence centers each-application	1.84
26	within-60-days-of-receipt-of-the-application.	2.1
27	<pre>{d}To-distribute-funds-to-a-certified-center-within</pre>	1:los
28	45-days-after-approval:	2.3
29	(d) {e} To evaluate annually each <u>certified domestic</u>	2.5
30	violence spouse-abuse center for compliance with the minimum	2.6
31	standards. The department shall have the right to enter and	2.8

1	inspect the premises of <u>certified domestic violence</u> spouse	2.9
2	abuse centers at any reasonable hour in order to effectively	2.11
3	evaluate the state of compliance of such centers with the	
4	provisions of ss. 415.601-415.609 thesestion and rules in	l:lus
5	force pursuant thereto.	2.13
6	(2) The department shall prescribe by rule the	2.14
7	procedures by which subsection (1) shall be implemented.	2.15
8	Without using designated district allocated center funds, the	2.16
9	department may:	2.17
10	(a) Formulate and conduct a research and evaluation	2.18
11	program on domestic violence spouse-abuse and cooperate with	l:lus
12	and assist and participate in programs of other properly	2.21
13	qualified agencies, including any agency of the Federal	
14	Government, schools of medicine, hospitals, and clinics, in	2.23
15	planning and conducting research on the prevention, care,	
16	treatment, and rehabilitation of persons engaged in or subject	2.25
17	to domestic violence spouse-abuse.	2.26
18	(b) Serve as a clearinghouse for information relating	2.27
19	to domestic violence spouse-abuse.	l:los
20	(c) Carry on educational programs on domestic violence	2.30
21	spouse-abuse for the benefit of the general public, persons	2.32
22	engaged in or subject to domestic violence spouse-abuse,	2.33
23	professional persons, or others who care for or may be engaged	2.35
24	in the care and treatment of persons engaged in or subject to	2.36
25	domestic violence spouse-abuse.	
26	(d) Enlist the assistance of public and voluntary	2.37
27	health, education, welfare, and rehabilitation agencies in a	2.38
28	concerted effort to prevent domestic violence spouse-abuse and	2.39
29	to treat persons engaged in or subject to domestic violence	2.41
30	spouse-abuse.	
31		

1	Section 4. Section 415.604, Florida Statutes, is	2.42
2	created to read:	
3	415.604 Report to the Legislature On or before	l:lus
4	January 1 of each year, the Department of Health and	2.44
5	Rehabilitative Services shall furnish to the President of the	
6	Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a	2.45
7	report on the status of domestic violence in Florida, which	2.46
В	shall include, but not be limited to, the following:	
9	(1) Incidence of domestic violence in this state.	l:lus
10	(2) Identification of the areas of the state where	l:lus
11	domestic violence is of significant proportions, indicating	2.49
12	the number of cases officially reported, as well as an	
13	assessment of the degree of unreported cases of domestic	2.50
14	violence.	
15	(3) Identification and description of the types of	l:lus
16	programs in the state that assist victims of domestic violence	2.52
17	or persons committing domestic violence, including information	2.53
18	on funding for the programs.	
19	(4) The number of persons treated by or assisted by	l:lus
20	local domestic violence programs receiving funding through the	2.55
21	department.	
22	(5) A statement on the effectiveness of such programs	1:lus
23	in preventing future domestic violence.	2.57
24	(6) An inventory and evaluation of existing prevention	l:lus
25	programs.	
26	(7) A listing of potential prevention efforts	l:lus
27	identified by the department; the estimated annual cost of	2.60
28	providing such prevention services, both for a single client	
29	and for the anticipated target population as a whole;	2.61
30	identification of potential funding sources; and the projected	5
31	benefits of providing such services.	2.62

1	Section 5. Section 415.605, Florida Statutes, is	2.63
2	amended to read:	
3	415.605 <u>Domestic violence</u> Spouse-abuse centers	2.65
4	(1) In order to be certified and-funded under ss.	2.67
5	415.601-415.609 thes-act, each domestic violence center shall:	1:lus
6	(a) Provide a facility which will serve as a center to	2.70
7	receive and house persons who are victims of domestic violence	2.71
8	spouse-abuse-victims. For the purpose of ss. 415.601-415,609	2.73
9	this-act, minor children and other dependents of a victim,	2.75
10	when such dependents are partly or wholly dependent on the	2.76
11	victim for support or services, may be sheltered with the	
12	victim in a domestic violence spouse-abuse center.	2.78
13	(b) Receive the <u>annual</u> persodic written endorsement of	2.79
14	local law enforcement agencies_;-and	2.80
15	(c)Receive-25-percent-of-its-funding-from-one-or-more	2.81
16	local,-municipal,-or-county-sources,-public-or-private.	
17	Contributions-in-kind;-whether-materials;-commodities;	2.82
18	transportation,-office-space,-other-types-of-facilities,-or	2.83
19	personal-services,-may-be-evaluated-and-counted-as-part-of-the	3.1
20	required-local-funding-	
21	(c)(d) Provide minimum services which shall include,	3.3
22	but not be limited to, information and referral services,	5
23	counseling services, temporary emergency shelter for more than	3.5
24	24 hours, and educational services for community awareness	3.6
25	relative to the incidence of domestic violence spouse-abuse,	1:los
26	the prevention of such violence abuse, and the care,	3.9
27	treatment, and rehabilitation for persons engaged in or	3.11
28	subject to domestic violence spouse-abuse.	
29	(d)(e) Participate in the provision of orientation and	1:lus
30	training programs developed for law enforcement officers,	3.14
	social workers, and other professionals and paraprofessionals	

1	who work with domestic violence spouse-abuse victims to better	l:lus
2	enable such persons to deal effectively with incidents of	3.17
3	domestic violence spouse-abuse.	
4	(e) Establish and maintain a board of directors	l:lus
5	composed of at least three citizens, one of whom shall be a	3.19
6	member of a local, municipal, or county law enforcement	
7	agency.	3.20
8	(f) Comply with rules adopted pursuant to ss. 415.601-	l:lus
9	415.609.	
10	(2) If the department finds that there is failure by a	3.22
11	center to comply with the requirements established under ss.	3.23
12	415.601-415.609 or with rules adopted pursuant thereto, the	3.24
13	department may deny, suspend, or revoke the certification of	
14	the center. Spouse-abuse-centers-may-be-established	1:los
15	throughout-the-state-as-private;-local;-state;-or-federal	3.28
16	funds-are-availableAny-local-agency-or-organization-may	3.30
17	apply-to-participate-in-certification-and-state-funding:	3.31
18	(3) The annual certificate shall automatically expire	l:lus
19	on the termination date shown on the certificate.	3.34
20	(4)(3) The domestic violence spouse-abuse centers	l:lus
21	shall establish procedures pursuant to which persons subject	3.38
22	to domestic violence spouse-abuse may seek services from these	3.40
23	centers on a voluntary basis.	
24	(4)Each-spouse-abuse-center-shall-have-a-board	l:los
25	composed-of-at-least-three-citizens;-one-of-whom-shall-be-a	3.43
26	member-of-a-local;-municipal;-or-county-law-enforcement	3.44
27	agency:	
28	(5) Domestic violence centers may be established	l:lus
29	throughout the state as private, local, state, or federal	3.46
30	funds are available.	
33	(6) In order to receive state funds, a center shall:	l:lus

1	(a) Obtain certification pursuant to ss. 415.601-	1:10
2	415.609. However, the issuance of a certificate shall not	3.49
3	obligate the department to provide funding.	3.50
4	(b) Receive at least 25 percent of its funding from	1:1u
5	one or more local, municipal, or county sources, public or	3.53
6	private. Contributions in kind, whether materials,	3.54
7	commodities, transportation, office space, other types of	
8	facilities, or personal services, may be evaluated and counted	3.55
9	as part of the required local funding.	3.56
ιο	(7)(5)(a) All fees collected and appropriated to the	1:1u
1	domestic violence program under-s741-01(2)-for-spouse-abuse	3.59
2	centers shall be distributed annually by the department to	3.60
ا3 ا	each district according to an allocation formula determined by	3.61
4	the department. In developing the formula, the department	3.62
5	shall consider population, a rural and geographical area	H.
۱6	factor, and the incidence of domestic violence. certified	1:10:
. 7	center,The-department-shall-allocate-a-uniform-base-amount	3.65
8	to-each-certified-center:The-remainder-of-the-appropriated	3.66
اوا	funds-shall-be-distributed-in-the-same-proportion-as-the	
20	$\verb"number-of-marriage-licenses-soid-in-the-center-is-catchment"$	3.67
21	area-bears-to-the-total-number-of-marriage-licenses-sold	3.68
22	statewide:The-number-of-marriage-licenses-shall-be-that	3.69
23	number-sold-in-each-center's-catchment-area-for-the-most	3.70
24	recent-year-for-which-such-figures-are-available.	
25	(b) A contract between a district and a certified	3.71
26	domestic violence center shall contain provisions assuring the	3.72
27	availability and geographic accessibility of services	
28	throughout the district. For this purpose, centers may	3.74
29	distribute funds through subcontracts or to center satellites,	3
30	provided that such arrangements and any subcontracts are	3.75
31	approved by the district. For-the-purposes-of-this-section;-a	3.77

1	"catchment-area"-means-that-portion-of-a-county;-the-county;	1
2	the-countres,-or-the-district-served-by-a-certified-spouse	3.78
3	abuse-center-as-specified-in-its-application-to-be-certified	3.79
4	and-approved-by-the-department.	
5	(8) The department shall prescribe by rule the	1:10
6	procedures by which subsection (7) shall be implemented and	3.81
7	may adopt such other rules as are necessary for the proper	E
8	administration of ss. 415.601, 415.602, 415.603, 415.604,	3.82
9	415.605, 415.608, and 415.609.	
10	Section 6. Section 415.606, Florida Statutes, is	3.83
11	amended to read:	3.84
12	(Substantial rewording of section. See	4.1
13	s. 415.606, F.S., for present text.)	1:lu
14	415.606 Referral to centers and notice of rightsAny	4.2
15	law enforcement officer who investigates an alleged incident	4.3
16	of domestic violence shall advise the victim of such violence	
17	that there is a domestic violence center from which he or she	4.4
18	may receive services. The law enforcement officer shall give	4.5
19	the victim immediate notice of the legal rights and remedies	
20	available in accordance with the provisions of s. 901.115.	4.6
21	Section 7. Section 415.608, Florida Statutes, is	4.7
22	amended to read:	
23	415.608 Confidentiality of information received by	4.8
24	department or domestic violence spouse-abuse centers	4.10
25	Information received by the department or by authorized	4.11
26	persons employed by or volunteering services to a domestic	4.13
27	violence center, through files, reports, inspection, or	
28	otherwise, shall be deemed confidential information and shall	4.17
29	not be disclosed publicly in such a manner as to identify	4.18
30	individuals or facilities. This information is exempt from	4.19
31	the provisions of s. 119.07.	

	Gentler O. Gentler Als COO. Florida Shakka	W 4 20
1	Section 8. Section 415.609, Florida Statutes, is	4.20
2	created to read:	
3	415.609 Training	1:lus
4	(1) The Department of Law Enforcement shall provide a	4.24
5	copy of ss. 415.606 and 901.115 to every law enforcement	
6	agency in this state on or before January 1, 1985.	4.25
7	(2) The Criminal Justice Standards and Training	l:lus
8	Commission shall establish standards for instruction of law	4.28
9	enforcement officers in the subject matter of domestic	
10	violence. Every basic skills course required in order to	4.29
11	obtain initial certification for law enforcement officers	4.30
12	shall, after January 1, 1986, include training of a minimum of	
13	6 hours in mandling domestic violence cases.	4.32
14	(3) The Florida Court Education Council shall	l:lus
15	establish standards for instruction of circuit court judges	4.34
16	who have responsibility for domestic violence cases and shall	
17	provide such instruction on a periodic and timely basis.	4.35
18	Section 9. Subsection (2) of section 741.01, Florida	4.35
19	Statutes, is amended to read:	
20	741.01 County court judge or clerk of the circuit	4.37
21	court to issue marriage license; fee	4.38
22	(2) The fee charged for each marriage license issued	4.39
23	in the state shall be increased by the sum of \$10. This fee	4.41
24	shall be collected upon receipt of the application for the	
25	issuance of a marriage license. The Executive Office of the	4.42
26	Governor shall establish a trust fund for the purpose of	4.43
27	collecting and disbursing funds generated from the increase in	4.44
28	marriage license fees. Such funds generated shall be directed	4.45
29	to the Department of Health and Renapilitative Services for	
30	the specific purpose of funding domestic violence spouse-abuse	4.47
31	centers, and the funds shall be appropriated in a "grants-in-	4.48

1	aid" category to the Department of Health and Rehabilitative	4.50
2	Services for the purpose of funding domestic violence spouse	1:10
3	abuse centers.	4.53
4	Section 10. Section 741.30, Florida Statutes, is	4.54
5	amended to read:	
6	(Substantial rewording of section. See	4.57
7	s. 741.30, F.S., for present text.)	1:105
8	741.30 Petition for injuction for protection	4.58
9	(1) As used in this section:	4.58
LO	(a) "Domestic violence" means any assault, battery, or	4.59
1	criminal sexual conduct against one's spouse.	4.60
2	(b) "Spouse" means a person to whom another person is	4.60
3	married or a person to whom another person has been married	4.61
4	and from whom such person is now separated or divorced.	4.62
5	(2) There is hereby created a cause of action for an	4.62
16	injunction for protection in cases of domestic violence.	4.64
17	(a) Any person, on behalf of himself or herself, who	4.65
8	is the victim of any act of domestic violence shall have	4.66
19	standing in the circuit court to file a sworn petition for a	
20	domestic violence injunction for protection.	4.67
21	(b) The sworn petition shall allege the existence of	4.68
22	domestic violence and shall include the specific facts and	4.69
23	circumstances upon which relief is sought.	
24	(c) The cause of action may be sought whether or not	4.70
25	there is currently pending any other petition, complaint, or	4.71
26	cause of action between the parties.	
27	(d) The clerk of the court shall provide a copy of	4.72
28	this section, simplified forms, and clerical assistance for	1.73
29	the preparation and filing of a petition by any victim not	
30	represented by counsel.	1.74
٠, ١		

1	(e) In the event the victim shall not have sufficient	1 4.75
2	funds with which to pay filing fees to the clerk of the court	4.76
3	or service fees to the sheriff and signs an affidavit so	h
4	stating, said fees shall be waived by the clerk of the court	4.77
5	or the sheriff to the extent necessary to process the petition	4.78
6	and serve the injunction for protection, subject to an order	
7	of the court relative to the payment of said fees.	4.80
8	(f) No bond shall be required by the court for the	4.81
9	entry of an injunction for protection.	is.
10	(g) A person's right to petition for an injunction for	4.82
11	protection shall not be affected by his or her leaving a	4.83
12	residence or household to avoid domestic violence.	
13	(3) The sworn petition shall be in substantially the	4.84
14	following form:	
15	PETITION FOR	5.1
16	INJUNCTION FOR PROTECTION	5.2
17		
18	Before me, the undersigned authority, personally appeared	5.2
19	Petitioner(Name), who was sworn and says that the	5.3
20	following statement is true.	
21	(a) Petitioner resides at:(address)	5.4
22	(b) Respondent resides at:(address)	5.5
23	(c) Respondent is a family or household member because	5.5
24	*************	5.6
25	(d) Petitioner has suffered domestic violence because	5.6
26	respondent has:	5.7
27	(e) Petitioner genuinely fears domestic violence by	5.8
28	respondent.	
29	(f) Petitioner seeks: (Mark appropriate section or	5.10
30	sections.)	5.11
31		

1	An injunction restraining any party from committing	1:LN
2	acts of domestic violence.	5.12
3	An injunction excluding the respondent from the	1:LN
4	dwelling which the parties share or from the residence of the	5.14
5	petitioner.	
6	An injunction on the same basis as is provided in	5.16
7	chapter 61, awarding temporary custody or establishing	
8	temporary visitation with regard to minor children of the	5.17
9	parties.	
10	An injunction provided as in chapter 61	5.19
11	establishing temporary support for minor children or a spouse.	5.20
12	An injunction directing the respondent to	1:LN
13	participate in assessment and treatment.	5.21
14	An injunction providing any terms the court deems	1:LN
15	necessary for the protection of a victim of domestic violence,	5.25
16	including injunctions or directives to the law enforcement	5.26
17	agencies.	5.27
18	(4)(a) Upon the filing of the petition, the court	5.28
19	shall set a hearing which shall be held at the earliest	5.29
20	possible time and shall take precedence over all matters	
21	except older matters of the same character. Personal service	5.32
22	of the petition and notice of hearing shall be made upon the	
23	respondent prior to the hearing.	5.33
24	(b) When it appears to the court that an immediate and	5.34
25	present danger of domestic violence exists, the court may	5.35
26	grant an ex parte temporary injunction, pending a full	
27	hearing, and may grant relief as the court deems proper,	5.36
28	including an injunction:	
29	1. Restraining any party from committing acts of	5.37
30	domestic violence.	
31		

1	Excluding any party from the dwelling that the	5.38
2	parties share or from the residence of the other party except	
3	by further order of the court.	5.39
4	(c) Any ex parte temporary injunction shall be	5.39
5	effective for a fixed period not to exceed 10 days. A full	5.41
6	hearing, as provided by this section, shall be set no later	
7	than the day when the temporary injunction shall cease to be	5.42
8	effective.	
9	(5) The sheriff shall serve the injunction for	5.43
10	protection upon the person complained against within 24 hours	5.44
11	after its issuance.	
12	(6) The clerk of the court shall provide the	5.45
13	petitioner with a certified copy of any injunction for	5.47
14	protection entered by the court.	
15	(7) The issuance of an injunction for protection shall	5.49
16	not require that the party alleging domestic violence be	5.50
17	represented by an attorney, nor shall such injunction be	5.52
18	conditioned upon any dissolution of marriage proceedings or	5.54
19	other complaint, petition, or legal action between the	
20	petitioner and the respondent.	5.55
21	(8) Nothing in this section shall affect the title to	5.56
22	real estate.	
23	(9)(a) Upon notice and hearing, the court, in the	5.57
24	injunction for protection, may provide for one or more types	5.60
25	of injunctive relief, conditions of bond, or other relief as	
26	follows:	
27	1. The restraint of any party from committing acts of	5.61
28	domestic violence.	5.62
29	The exclusion of the respondent from the dwelling	5.63
30	which the parties share or from the residence of the	5.65
31	petitioner.	

1	3. On the same basis as is provided in chapter 61, the	5.66
2	awarding of temporary custody or establishment of temporary	5.68
3	visitation with regard to minor children of the parties.	
4	4. On the same basis as is provided in chapter 61, the	5.69
5	establishment of temporary support for minor children or a	5.71
6	spouse.	
7	5. The requirement that the respondent participate in	5.72
8	treatment or counseling services.	5.73
9	6. Other relief as it deems necessary for the	5.73
10	protection of a victim of domestic violence, including	5.74
11	injunctions or directives to the law enforcement agencies, as	
12	provided in this section.	5.76
13	(b) Any relief granted by the injunction for	5.77
14	protection shall be for a fixed period not to exceed 1 year,	5.78
15	unless upon petition of the victim the court shall extend the	
16	injunction for successive fixed periods not to exceed 1 year.	5.79
17	Such relief may be granted in addition to other civil or	5.80
18	criminal remedies.	
19	(c) The court shall enforce compliance by the	5.81
20	respondent to the injunction for protection through contempt	5.82
21	proceedings which may include the imposition of a fine. Any	5.83
22	such fine shall be collected and disbursed to the trust fund	
23	establisned in s. 741.01.	
24	(d) In the event the respondent is arrested by a peace	5.84
25	officer under authority of s. 901.15(1)(f) or (2), he shall be	6.1
26	held i custody and brought before the court as expeditiously	
27	as possible for the purpose of enforcing the injunction for	6.3
28	protection.	
29	(10) When an injunction for protection is issued, if	6.4
30	the petitioner requests the assistance of a law enforcement	6.6
31	agency, the court shall order that an officer from the	

1	appropriate law enforcement agency accompany the petitioner	6.7
2	and assist in placing the petitioner in possession of the	6.8
3	dwelling or residence, or otherwise assist in execution or	
4	service of the injunction for protection.	6.9
5	(ll) An injunction for protection shall be forwarded	6.12
6	by the clerk of court within 24 hours to the local law	
7	enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the residence of the	6.13
8	applicant. Each appropriate law enforcement agency shall make	6.14
9	available to other law enforcement officers, through a system	6.15
10	for verification, information as to the existence and status	
11	of any such injunction for protection.	6.18
12	Section 11. Section 901.15, Florida Statutes, is	6.19
13	amended to read:	j
14	901.15 When arrest by officer without warrant is	6.20
15	lawful	
16	(1) A law enforcement officer may arrest a person	6.23
17	without a warrant when:	
18	(a) (1) The person has committed a felony or	6.25
19	misdemeanor or violated a municipal or county ordinance in the	
20	presence of the officer. Arrest for the commission of a	6.26
21	misdemeanor or violation of a municipal or county ordinance	6.27
22	shall be made immediately or in fresh pursuit.	6.29
23	(b) $\{2\}$ A felony has been commutted and he reasonably	6.30
24	believes that the person committed it.	6.31
25	(c) (3) He reasonably believes that a felony has been	6.32
26	or is being committed and reasonably believes that the person	6.33
27	to be arrested has committed or is committing it.	6.34
28	(d) (4) A warrant for the arrest has been issued and is	6.35
29	held by another peace officer for execution.	6.36
30		
31		c

11	(e)(5) A violation of chapter 316 has been committed	6.38
2	in the presence of the officer. Such arrest may be made	6.40
3	immediately or on fresh pursuit.	6.41
4	(f) The officer has probable cause to believe that the	l:lus
5	person has knowingly violated or refused to comply with a	6.43
6	domestic violence injunction for protection entered pursuant	
7	to s. 741.30.	6.44
8	(2)(6)(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a	6.46
او	law enforcement officer shall arrest a person anywhere,	
10	including at his place of residence, whether or not the	6.47
11	officer has a warrant, if the officer has probable cause to	6.48
12	believe that the person has committed an assault, battery, or	6.49
13	criminal sexual conduct as an act of domestic violence as	6,50
14	defined in s. 741.30(1)(a), although the assault, battery, or	
15	criminal sexual conduct did not take place in the presence of	6.52
16	a-battery-upon-the-person's-spouse-and the officer:	6.55
17	<pre>fa)Finds-evidence-of-bodily-harm;-or</pre>	6 56
18	(b)The-officer-reasonably-believes-that-there-is	6.57
19	danger-of-violence-unless-the-person-alleged-to-have-committed	
20	the-battery-is-arrested-without-delay:	6.58
21	(b) A law enforcement officer_who acts_in_good_faith	1:105
22	and exercises due care in making an arrest pursuant to	6.60
23	paragraph (a) shall be immune from civil liability that	
24	otherwise might result by reason of his action.	6.61
25	Section 12. Section 901.155, Florida Statutes, is	6.62
26	created to read:	6.63
27	901.155 Investigations of domestic violence; duties of	1:lus
28	officers	6.64
29	(1) Any law enforcement officer who investigates an	6.66
30	alleged incident of domestic violence shall advise the victim	6.67
21	of such violence that there is a domestic violence center from	

1	which he or she may receive services. The law enforcement	6.69
2	officer shall give the victim immediate notice of the legal	
3	rights and remedies available on a standard form developed and	6.70
4	distributed by the Florida Department of Law Enforcement. The	6.72
5	notice shall include:	
6	(a) The resource listing, including telephone number,	1:lus
7	for the area domestic violence center designated by the	6.73
8	Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services;	6.74
9	(b) A copy of the following statement: "IF YOU ARE	1:lu:
10	THE VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, you may ask the state	6.75
11	attorney to file a criminal complaint. You also have the	6.76
12	right to go to court and file a petition requesting an	
13	injunction for protection from domestic violence which may	6.77
14	include, but need not be limited to, provisions which restrain	6.78
15	the abuser form further acts of abuse; direct the abuser to	
16	leave your household; prevent the abuser from entering your	6.79
17	residence, school, business, or place of employment; award you	
18	custody of your minor child or children; and direct the abuser	6.80
19	to pay support to you and the minor children if the abuser has	6.81
20	a legal obligation to do so"; and	
21	(c) A copy of s. 741.30.	6.82
22	(2) When a law enforcement officer investigates an	1:1u:
23	allegation that an incident of domestic violence has occurred,	6.84
24	whether or not an arrest is made, the officer shall make a	
25	written police report of the alleged incident. The officer	7.2
26	shall submit the report to his supervisor or other person to	
27	whom the employer's rules or policies require reports of	7.3
28	similar allegations of criminal activity to be made.	
29	Section 13. This act shall take effect October 1,	7.4
30	1984.	i i
31	X X	

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FLORIDA STATE ARCHIVES
DEPARTMENT OF STATE
R. A. GRAY BUILDING
Tollahassos, FL 32399-0250

173-538C-4-4

	Vallahassa, FL 32399-0250	
1	A bill to be entitled Seves 12 corten 13.5	71:btc
2	An act relating to domestic violence; amending	1.1
3	s. 415.601, F.S.; providing legislative intent;	1.3
4	amending s. 415.602, F.S.; providing	1.4
5	definitions; amending s. 415.603, F.S.; setting	
6	forth duties and functions of the Department of	1.5
7	Health and Rehabilitative Services with respect	
8	to domestic violence; creating s. 415.604,	1.6
9	F.S.; requiring an annual report by the	
10	department; amending s. 415.605, F.S.;	1.7
11	providing for certification, decertification,	
12	procedures for seeking services, and funding of	1.8
13	domestic violence centers; providing rulemaking	
14	authority; amending s. 415.606, F.S.; providing	1.10
15	for referral of victims to centers and notice	
16	of rights; amending s. 415.608, F.S.; providing	1.11
17	for confidentiality of information; creating s.	1.12
18	415.609, F.S.; requiring that law enforcement	
19	officers and certain judges receive certain	1.13
20	information and training; amending s. 741.01,	
21	F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s.	1.14
22	741.30, F.S.; providing for an injunction for	1.15
23	protection and an ex parte temporary injunction	1.16
24	for protection; providing penalties for	
25	violating such injunctions; prescribing relief	1.18
26	available through an injunction for protection;	1.19
27	providing for law enforcement officers to	1.20
28	assist in executing or serving such injunction;	1.21
29	providing for sending copies of such	
30	injunctions to certain law enforcement	
31	agencies; amending s. 901.15, F.S.; requiring	1.23

1	arrest with or without a warrant in specified	
2	circumstances; giving immunity from civil	1.24
3	liability to certain law enforcement officers;	
4	creating s. 901.155, F.S.; providing duties of	1.25
5	law enforcement officers in domestic violence	
6	investigations; providing an effective date.	1.26
7		
8	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:	l:enc
9		
10	Section 1. Section 415.601, Florida Statutes, is	1.26
11	amended to read:	1.27
12	415.601 Domestic violence Spouse-abuse treatment and	1.28
13	rehabilitation; legislative intentThe Legislature	1.31
14	recognizes that certain persons who assault, batter, or	1.33
15	otherwise abuse their spouses and the persons subject to such	1.34
16	domestic violence abuse are in need of treatment and	1.35
17	rehabilitation. It is the intent of the Legislature to assist	1.37
18	in the development of domestic violence spouse-abuse centers	l:los
19	for the victims of domestic violence spouse-abuse and to	1.41
20	provide a place where the parties involved may be separated	
21	until they can be properly assisted.	1.42
22	Section 2. Section 415.602, Florida Statutes, is	1.43
23	amended to read:	o o
24	415.602 Definitions of-terms-used-in-ss415-601-	1.45
25	415-608As used in <u>ss. 415.601-415.609</u> thts-act:	1.46
26	(1) "Department" means the Department of Health and	1.47
27	Rehabilitative Services.	
28	(2) "District" means the county, or combination of	l:lus
29	counties, as defined in s. 20.19.	1.49
30	(3) "Domestic violence" means any assault, battery, or	l:lus
31	criminal sexual conduct against one's spouse.	1.51

1	(4) "Domestic violence center" means a facility which	1.54
2	provides services to victims of domestic violence.	1.55
3	(5) (2) "Spouse" means a person to whom another person	1.57
4	is married or a person to whom another person has been married	
5	and from whom such other person is now separated or divorced.	1.58
6	(3)"Spouse-abuse"-means-any-assault;-battery;-or	1.62
7	other-physical-abuse-by-a-person-upon-his-spouse-	
8	(4)"Spouse-abuse-center"-means-a-facility-which	1:105
9	provides-services-to-victims-of-spouse-abuse-and-which-has	1.66
10	been-certified-by-the-department-to-receive-state-funds-	1.67
11	(5)"Victim"-means-any-individual-suffering-assault;	1.69
12	battery,-or-other-physical-abuse-inflicted-by-his-spouse-or	
13	former-spouse:	1.70
14	Section 3. Section 415.603, Florida Statutes, is	1.71
15	amended to read:	
16	415.603 Duties and functions of the department with	1.72
17	respect to domestic violence spouse-abuse	1.74
18	(1) It shall be the duty of the department:	1.74
19	(a) To establish health, safety, and minimum program	1.75
20	requirement standards for certifying domestic violence spouse	l:lus
21	abuse centers to-receive-state-funds.	1.79
22	(b) To receive and approve or reject applications for	1.80
23	state funding of domestic violence apouse-abuse centers.	1:105
24	(c) To receive and approve or reject applications for	1.83
25	certification of domestic violence centers each-application	1.84
26	within-60-days-of-receipt-of-the-application.	2.1
27	(d)To-d:str:bute-funds-to-a-cert:f:ed-center-w:th:n	1:105
28	45-days-after-approval.	2.3
29	(d) (e) To evaluate annually each certified domestic	2.5
30	violence spouse-abuse center for compliance with the minimum	2.6
31	standards. The department shall have the right to enter and	2.8

1	inspect the premises of <u>certified domestic violence</u> spouse	2.9
2	abuse centers at any reasonable hour in order to effectively	2.11
3	evaluate the state of compliance of such centers with the	
4	provisions of ss. 415.601-415.609 this-section and rules in	l:lus
5	force pursuant thereto.	2.13
6	(2) The department shall prescribe by rule the	2.14
7	procedures by which subsection (1) shall be implemented.	2.15
8	Without using designated district allocated center funds, the	2.16
9	department may:	2.17
10	(a) Formulate and conduct a research and evaluation	2.18
11	program on domestic violence spouse-abuse and cooperate with	l:lus
12	and assist and participate in programs of other properly	2.21
13	qualified agencies, including any agency of the Federal	Ä
14	Government, schools of medicine, hospitals, and clinics, in	2.23
15	planning and conducting research on the prevention, care,	
16	treatment, and rehabilitation of persons engaged in or subject	2.25
17	to <u>domestic violence</u> spouse-abuse.	2.26
18	(b) Serve as a clearinghouse for information relating	2.27
19	to <u>domestic violence</u> spouse-abuse.	l:los
20	(c) Carry on educational programs on domestic violence	2.30
21	spouse-abuse for the benefit of the general public, persons	2.32
22	engaged in or subject to domestic violence spouse-abuse,	2.33
23	professional persons, or others who care for or may be engaged	2.35
24	in the care and treatment of persons engaged in or subject to	2.36
25	domestic violence spouse-abuse.	
26	(d) Enlist the assistance of public and voluntary	2.37
27	health, education, welfare, and rehabilitation agencies in a	2.38
28	concerted effort to prevent domestic violence spouse-abuse and	2.39
29	to treat persons engaged in or subject to domestic violence	2.41
30	spouse-abuse.	
31		

1	Section 4. Section 415.604, Florida Statutes, is	2.42
2	created to read:	
3	415.604 Report to the Legislature On or before	l:lus
4	January 1 of each year, the Department of Health and	2.44
5	Rehabilitative Services shall furnish to the President of the	
6	Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a	2.45
7	report on the status of domestic violence in Florida, which	2.46
8	shall include, but not be limited to, the following:	
9	(1) Incidence of domestic violence in this state.	l:lus
10	(2) Identification of the areas of the state where	l:lus
11	domestic violence is of significant proportions, indicating	2.49
12	the number of cases officially reported, as well as an	
13	assessment of the degree of unreported cases of domestic	2.50
14	violence.	
15	(3) Identification and description of the types of	l:lus
16	programs in the state that assist victims of domestic violence	2.52
17	or persons committing domestic violence, including information	2.53
18	on funding for the programs.	
19	(4) The number of persons treated by or assisted by	l:lus
20	local domestic violence programs receiving funding through the	2.55
21	department.	
22	(5) A statement on the effectiveness of such programs	l:lus
23	in preventing future domestic violence.	2.57
24	(6) An inventory and evaluation of existing prevention	1:lus
25	programs.	
26	(7) A listing of potential prevention efforts	l:lus
27	identified by the department; the estimated annual cost of	2,60
28	providing such prevention services, both for a single client	
29	and for the anticipated target population as a whole;	2.61
30	identification of potential funding sources; and the projected	
31	benefits of providing such services.	2.62

1	Section 5. Section 415.605, Florida Statutes, is	2.63
2	amended to read:	
3	415.605 <u>Domestic violence</u> Spouse-abuse centers	2.65
4	(1) In order to be certified and-funded under ss.	2.67
5	415.601-415.609 this-act, each domestic violence center shall:	1:lus
6	(a) Provide a facility which will serve as a center to	2.70
7	receive and house persons who are victims of domestic violence	2.71
8	spouse-abuse-vietims. For the purpose of ss. 415.601-415.609	2.73
9	this-act, minor children and other dependents of a victim,	2.75
10	when such dependents are partly or wholly dependent on the	2.76
11	victim for support or services, may be sheltered with the	
12	victim in a domestic violence spouse-abuse center.	2.78
13	(b) Receive the <u>annual</u> pertodic written endorsement of	2.79
14	local law enforcement agencies.; -and	2.80
15	(c)Receive-25-percent-of-its-funding-from-one-or-more	2.81
16	tocat;-municipat;-or-county-sources;-public-or-private;	
17	Contributions-in-kind;-whether-materials;-commodities;	2.82
18	transportation;-office-space;-other-types-of-facilities;-or	2.83
19	personal-services,-may-be-evaluated-and-counted-as-part-of-the	3.1
20	required-local-funding.	
21	(c)(d) Provide minimum services which shall include,	3.3
22	but not be limited to, information and referral services,	
23	counseling services, temporary emergency shelter for more than	3.5
24	24 hours, and educational services for community awareness	3.6
25	relative to the incidence of domestic violence spouse-abuse,	l:los
26	the prevention of such violence abuse, and the care,	3.9
27	treatment, and rehabilitation for persons engaged in or	3.11
28	subject to domestic violence spouse-abuse.	
29	(d) (e) Participate in the provision of orientation and	l:lus
30	training programs developed for law enforcement officers,	3.14
31	social workers, and other professionals and paraprofessionals	

1	who work with domestic violence spouse-abuse victims to better	l:lus
2	enable such persons to deal effectively with incidents of	3.17
3	domestic_violence spouse-abuse.	
4	(e) Establish and maintain a board of directors	l:lus
5	composed of at least three citizens, one of whom shall be a	3.19
6	member of a local, municipal, or county law enforcement	
7	agency.	3.20
8	(f) Comply with rules adopted pursuant to ss. 415.601-	1:lus
9	<u>415.609.</u>	
10	(2) If the department finds that there is failure by a	3.22
11	center to comply with the requirements established under ss.	3.23
12	415.601-415.609 or with rules adopted pursuant thereto, the	3.24
13	department may deny, suspend, or revoke the certification of	
14	the center. Spouse-abuse-centers-may-be-established	l:los
15	throughout-the-state-as-private,-local,-state,-or-federal	3.28
16	funds-are-avatlableAny-local-agency-or-organization-may	3.30
17	apply-to-participate-in-certification-and-state-funding.	3.31
18	(3) The annual certificate shall automatically expire	l:lus
19	on the termination date shown on the certificate.	3.34
20	(4)(3) The domestic violence spouse-abuse centers	l:lus
21	shall establish procedures pursuant to which persons subject	3.38
22	to domestic violence spouse-abuse may seek services from these	3.40
23	centers on a voluntary basis.	
24	(4)Each-spouse-abuse-center-shall-have-a-board	l:los
25	composed-of-at-least-three-citizens,-one-of-whom-shall-be-a	3.43
26	member-of-a-local,-muntctpal,-or-county-law-enforcement	3.44
27	agenc y -	
28	(5) Domestic violence centers may be established	l:lus
29	throughout the state as private, local, state, or federal	3.46
30	funds are available.	
31	(6) In order to receive state funds, a center shall.	1.122

1	(a) Obtain certification pursuant to ss. 415.601-	l:lus
2	415.609. However, the issuance of a certificate shall not	3.49
3	obligate the department to provide funding.	3.50
4	(b) Receive at least 25 percent of its funding from	l:lus
5	one or more local, municipal, or county sources, public or	3.53
6	private. Contributions in kind, whether materials,	3.54
7	commodities, transportation, office space, other types of	
8	facilities, or personal services, may be evaluated and counted	3.55
9	as part of the required local funding.	3.56
10	(7)(5)(a) All fees collected and appropriated to the	1:lus
11	domestic violence program under-s741-01(2)-for-spouse-abuse	3.59
12	centers shall be distributed annually by the department to	3.60
13	each district according to an allocation formula determined by	3.61
14	the department. In developing the formula, the department	3.62
15	shall consider population, a rural and geographical area	
16	factor; and the incidence of domestic violence. certified	l:los
17	centerThe-department-shall-allocate-a-uniform-base-amount	3.65
18	to-each-certified-center:The-remainder-of-the-appropriated	3.66
19	funds-shall-be-distributed-in-the-same-proportion-as-the	S
20	number-of-marriage-licenses-sold-in-the-center's-catchment	3.67
21	area-bears-to-the-total-number-of-marriage-licenses-sold	3.68
22	statewideThe-number-of-marriage-licenses-shall-be-that	3.69
23	number-sold-in-each-center's-catchment-area-for-the-most	3.70
24	recent-year-for-which-such-figures-are-available.	
25	(b) A contract between a district and a certified	3.71
26	domestic violence center shall contain provisions assuring the	3.72
27	availability and geographic accessibility of services	
28	throughout the district. For this purpose, centers may	3.74
29	distribute funds through subcontracts or to center satellites.	
30	provided that such arrangements and any subcontracts are	3.75
31	approved by the district. For-the-purposes-of-this-section,-a	3.77

1	"catchment-area"-means-that-portron-of-a-county,-the-county,	
2	the-counties,-or-the-district-served-by-a-certified-spouse	3.78
3	abuse-center-as-specified-in-its-application-to-be-certified	3.79
4	and-approved-by-the-department.	
5	(8) The department shall prescribe by rule the	l:lu
6	procedures by which subsection (7) shall be implemented and	3.81
7	may adopt such other rules as are necessary for the proper	
8	administration of ss. 415.601, 415.602, 415.603, 415.604,	3.82
9	415.605, 415.608, and 415.609.	
10	Section 6. Section 415.606, Florida Statutes, is	3.83
11	amended to read:	3.84
12	(Substantial rewording of section. See	4.1
13	s. 415.606, F.S., for present text.)	l:lus
14	415.606 Referral to centers and notice of rightsAny	4.2
15	law enforcement officer who investigates an alleged incident	4.3
16	of domestic violence shall advise the victim of such violence	
17	that there is a domestic violence center from which he or she	4.4
18	may receive services. The law enforcement officer shall give	4.5
19	the victim immediate notice of the legal rights and remedies	
20	available in accordance with the provisions of s. 901.115.	4.6
21	Section 7. Section 415.608, Florida Statutes, is	4.7
22	amended to read:	
23	415.608 Confidentiality of information received by	4.8
24	department or domestic violence spouse-abuse centers	4.10
25	Information received by the department or by authorized	4.11
26	persons employed by or volunteering services to a domestic	4.13
27	violence center, through files, reports, inspection, or	
28	otherwise, shall be deemed confidential information and shall	4.17
29	not be disclosed publicly in such a manner as to identify	4.18
30	individuals or facilities. This information is exempt from	4.19
31	the provisions of s. 119.07.	

1	Section 8. Section 415.609, Florida Statutes, is	4.20
2	created to read:	
3	415.609 Training	l:lus
4	(1) The Department of Law Enforcement shall provide a	4.24
5	copy of ss. 415.606 and 901.115 to every law enforcement	
6	agency in this state on or before January 1, 1985.	4.25
7	(2) The Criminal Justice Standards and Training	l:lus
8	Commission shall establish standards for instruction of law	4.28
9	enforcement officers in the subject matter of domestic	
10	violence. Every basic skills course required in order to	4.29
11	obtain install certification for law enforcement officers	4.30
12	shall, after January 1, 1986, include training of a minimum of	
13	6 hours in handling domestic violence cases.	4.32
14	(3) The Florida Court Education Council shall	l:lus
15	establish standards for instruction of circuit court judges	4.34
16	who have responsibility for domestic violence cases and shall	
17	provide such instruction on a periodic and timely basis.	4.35
18	Section 9. Subsection (2) of section 741.01, Florida	4.35
19	Statutes, is amended to read:	
20	741.01 County court judge or clerk of the circuit	4.37
21	court to issue marriage license; fee	4.38
22	(2) The fee charged for each marriage license issued	4.39
23	in the state shall be increased by the sum of \$10. This fee	4.41
24	shall be collected upon receipt of the application for the	
25	issuance of a marriage license. The Executive Office of the	4.42
26	Governor shall establish a trust fund for the purpose of	4.43
27	collecting and disbursing funds generated from the increase in	4.44
28	marriage license fees. Such funds generated shall be directed	4.45
29	to the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services for	
30	the specific purpose of funding domestic violence spouse-abuse	4.47
31	centers, and the funds shall be appropriated in a "grants-in-	4.48

1	aid" category to the Department of Health and Rehabilitative	4.50
2	Services for the purpose of funding domestic violence spouse	1:los
3	abuse centers.	4.53
4	Section 10. Section 741.30, Florida Statutes, is	4.54
5	amended to read:	
6	(Substantial rewording of section. See	4.57
7	s. 741.30, F.S., for present text.)	l:lus
8	741.30 Petition for injuction for protection	4.58
9	(1) As used in this section:	4.58
10	(a) "Domestic violence" means any assault, battery, or	4.59
11	criminal sexual conduct against one's spouse.	4.60
12	(b) "Spouse" means a person to whom another person is	4.60
13	married or a person to whom another person has been married	4.61
14	and from whom such person is now separated or divorced.	4.62
15	(2) There is hereby created a cause of action for an	4.62
16	injunction for protection in cases of domestic violence.	4.64
17	(a) Any person, on behalf of himself or herself, who	4.65
18	is the victim of any act of domestic violence shall have	4.66
19	standing in the circuit court to file a sworn petition for a	
20	domestic violence injunction for protection.	4.67
21	(b) The sworn petition shall allege the existence of	4.68
22	domestic violence and shall include the specific facts and	4.69
23	circumstances upon which relief is sought.	
24	(c) The cause of action may be sought whether or not	4.70
25	there is currently pending any other petition, complaint, or	4.71
26	cause of action between the parties.	
27	(d) The clerk of the court shall provide a copy of	4.72
28	this section, simplified forms, and clerical assistance for	4.73
29	the preparation and filing of a petition by any victim not	
30	represented by counsel.	4.74
31		

1	(e) In the event the victim shall not have sufficient	4.75
2	funds with which to pay filing fees to the clerk of the court	4.76
3	or service fees to the sheriff and signs an affidavit so	
4	stating, said fees shall be waived by the clerk of the court	4.77
5	or the sheriff to the extent necessary to process the petition	4.78
6	and serve the injunction for protection, subject to an order	
7	of the court relative to the payment of said fees.	4.80
8	(f) No bond shall be required by the court for the	4.81
9	entry of an injunction for protection.	
10	(g) A person's right to petition for an injunction for	4.82
11	protection shall not be affected by his or her leaving a	4.83
12	residence or household to avoid domestic violence.	
13	(3) The sworn petition shall be in substantially the	4.84
14	following form:	
15	PETITION FOR	5.1
16	INJUNCTION FOR PROTECTION	5.2
17		
18	Before me, the undersigned authority, personally appeared	5.2
19	Petitioner(Name), who was sworn and says that the	5.3
20	following statement is true.	
21	(a) Petitioner resides at:(address)	5.4
22	(b) Respondent resides at:(address)	5.5
23	(c) Respondent is a family or household member because	5.5
24		5.6
25	(d) Petitioner has suffered domestic violence because	5.6
26	respondent has:	5.7
27	(e) Petitioner genuinely fears domestic violence by	5.8
28	respondent.	
29	(f) Petitioner seeks: (Mark appropriate section or	5.10
30	sections.)	5.11
31		

1	An injunction restraining any party from committing	1:LN
2	acts of domestic violence.	5.12
3	An injunction excluding the respondent from the	l:LN
4	dwelling which the parties share or from the residence of the	5.14
5	petitioner.	
6	An injunction on the same basis as is provided in	5.16
7	chapter 61, awarding temporary custody or establishing	
8	temporary visitation with regard to minor children of the	5.17
9	parties.	f
10	An injunction provided as in chapter 61	5.19
11	establishing temporary support for minor children or a spouse.	5.20
12	An injunction directing the respondent to	l:LN
13	participate in assessment and treatment.	5.21
14	An injunction providing any terms the court deems	1:LN
15	necessary for the protection of a victim of domestic violence,	5.25
16	including injunctions or directives to the law enforcement	5.26
17	agencies.	5.27
18	(4)(a) Upon the filing of the petition, the court	5.28
19	shall set a hearing which shall be held at the earliest	5.29
20	possible time and shall take precedence over all matters	
21	except older matters of the same character. Personal service	5.32
22	of the petition and notice of hearing shall be made upon the	
23	respondent prior to the hearing.	5.33
24	(b) When it appears to the court that an immediate and	5.34
25	present danger of domestic violence exists, the court may	5.35
26	grant an ex parte temporary injunction, pending a full	
27	hearing, and may grant relief as the court deems proper,	5.36
28	including an injunction:	
29	1. Restraining any party from committing acts of	5.37
30	domestic violence.	
31		

1	Excluding any party from the dwelling that the	5.38
2	parties share or from the residence of the other party except	
3	by further order of the court.	5.39
4	3. Granting temporary custody of a minor child of the	5.39
5	party seeking the ex parte temporary injunction, to that	5.40
6	party.	
7	(c) In an ex parte hearing for the purpose of	5.41
8	obtaining an ex parte temporary injunction, the court may take	5.42
9	oral testimony to support the application for the ex parte	
10	temporary injunction. A record shall be made of all oral	5.43
11	testimony and the record shall be made available to any party	
12	upon request.	5.44
13	(d) Any ex parte temporary injunction shall be	5.45
14	effective for a fixed period not to exceed 10 days. A full	5.47
15	hearing, as provided by this section, shall be set no later	8
16	than the day when the temporary injunction shall cease to be	5.48
17	effective.	e.
18	(5) The sheriff shall serve the injunction for	5,49
19	protection upon the person complained against within 24 hours	5.50
20	after its issuance.	
21	(6) The clerk of the court shall provide the	5.51
22	petitioner with a certified copy of any injunction for	5.53
23	protection entered by the court.	
24	(7) The issuance of an injunction for protection shall	5.55
25	not require that the party alleging domestic violence be	5.56
26	represented by an attorney, nor shall such injunction be	5.58
27	conditioned upon any dissolution of marriage proceedings or	5.60
28	other complaint, petition, or legal action between the	
29	petitioner and the respondent.	5.61
30	(8) Nothing in this section shall affect the title to	5.62
31	real estate.	

1	(9)(a) Upon notice and hearing, the court, in the	5.63
2	injunction for protection, may provide for one or more types	5.66
3	of injunctive relief, conditions of bond, or other relief as	
4	follows:	
5	1. The restraint of any party from committing acts of	5.67
6	domestic violence.	5.68
7	2. The exclusion of the respondent from the dwelling	5.69
8	which the parties share or from the residence of the	5.71
9	petitioner.	
10	3. On the same basis as is provided in chapter 61, the	5.72
11	awarding of temporary custody or establishment of temporary	5.74
12	visitation with regard to minor children of the parties.	
13	4. On the same basis as is provided in chapter 61, the	5.75
14	establishment of temporary support for minor children or a	5.77
15	spouse.	
16	5. The requirement that the respondent participate in	5.78
17	treatment or counseling services.	5.79
18	6. Other relief as it deems necessary for the	5.79
19	protection of a victim of domestic violence, including	5.80
20	injunctions or directives to the law enforcement agencies, as	
21	provided in this section.	5.82
22	(b) Any relief granted by the injunction for	5.83
23	protection shall be for a fixed period not to exceed 1 year,	5.84
24	unless upon petition of the victim the court shall extend the	
25	injunction for successive fixed periods not to exceed 1 year.	6.1
26	Such relief may be granted in addition to other civil or	6.2
27	criminal remedies.	
28	(c) The court shall enforce compliance by the	6.3
29	respondent to the injunction for protection through contempt	6.4
30	proceedings which may include the imposition of a fine. Any	6.5
31		

1	such fine shall be collected and disbursed to the trust fund	
2	established in s. 741.01.	
3	(d) In the event the respondent is arrested by a peace	6.6
4	officer under authority of s. 901.15(1)(f), he shall be held	6.7
5	in custody and brought before the court as expeditiously as	6.8
6	possible for the purpose of enforcing the injunction for	6.9
7	protection.	
8	(10) When an injunction for protection is issued, if	6.10
9	the petitioner requests the assistance of a law enforcement	6.12
10	agency, the court shall order that an officer from the	
11	appropriate law enforcement agency accompany the petitioner	6.13
12	and assist in placing the petitioner in possession of the	6.14
13	dwelling or residence, or otherwise assist in execution or	ů.
14	service of the injunction for protection.	6.15
15	(11) An injunction for protection shall be forwarded	6.18
16	by the clerk of court within 24 hours to the local law	
17	enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the residence of the	6.19
18	applicant. Each appropriate law enforcement agency shall make	6.20
19	available to other law enforcement officers, through a system	6.21
20	for verification, information as to the existence and status	
21	of any such injunction for protection.	6.24
22	Section 11. Section 901.15, Florida Statutes, is	6.25
23	amended to read:	
24	901.15 When arrest by officer without warrant is	6.26
25	lawful	
26	(1) A law enforcement officer may arrest a person	6.29
27	without a warrant when:	
28	(a)(1) The person has committed a felony or	6.31
29	misdemeanor or violated a municipal or county ordinance in the	
30	presence of the officer. Arrest for the commission of a	6.32
31		

1	misdemeanor or violation of a municipal or county ordinance	6.33
2	shall be made immediately or in fresh pursuit.	6.35
3	(b) (2) A felony has been committed and he reasonably	6.36
4	believes that the person committed it.	6.37
5	(c) (3) He reasonably believes that a felony has been	6.38
6	or is being committed and reasonably believes that the person	6.39
7	to be arrested has committed or is committing it.	6.40
8	(d)(4) A warrant for the arrest has been issued and is	6.41
9	held by another peace officer for execution.	6.42
10	(e)(5) A violation of chapter 316 has been committed	6.44
11	in the presence of the officer. Such arrest may be made	6.46
12	immediately or on fresh pursuit.	6.47
13	(f) The officer has probable cause to believe that the	l:lus
14	person has knowingly violated or refused to comply with a	6.49
15	domestic violence injunction for protection entered pursuant	
16	to s. 741.30.	6.50
17	(2) (6) (a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a	6.52
18	law enforcement officer shall arrest a person anywhere,	
19	including at his place of residence, whether or not the	6.53
20	officer has a warrant, if the officer has probable cause to	6.54
21	believe that the person has committed an assault, battery, or	6.55
22	criminal sexual conduct as an act of domestic violence as	6.56
23	defined in 5. 741.30(1)(a), although the assault, battery, or	
24	criminal sexual conduct did not take place in the presence of	6.58
25	a-battery-upon-the-person's-spouse-and the officer.÷	6.61
26	(a)Finds-evidence-of-bodily-harm;-or	6.62
27	(b)The-officer-reasonably-believes-that-there-is	6.63
28	danger-of-vtolence-unless-the-person-alleged-to-have-committed	
29	the-battery-is-arrested-without-delay.	6.64
30	(b) A law enforcement officer who acts in good faith	l:lus
31	and exercises due care in making an arrest pursuant to	6.66

1	paragraph (a) shall be immune from civil liability that	
2	otherwise might result by reason of his action.	6.67
3	Section 12. Section 901.155, Florida Statutes, is	6.68
4	created to read:	6.69
5	901.155 Investigations of domestic violence; duties of	1:1u
6	officers	6.70
7	(1) Any law enforcement officer who investigates an	6.72
8	alleged incident of domestic violence shall advise the victim	6.73
9	of such violence that there is a domestic violence center from	8
10	which he or she may receive services. The law enforcement	6.75
11	officer shall give the victim immediate notice of the legal	
12	rights and remedies available on a standard form developed and	6.76
13	distributed by the Florida Department of Law Enforcement. The	6.78
14	notice shall include:	
15	(a) The resource listing, including telephone number,	l:lus
16	for the area domestic violence center designated by the	6.79
17	Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services;	6.80
18	(b) A copy of the following statement: "IF YOU ARE	l:lus
19	THE VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, you may ask the state	6.81
20	attorney to file a criminal complaint. You also have the	6.82
21	right to go to court and file a petition requesting an	U.
22	injunction for protection from domestic violence which may	6.83
23	include, but need not be limited to, provisions which restrain	6.84
24	the abuser form further acts of abuse; direct the abuser to	
25	leave your household; prevent the abuser from entering your	7.1
26	residence, school, business, or place of employment; award you	
27	custody of your minor child or children; and direct the abuser	7.2
28	to pay support to you and the minor children if the abuser has	7.3
29	a legal obligation to do so"; and	
30	(c) A copy of s. 741.30.	7.4
31		

1	(2) When a law enforcement officer investigates an] 1:1u
2	allegation that an incident of domestic violence has occurred,	7.6
3	whether or not an arrest is made, the officer shall make a	
4	written police report of the alleged incident. The officer	7.8
5	shall submit the report to his supervisor or other person to	
6	whom the employer's rules or policies require reports of	7.9
7	similar allegations of criminal activity to be made.	
8	Section 13. This act shall take effect October 1,	7.10
9	1984.	
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